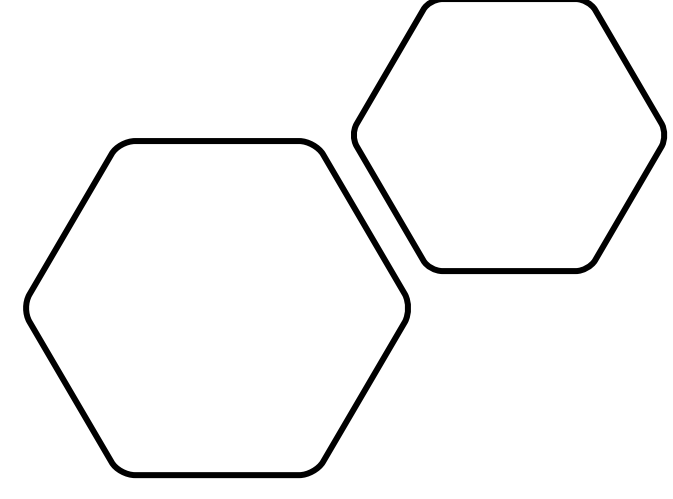




SAFALTA CLASSTM

An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**



NOUN-2

By: Santosh Sir



- 12. He paid the caretaker for his board and lodging.
- A) Room
- B) furniture
- C) boarding
- ☒ D) No improvement

postpone
adjourn
delay
procrastinate

SOME NOUNS ARE ALWAYS PLURAL.

Scissors, tongs (चिमटा), pliers (प्लास),
pincers (सड़सी), bellows (फूँकनी), trousers,
pants, pajamas, shorts, gallows (फाँसी का
फन्दा), fangs (डंक), spectacles, goggles,
binoculars (दूरबीन), eyeglasses, intestines
(आँत), alms (दान), amends (संशोधन), archives
(ऐतिहासिक दस्तावेज), arrears, auspices (मदद),
congratulations, regards, embers (राख-red
piece of wood/coal), fireworks, lodgings
(किराये का कमरा), outskirts, particulars,

proceeds (बिक्री से प्राप्त आय), riches (सम्पत्ति),
remains (अवशेष), savings (बचत), shambles
(अव्यवस्था की स्थिति), surroundings, tidings
(समाचार), troops, tactics, thanks, valuables,
belongings (सम्पत्ति), cattle (मवेशी/पशु),
cavalry (घुड़सवार सेना), infantry (पैदल सेना),
poultry (मुर्गी पालन), peasantry (किसानों का समूह),
children, gentry (लोग), police, people,

Riches have wings
lodge - (1) टहने की जगह
lodge (2) - टहना

3

1. Intestines $\begin{cases} \text{large intestine} \\ \text{small intestine} \end{cases}$

2. Police $\begin{cases} \text{1 policeman} \\ \text{2 policemen} \end{cases}$

3. Wage — मजदूरी / price charge of labour

4. Wages \rightarrow (Plu) मजदूरी $\textcircled{2}$ $\frac{\text{wages} - \text{Result}}{(\text{sing})}$ परिणाम

1. The proceeds ~~were~~✓/was~~✓~~ deposited in the bank.

2. Wages of sin ~~is~~✓/are~~✓~~ death.

3. Wages ~~were~~✓/was~~✓~~ paid to the workers.

4. Our infantry ~~has~~✓/have~~✓~~ marched forward.

*** SOME NOUNS LOOK PLURAL BUT THEY ARE SINGULAR IN NATURE.**

News, Innings (पारी), Summons (कोर्ट का आदेश), Mumps (गले का रोग), Measles (खसरा), Rickets (हड्डी का रोग), Shingles (नसों में सूजन), Billiards, Athletics etc.

*** *Names of subject* – Physics, Economics, Mathematics, etc.**

Names of topics/books/titles etc.

infant - शिशु
infancy - शिशुत्व

Summon — (V) है Noun नहीं है (→ बुलाना, call, कोर्ट का बुलाना)

Summons — sing. (N) — (कोर्ट का आदेश)

Summonses → plu. (N) (— — —)

1. The court has issued two summons/summonses/summon.

2. The court has issued a summons/summonses/summon.

3. The court has summoned/called him.

4. He summoned /called the family doctor.

(i) No news is good news. ✓

(ii) Politics is my favourite subject. ✓

(iii) Economics is an interesting subject. ✓

- **NOTE:** यदि (mathematics = calculations, statistics = data, politics = political ideas) हो, तो इन्हें plural माना जाता है।
- (iv) My politics are not very good. ✓
- (v) The mathematics of this boy are excellent. ✓
- * इस अर्थ में इन्हें पढ़ें The possessive (my/our/you etc.) आता है।

(iv) The politics of Rahul [✗]is/[✓]are not as good as Modi's.

(v) His mathematics [✗]is/[✓]are praiseworthy.

3. SOME NOUNS ARE ALWAYS SINGULAR (UNCOUNTABLE) a/an s/es

Scenery, Poetry (कविताओं का संकलन), Furniture, Advice, Information, Hair, Business, Mischief (शरारत), Bread, Stationery, Crockery, Luggage (यात्रा का सामान), Baggage (घर का सामान), Postage, Knowledge, Wastage, Jewellery, Equipment, Work (Works का अर्थ है साहित्य लेख/रचनाएँ), Evidence, Word (जब word का अर्थ वादा/संदेश हो), Fuel, Cost etc.

Examples -

- (i) The scenery of Kashmir is very charming.
- (ii) I have no information about her residence.

* units / pieces /
kinds / articles /
items लगातार
इसका singular
का Plural sense
करा सकते हैं।

(iii) He gave me three informations.

kinds of information

items of furniture

(iv) Many furnitures are available in that shop.

(v) He ate two breads.

slices of bread

a two slice of breads

b - two slices of breads

c - two slice of bread

d - No imp.

•

•

1. ~~Cattles~~ ^{cattle ✓} are a)/ not allowed b)/ to enter this ground. c)/ No
a) Error d)

2. The ~~sceneries~~ ^{scenery ✓} a)/ of Kashmir is b)/ very charming. c)/ No
a) error d)

Previous Years' Questions..

1. He learnt (A) the alphabets (B) at the age of four. (C) No error (D) .
alphabet
2. She always fed (A) her childrens (B) before she fed her dog. (C) No error (D)
children
3. I saw (A) two deers (B) in the woods. (C) No error (D)
deer

•

4. When I was passing through the forest (A) I happened to see (B) a number of deers. (C) No error (D)

deer ✓

Spot the error

5. You shall get(A) all the ~~informations~~ ^{information} (B) if you read this book carefully. (C) No error (D)

6. The paintings of (A) natural ~~sceneries~~ ^{scenery} are selling (B) like hot cakes. (C) No error (D)

7. The book, being written (A) in simple language is suitable for children (B) as it contains many good advices. (C) No error (D)

✓ many pieces of good advice

APPOSTROPHE 'S

'S { of — Ram's book is on the table
is — Ram's going.
has — Ram's done it.

of → living / Non living → This is the leg of a chair.
→ This is the shirt of Ram.
'S → living & ~~non~~ — This is Ram's shirt ✓

, → when last letter is 's' → This is a boys hostel

Appostrophe

boys's boys' ✓

- INCORRECT

- 1. ~~Someone's~~ else
- ~~Ram's~~ and ~~Sita's~~ son
- The + Surname+s
= (whole family)
- The Mishra's

- CORRECT

- 1. Someone else's
- 2. Ram and Sita's son
- 1. The Mishras

Correct these sentences.

1. This is Sohan and Rahul's building. ✓

2. This is not my pen I think it is someone else's. ✓

3. The PM is on three ~~days~~' world tour. ✓

4. The ~~Verma~~'s have not arrived yet. ✓

•

1. This is Raman's book. ✓

2. It's a boy's hostel. ✓
boys'

3. She stayed in a girls's hostel. ✓
girls'

Rajiv

4. Rahul is Rajiv's and Sonia's son. ✓

5. It is not my shirt it is someone's else. ✓

someone else's ✓

6. This is (A) Johns book (B) on the table. (C) No error (D)

John's

Correct these sentences

1. She has lost three hundred rupees notes.

adjective of नोट

2. I have five two thousand rupees notes.

rupee

3. She gave me one five hundred rupees note.

rupee

rupee + note
rupees

Correct these sentences

4. He ran for a five ~~miles~~ race.
mile

5. She stayed in a five ~~stars~~ hotel.
star

6. It is a five ~~boys~~ group.
boy

7. It was a three ~~members~~ committee.
member

*I have five hundred
sweets. ✓*

*she gave me three
stars. ✓*

•

- b 1. Hari lost (A) a hundred rupees note (B) yesterday. (C) No error (D)
- C 2. I asked the shopkeeper (A) “Do you have change (B) for a five hundred rupees note? (C) No error (D)
3. A five-men ^{man} (A) enquiry committee was appointed (B) to look into the matter. (C) No error (D)

Dozen *s*

Hundred *s*

Thousand *s*

Million *s*

*digit
1, 2, 3...
a -
many*

's' नहीं लगता

+ plural ✓

dozen ✓

He has two dozens cars.

digit
1 2 3
X

Dozen *s*
Hundred *s*
Thousand *s*
Million *s*

's' माला है

+ ७ + १६८ (N)

He has dozen of cars.

dozens

1. Children are prone a)/ to making mischiefs b)/if they have nothing to do. c)/ No error d)
mischief ✓
2. The statistics is a)/ showing that b)/ girls are doing well in education. c)/ No error d)
are
equipment ✓
3. A few tiles on skylab a)/ were the only equipments b)/ that failed to perform well in outer space. c)/ No error d)

4. One must be always a)/ true to one's words b)/ if one wants to get respect from everyone. c)/ No error d)

5. Your scissor a)/ is blunt; b)/ my razor is sharp. c)/ No error d)

6. He gave me a)/ two important informations b)/ I had been waiting for the previous two months. c)/ No error d)

a piece of information

. 1. He gave me an information regarding the pivotal role played by the local media in the employment scam.

✓ A. He gave me an information

B. regarding the pivotal role

C. played by the local media

D. in the employment scam.

E. No error