

SAFALTA CLASSTM

An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

CURRENT AFFAIRS

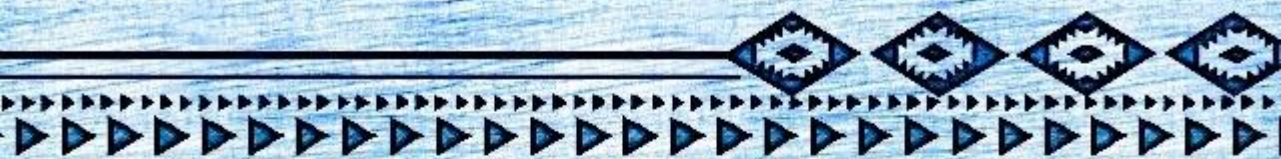
**21st & 22nd
SEPTEMBER**

Date - 22nd September 2020

Time - 8:30 am to 9:15 am

By Sujeet sir





The things you do either
give you energy or drain
you. Choose wisely...

Question No: 1

QNo - (1)

Division of powers is related to which schedule of constitution?

शक्तियों का विभाजन संविधान की किस अनुसूची से संबंधित है?

A. 4th Schedule = RS

B. 6th Schedule

C. 7th Schedule

D. 10th Schedule

⇒ $\frac{Am}{Tm}$

[$\frac{दल}{- ७९९९}$]

[TEAR OF $\frac{OLD}{2}$]
 $\frac{PM}{2}$
12

Question No: 2

सत्यप्रति

Feluda test belongs to which disease?

फेलुदा टेस्ट किस बीमारी से संबंधित है?

A. T.B.

B. AIDS

C. Dengue

D. Covid-19

Question No: 3

What is the full form of CRISPR ?

CRISPR का पूर्ण रूप क्या है?

✓ A. Clustered Regularly Interspaced Short Palindromic Repeats

B. Clustered Routine Interspaced Short Palindromic Repeats

C. Clustered Regularly Interspaced Short Palindromic Recall

D. None

Cas-9 = enzyme

DNA

(Type of DNA)

3/a

Question No: 4

AI

Deep learning is a kind of learning by.....

डीप लर्निंग एक तरह की सीख है.....

A. Humans

☒ B. Machines

C. Animals

D. None

Question No: 5

HMS Hermes is also known as....

HMS Hermes को इस नाम से भी जाना जाता है.....

~~A. INS Virat~~

B. INS Vikrant

C. INS Vikramaditya

D. INS Airavat

Scrap \Rightarrow (Alang) (Gujarat)

हाल + Admiral - मोरेश्वर

Question No: 6

SAMARTH scheme belongs to which sector?

समर्थ योजना किस क्षेत्र की है?

- A. Petroleum Conservation
- B. Green energy
- ☒ C. Textile
- D. None

शिक्षण
[संरक्षण समर्थ
नदीवन]
Petro.
Consr

Question No: 7

Peace accord among Israel and other Arab countries is also known as.....

इसराइल और अन्य अरब देशों के बीच शांति समझौते के रूप में भी जाना जाता है.....

A. Lincoln accord

☒ B. Abraham accord

C. David accord

D. Prohphet accord

Question No: 8

Synagogue worship place belongs to which religion?

Synagogue किस धर्म के पूजा स्थल है ?

A. Bahai

B. Parsi

C. Ahmadiya

☒ D. Jews

(इस्लाम)

(यहूदी)

five temple

Lot temple

Question No: 9

Which department has issued notification regarding the amendment of Public Procurement (Preference to Make in India) Order, 2017?

किस विभाग ने सार्वजनिक खरीद (मेक इन इंडिया को वरीयता) आदेश, 2017 में संशोधन के संबंध में अधिसूचना जारी की है?

A. Department of Personnel and Training

B. Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade

C. Department of Commerce

D. Department of Telecommunications

min. of Commerce

Answer – Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade

Question No: 10

Who is the chairman of Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC)?

केंद्रीय अप्रत्यक्ष कर एवं सीमा शुल्क बोर्ड (सीबीआईसी) का अध्यक्ष कौन है?

A. M Ajit Kumar

B. Rajnish Kumar

C. P C Mody

D. Rahul Chaudhry

→ SBI, chairman

CBIT

Answer - M Ajit Kumar

Nice → Paris An extravaganza with many thrills and spills

Pogacar's win is a generational shift to the ascendancy of younger riders

TOUR DE FRANCE

AGENCE FRANCE-PRESSE

PARIS

Cycling's rescheduled Tour de France made a proud entry into Paris on Sunday with its boyish champion Tadej Pogacar the figurehead of a storied 21-day extravaganza crowned by a twist in the tail.

Many predicted the pandemic would prevent the race making it the 3,400 kilometres from the Mediterranean city of Nice to the French capital.

And that ever-constant tension provided the drumbeat for the series of cautionary tales and the modern day David slaying Goliath re-enactment that unfolded before a stunned global audience.

Saturday's gut-wrenching penultimate stage time trial

saw the 21-year-old Pogacar rip the yellow jersey from his 30-year-old Slovenian compatriot Primož Roglič.

So just how did Roglič's Jumbo-Visma team that had appeared to dominate a Tour, destroying the hopes of the home nation and ending the reign of Dave Brailsford's British outfit Ineos, let victory slip from its grasp?

All-time great Eddy Merckx didn't mince his words.

"They were asking for it riding defensively like that. Imagine letting yourself get taken like that," said the five-time winner.

Pogacar's win is not only one of the sports stories of the year, but also marks a generational shift to the ascendancy of younger riders, following as it does the story of Bernal's success a year ago at 22.

Who is Tadej Pogacar?

A factfile of the 2020 Tour de France winner

- At 21 years and 365 days, Pogacar is the second-youngest winner in Tour de France's 117-year history after Henry Cornet in 1904 (19 years, 352 days)

- He is the first Slovenian to win the Tour

- The 22-year-old is the 12th man to clinch the title on his debut. The last was Frenchman Laurent Fignon in 1983

- In May 2019, Pogacar became the youngest cyclist (20) to win a UCI World Tour race at the Tour of California

- The 2020 Tour was only Pogacar's second Grand Tour after the 2019 Vuelta a España where he finished third

- Pogacar held the Yellow Jersey during this year's Tour only for one stage - the last stage leading into Paris



117
Tour De France
→ Cycling
= एलोवर्निया

Djokovic wins record 36th Masters

Halep triumphs as injured Pliskova concedes final

ROME MASTERS

REUTERS
ROME

World No. 1 Novak Djokovic overcame a sluggish start to lift his fifth Rome Masters crown on Monday, defeating Argentine Diego Schwartzman 7-5, 6-3 for a record 36th ATP Masters crown.

Playing his maiden ATP 1000 final, eighth seed Schwartzman raced out of the blocks for a 3-0 lead as Djokovic struggled to put a lid on his backhand errors.

An on-and-off drizzle added to Djokovic's frustration but he still found a way past Schwartzman's serve to draw level at 3-3.

Djokovic's relentless baseline hitting came to the fore when he broke Schwartzman in the 12th game to take the opening set, despite committing 18 unforced errors.

Schwartzman snatched another early break in the second set but this time Djokovic was quick to respond. The top seed stepped up the



Third is the charm: Simona Halep got her hands on the Rome trophy after two failed attempts in 2017 and 2018. ■ AFP

intensity to break Schwartzman's serve twice before serving out the match comfortably to seal victory.

Earlier in the women's event, top seed Simona Halep won her first title here defeating defending champion Karolina Pliskova, who retired while trailing 6-0, 2-1.

World No. 2 Halep was competing in her third

Rome WTA final, having finished runner-up in 2017 and 2018 on the clay at the Foro Italico.

The results:

Men: Final: Novak Djokovic bt Diego Schwartzman 7-5, 6-3.

Semifinal: Schwartzman bt Denis Shapovalov 6-4, 5-7, 7-6(4).

Women: Final: Simona Halep bt Karolina Pliskova 6-0, 2-1 (ret.).

→ लविया
→ Novak
→ Simona Halep
(रोमानिया)

टेनिस
4
Wimb
US
Fr.
Aus

Bacteria behind deaths of 330 Botswana elephants

“They had consumed poisoned water”

REUTERS
GABORONE

Toxins in water produced by cyanobacteria killed more than 300 elephants in Botswana this year, officials said on Monday, announcing the result of an investigation into the deaths which had baffled and alarmed conservationists.

Cyanobacteria are microscopic organisms common in water and sometimes found in soil. Not all produce toxins but scientists say toxic ones are occurring more frequently as climate change drives up global temperatures.

Cyril Taolo, deputy director of the Department of Wildlife and National Parks, told a news conference the number of dead elephants had risen to 330, from 281 reported in July.

Why not other animals?

The department's principal veterinary officer Mmadi Reuben told the news conference: “Our latest tests have detected cyanobacterial

neurotoxins to be the cause of deaths. These are bacteria found in water.” However we have many questions still to be answered such as why the elephants only and why that area only? We have a number of hypotheses we are investigating.”

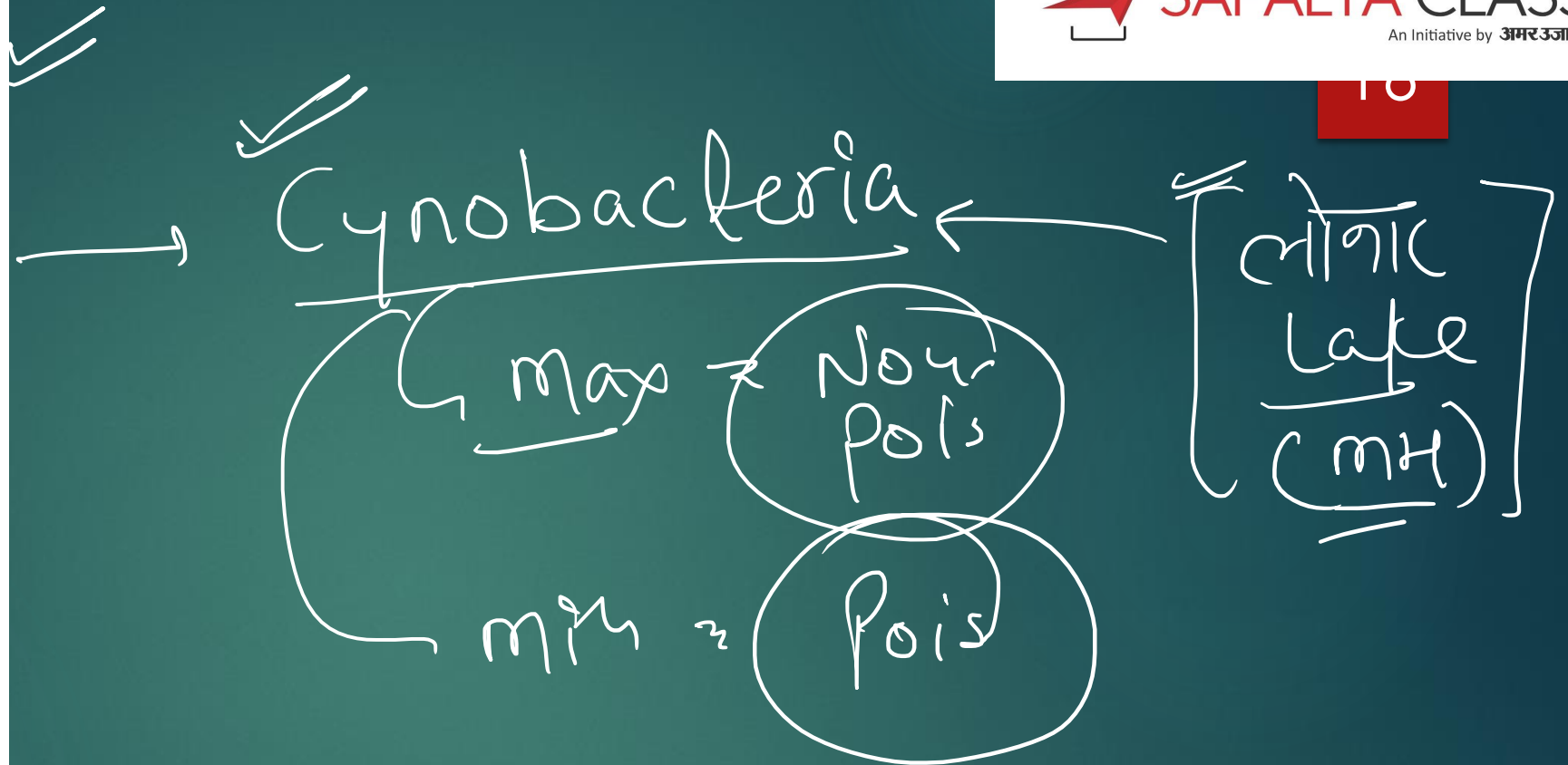
Other animals in the Okavango Panhandle region appeared unharmed.

Climate change

Some cyanobacterial blooms can harm people and animals and scientists are concerned about their potential impact as climate change leads to warmer water temperatures, which many cyanobacteria prefer.

Southern Africa's temperatures are rising at twice the global average, according to the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.

“It amounts to having the right conditions, in the right time, in the right place and these species will proliferate,” said Professor Patricia Glibert, who has studied cyanobacteria.





▶ Name of country : **Botswana**

▶ Capital : **Gaborone**] Haic

► Currency: **Botswana pula**

पूला

► President: **Mokgweetsi Masisi**

► Name of Legislature: **National Assembly**
(**Botswana**)



Govt. unveils 2.6% hike in wheat MSP amid protests

Prices out so early in season for the first time in a decade

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT
NEW DELHI

In the earliest announcement of minimum support prices in at least a decade, Agriculture Minister Narendra Singh Tomar told the Lok Sabha that the Cabinet had approved MSP hikes for six crops, including a 2.6% increase in the rate for wheat. Last year, MSP for wheat had seen a 4.6% increase.

This comes amid vehement protests by farmers, who fear that the new agricultural marketing reforms would result in the phasing



Last year, MSP for wheat had seen a 4.6% increase.

out of MSP and public procurement.

The MSP is the rate at which the government purchases crops from farmers, and is based on a calculation of at least one and a half

times the cost of production incurred by farmers.

Five other crops

The MSP for wheat will be increased by 2.6% or ₹50 per quintal to ₹1,975 per quintal for the upcoming rabi or winter crop season, according to the decision taken by the Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs on Monday. The MSP rates were also hiked for five other winter crops – barley, gram, masur dal, safflower, and rapeseed and mustard.

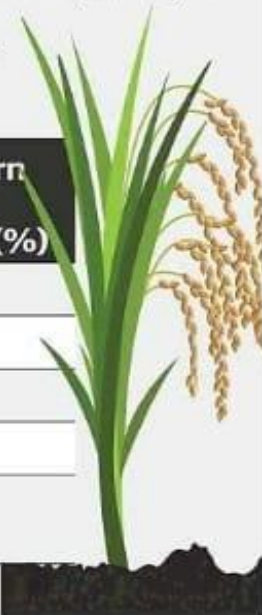
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Burning
Issue
MSP = Min.
Supporting
Price

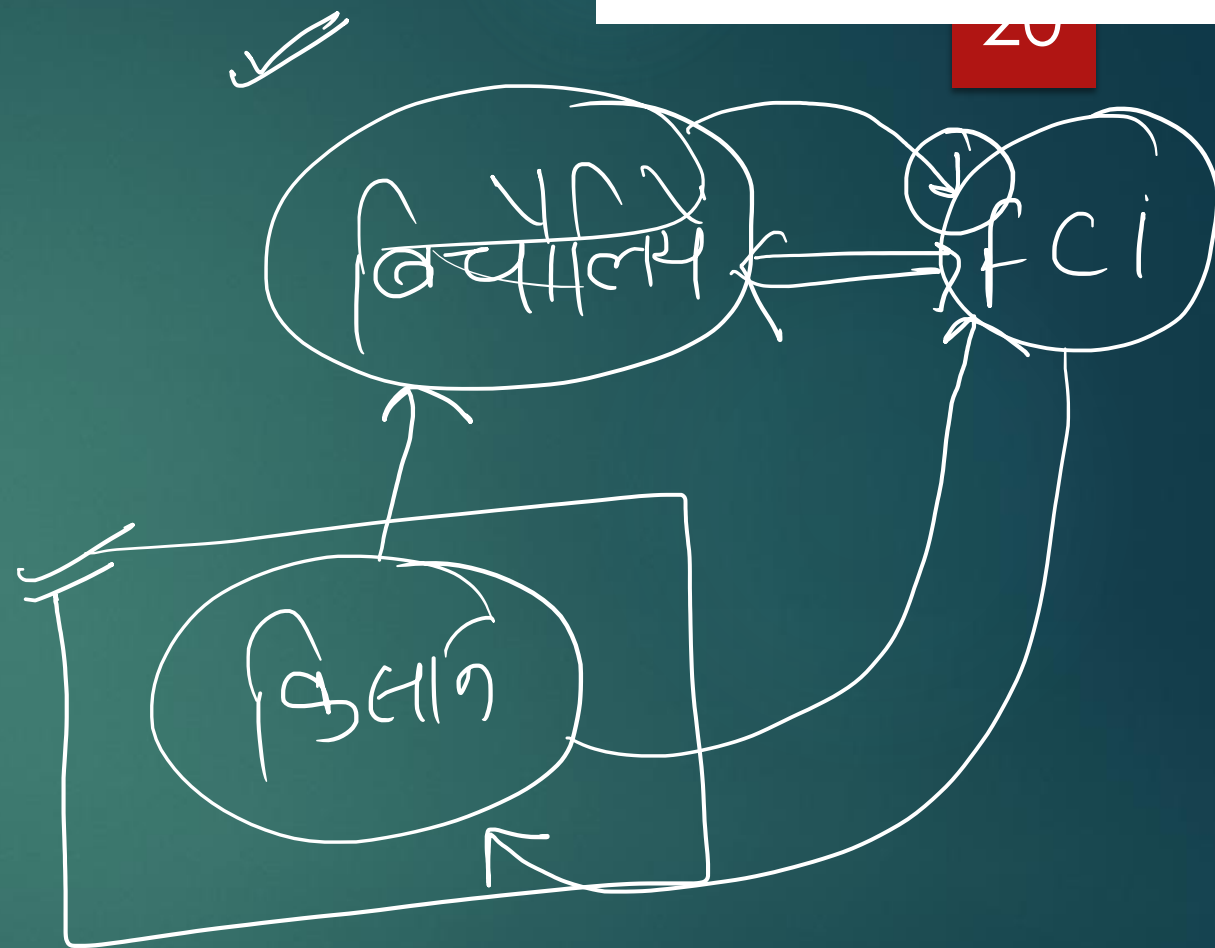
Govt. announces 2.6% hike in wheat MSP

Better support | The government has announced an increase in the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for all mandated Rabi crops for the 2021-22 season. The expected returns to farmers over their cost of production are estimated to be highest for wheat.

| Crops | MSP for 2021-22 (₹/quintal) | Increase in MSP (₹/quintal) | Return over cost (%) |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Wheat | 1,975 | 50 | 106 |
| Barley | 1,600 | 75 | 65 |
| Gram | 5,100 | 225 | 78 |
| Lentil | 5,100 | 300 | 78 |
| Rapeseed & Mustard | 4,650 | 225 | 93 |
| Safflower | 5,327 | 112 | 50 |



For more than a decade, Sabha.
MSPs for the rabi season. Opposition parties and a



The MSP is fixed on the recommendations of the Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices (CACP).

न्यूनतम समर्थन मूल्य कृषि लागत एवं मूल्य आयोग (सीएसीपी) की सिफारिशों पर तय होता है।

✓ Contract Farming

प्रचलित

CCFA ⇒ Approve

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA) of the Union government takes a final decision on the level of MSPs and other recommendations made by the CACP.

केंद्र सरकार की आर्थिक मामलों की कैबिनेट समिति (सीसीईए) एमएसपी के स्तर और सीएसीपी द्वारा की गई अन्य सिफारिशों पर अंतिम फैसला लेती है।