

get rid of off / from
Article ✓ X X
fixed prep.
Accept

one line concept —



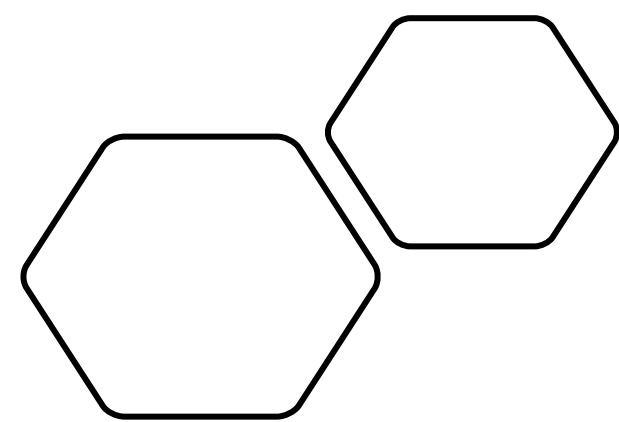
SAFALTA CLASS™

An Initiative by अमरउजाला

You will have command — English.

Command of language on / over / of / in
Fixed

(Accept)



ARTICLE

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Article

Definite

The (एक) विशेष
specific वा sense

Indefinite
A/An - Any कोई

•

I have a pen. ✓

I have ~~a~~ the pen which you gave me yesterday. ✓

Use of Indefinite Articles 'A/An'

- (1) **'A' is used before a word beginning with consonant sound** (क, ख, ग, च, प, य...)
a child, a student, a book, a one-eyed man,
a university student, a European, a unique
book, a uniform, a unit etc.

A + Consonant Sound
क, ख, ग, च, प, य...

An + vowel Sound
अ, आ, इ, ई...

-
- 1. He is a/an university student
- 2. She is a/an european.

After school, college level

✓ I am at college.

✓ I am in college.

* ~~in/on~~ college campus

✓ in college territory

•

(2) 'An' is used before a word beginning with vowel sound (अ, आ, इ, ई, उ, ऊ, ए, ऐ.....)
an elephant, an apple, an umbrella, an hour, an heir, an honest man, an L.L.B. student, an M.P., an M.L.A., an F.I.R., an SDM. etc.

-
1. He is a MA in English.
- an ✓*
अन

~~The~~ cows are useful animals.

Before a singular countable noun which indicates a class of things, animals and persons. (पूरी जाति के लिए)

- ✓ (i) A cow is a useful animal.
- (ii) A beggar cannot be a chooser.
- (iii) A son should be obedient.

= The cow is a useful animal.
= cows are useful animals.

* जहाँ Plu. (X) whole class को बताए न.
* उल्टे पढ़ें The पूरी जाति

Expression of quantity with certain numbers and expression of 'Price/rate, speed, ratio'.

- (i) Rupees ten **a** kilo.
- (ii) Half **a** dozen.

₹10 / per

•
In exclamations with 'what a/an' →

(i) **What** a hot day it is!

(ii) **What** an intelligent girl she is!

बिना

Exclamatory
sentence

•

For unknown person (अज्ञात व्यक्ति के लिए)

(i) **A** Mr. Gupta = Some Mr. Gupta

(ii) **A** Mrs. Sharma = Some Mrs. Sharma

1. **A Mr. Sharma** has come to meet you.

कोई मर. श. . .

Before the verbs used as noun and in some phrases.

- * (i) For a swim/talk/walk/rest/drive/visit, etc.
- * (ii) Have a taste/mind/pain/fever/cough/cold/pity, etc.

He has cold.
He has a cold.

go to swim ✓
for swimming ✓
for a swim ✓

(B). Before the names of—

34 things

- 1. Historical buildings** – The Taj Mahal, The Red Fort, The Buckingham Palace etc.
- 2. Mountain ranges पर्वत श्रृंखला** – The Himalayas, The Aravalis, ~~The Western Ghats~~ etc.
- 3. Planets** – The Mars, The Jupiter, The Earth etc.
- 4. Rivers** – The Ganga, The Yamuna, The Nile etc.
- 5. Oceans** – The Indian Ocean, The Pacific Ocean, etc.
- 6. Gulfs** – The Gulf of Persia, The Gulf of Mexico etc.
- 7. Groups of Islands** – The Lakshadweep, The Andaman and Nicobar Islands, The West Indies etc.

জাতি

Acceptance

8. **Holy books-** The Ramayana, The Bhagwad Gita, The Quran Sharif, The Bible etc.

9. **Ordinals-** The First, The Second, The Third, etc.

10. **Countries' names containing UNITED/ REPUBLIC-** The USA, The UK, The UAE, etc.

11. **State-** The Punjab

12. **Newspapers-** The Hindu, The Times of India, The Hindustan Times, etc.

13. **Magazines-** The Times, The Frontline, The Forbes, The Reader's Digest etc.

14. **Deserts-** The Sahara, The Thar, The Gobi etc.

I live in the USA RSA.

- 15. Superlative degree-** The Best, The Greatest, etc.
- 16. Trains-** The Rajdhani Express, The Palace on Wheels etc.
- 17. Hotels-** The Taj Hotel, The Continental Hotel, The Hayaat Hotel etc.
- 18. Seas-** The Arabian sea, The Red Sea, etc.
- 19. Canals-** The Suez Canal, The Rajasthan Canal etc.
- 20. Bays-** The Bay of Bengal, The Hudson Bay etc.
- 21. Movements/Wars-** The Red Revolution, The Battle of Panipat, The Revolt of 1857 etc.

22. Aeroplanes- The Sukhoi, The Jet Airways etc.

23. Political Parties- The BJP, The Congress, The AAP, The JDU, etc.

24. Inventions- The Telescope, The Telephone, The Radio etc.

25. Religious communities- The Hindus, The Muslims etc.

26. Clubs- The Rotary Club, The Lions Club, etc.

27. Cups & Trophies- The World Cup, The Ranji Trophy, The Singer Cup etc.

28. The organs of government- The Indian Penal code, The Legislature, The Lok Sabha, The Rajya Sabha, The Supreme Court etc.

29. The armed forces- The Navy, The Air Force, The Police, The Army etc.

30. Nationality (plural)- The Greeks, The Indians etc.

31. Dynasties- The Marathas, The Peshwas, etc.

32. Empires- The British Empire etc.

33. Centuries- The Sixth Century, The First Century etc.

34. Musical instruments- The Flute, The Violin, The Guitar, The Tabla etc.

NOTE: *'The' is not used before 'Everest' because it is not a mountain range but peak. (चोटी)*

The A police have
arrested the
thieves.

A/1 police man
5 police men

'Man/Woman/Mankind' used in general sense to represent human race are used without article.

(i) Man is mortal. (used in general sense)

Before an adjective when it represents a class of persons.

[The + Adjective = plural noun (वैसे लोग)]

(i) **The** rich should help **the** poor.

(ii) **The** old are respected by **the** young.

In Double comparison

(i) **The** higher you go, **the** colder it is.

Before comparative degree with 'of the two'

(i) She is **the** weaker of the two sisters.

(ii) Which is **the** more beautiful of the two sisters?

जानि

The rich =
अमीर लोग

उ. उ. उ.

In certain idiomatic phrases.

- (i) In **the** wrong
- (ii) On **the** contrary
- (iii) In **the** town
- (iv) Benefit of the doubt
- (v) In **the** air
- (vi) Speak **the** truth
- (vii) With **the** naked eye.

(सब सचो दे)

The Omission of Articles

The article 'A/An, The' omitted—

निम्न जगह **article** का प्रयोग नहीं होता।

(1). Before proper noun.

- (i) Shakespeare was the greatest dramatist of all times.
- (ii) Delhi is the capital of India.

Note: (a) When article is used before proper nouns, they become common nouns.

- (b) **'The'** before a proper noun is used for the sake of comparison.

eg. (i) This man is a Shylock. (a greedy person)
(ii) Samudragupta was the Napoleon of his age.

व्यक्ति के नाम
sense कि या
तो
A / the नाम के

Before name of language.

- (i) Chinese is a difficult language.
- (ii) He knows Sanskrit.

But

The + language = Speaker of the language

e.g. (i) The English defeated the French.

The Hindi
= Indians

↓
अंग्रेजों
Britishers

↓
~~फ्रांसिसियों~~

~~word to word~~
for
by



In certain phrases.

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| a) To lose heart. | (b) Last but not least. |
| c) At last. | (d) To catch fire. |
| (e) To give ear. | (f) To send word. * |
| g) By day. | (h) In hand. |
| (i) At sunrise. | (j) By name. |
| k) <u>At home.</u> | |

Phrase

little = NO
a little = some
= अल्लि + ने

-
- 1. One of my friends lives in the U.S.A.
- 2. The Lok Sabha passed a bill yesterday.
- 3. You are a good publisher; I have X little doubt regarding your success.

•
4. The Prince of Wales found himself in a dilemma.

5. What an innings it has been!

6. The industrious are rewarded.

7. They have joined a three-year course.

First one
Adj



•

8. Nirala is considered to be an ideal student.

9. He is an heir to a vast property.

10. My father is a lover of the Ramayana.

11. X wisdom is a great virtue.

•

12. The Hindustan Times gives the latest news.

13. The man you saw here yesterday is an uncle of mine.

14. Delhi is the Paris of India.

•

1. Mr. Thakur lived a)/ in ^athe three-hundred year b)/ old house in Patna. c)/No error d)

2. The English a)/ defeated ^{the}b)/ French in the Battle of Waterloo. c)/ No error d)

- 3. My elder sister came home a)/ after the sunset b)/ and had gone before sunrise.
c)/ No error d)

- 4. In the meeting a)/ Mr. Yadav was b)/ selected the chairman yesterday. c)/ No error d)

- 5. The wheat of America a)/ is exported b)/ to many countries. c)/ no error d)
 6. "The love is life" a)/ I always agree b)/ over this truth. c)/ no error d)
 7. I like to play all a)/ games but b)/ the cricket. c)/ no error d)