



SAFALTA CLASSTM

An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

7 CTET → P-2 → (Arts)

↳ SSI

(INDIAN POLITY) BY-
SUJEET BAJPAI SIR



Question No: 1

Who among the following has a right to speak and otherwise take part in proceedings of either House of Parliament and to be a member of any parliamentary committee but is not entitled to vote?

(a) Chairman, Finance Commission

(b) The Attorney General

(c) The Comptroller and Auditor General

(d) The Chief Election Commissioner

Art 76

Term = No fix term

Question No: 2

Who among the following was not a member of the **Drafting** Committee of the Constitution of India?

- (a) B. R. Ambedkar
- (b) K. M. Munshi
- (c) Krishnaswamy Iyer
- (d) M. K Gandhi

(नहीं)

7 members

Question No: 3

Which of the following is/are not fundamental right(s) under the Constitution of India?

1. ✓ Right to education. — 21A
2. ✗ Right to work. RR ✗ DPSP
3. ✓ Right to form associations. — 19(C)
4. ✓ Right to practise any profession [19(C)]

मूल अधिकार

Question No: 4

Select the correct answer using the **code** given below:

(a) 1 and 2

(b) 2 and 4

(c) 2 only

(d) 1 and 3

Question No: 5

The Seventh Schedule of the Constitution of India contains

- (a) provisions regarding the administration of tribal areas
- (b) the Union List, the State List and the Concurrent List
- (c) a list of recognized languages - Sch-8 → Hindi
- (d) provisions about the disqualification of Members of Legislatures on grounds of defection

Scho → 10 → 1985
S2 Amend.

Pr. =) 22
ORIG =) 14

Question No: 6

Article 368 of the Constitution of India deals with

(a) the powers of the Parliament of India to amend the Constitution

(b) financial emergency

(c) reservation of seats for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the Lok Sabha

(d) Official Language of the Union of India

Art - 360

Art - 343

Question No: 7

Which among the following is not a basic feature of the Constitution of India?

- (a) Fundamental rights
- (b) Independence of judiciary
- (c) Federalism
- (d) The unquestioned right of the Parliament to amend any part of the Constitution

मूलभूत की संरचना

Question No: 8

Which one among the following is not a fundamental duty?

- (a) To abide by the Constitution of India and respect the national flag and national anthem
- (b) To safeguard public property
- (c) To protect the Sovereignty, Unity and Integrity of India
- (d) To render compulsory military service

Question No: 9

3
Article 352 of the Constitution of India contains provisions related to

(a) financial emergency

(b) failure of constitutional machinery in States

(c) suspension of the enforcement of right conferred in Part III of the Constitution

~~(d) National emergency~~

Armed Rebellion
ext = Agg.
WAR

Question No: 10

An Election Commissioner can be removed from office on the recommendation of

- (a) The Chief Justice of India
- ✓ (b) The Chief Election Commissioner
- (c) The President of India
- (d) The Parliament

① + ②
Term { 6 yrs
65 yrs of Age

Question No: 11

Which one of the following statements regarding the Rajya Sabha is **NOT** correct?

- (a) Its members are elected by the elected members of the Legislative Assembly of a State
- (b) The election follows the system of proportional representation by means of a single transferable vote
- (c) 1/3rd of its members retire after every two years
- (d) It is a permanent body, but can be dissolved earlier by the President

कानूनमंडल

Question No: 12

Which one of the following is not a part of the Directive Principles of State Policy as enshrined in the Constitution of India?

- (a) Equal justice and free legal aid —
- (b) Protection of monuments and places and objects of national importance.
- ~~(c) Protection of personal law~~
- (d) Separation of Judiciary from Executive

Question No: 13

Which among the following can attend the meeting of both Houses of Parliament while not being a member of either House?

- (a) The Solicitor General of India
- (b) The Vice-President of India
- (c) The Comptroller and Auditor General of India
- (d) The Attorney General of India

Question No: 14

The creation of the institution of Lokpal was first recommended by

- (a) Law Commission
- (b) Santhanam Committee
- (c) Shah Commission
- (d) Administrative Reforms Commission

CBI
CVC

प्रशासनिक सुधार
आयोग

Punjab
HR

भारत

Question No: 15

Which one of the following statements with regard to the Comptroller and Auditor General (CAG) of India is **NOT** correct?

- (a) He is appointed by the President of India
- (b) He can be removed from office in the same way as the judge of the Supreme Court of India
- (c) The CAG is eligible for further office under the Government of India after he has ceased to hold his office
- (d) The salary of the CAG is charged upon the Consolidated Fund of India

✓ Vinod Roy] → Not just an Accountant =

Question No: 16

Which one of the following about the Parliament of India is **NOT** correct?

(a) The Parliament consists of the President, the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha

(b) There are no nominated members in the Lok Sabha] ✓

(c) The Rajya Sabha cannot be dissolved

(d) Some members of the Rajya Sabha are nominated by the President

12

Question No: 17

Which of the following provision(s) of the Constitution of India became effective from 26th November 1949?

- 1. Elections 2. Citizenship 3. Emergency provisions 4. Appointment of the Judges**

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only**
- (b) 1 and 2 only**
- (c) 1, 2 and 3**
- (d) 2 and 4**

Question No: 18

The electoral college that elects the Vice-President of India consists of

- (a) members of both the houses of parliament
- (b) members of legislative assembly of all the states
- (c) members of legislative assembly of the union territories
- (d) none of the above members

ex officio
Pres of R.S.] ✓

Question No: 19

Which of the following is not true about the Supreme Court?

- ~~(a)~~ Highest federal court of India
- ~~(b)~~ Can amend Constitution
- (c) Has only appellate jurisdiction
- ~~(d)~~ Does not have original jurisdiction

Question No: 20

In India every state had a:

- ~~(a) Legislative assembly~~
- (b) Parliament
- (c) Legislative council
- (d) None of these

ONLY - 6 states (Sept-
2020)

Question No: 21

The Preamble is

- ~~(a)~~ not a part of the legal section of the constitution
- (b) not a part of the legal section of the constitution assembly
- (c) not a part of the legal section of the judiciary
- (d) none of the above.

Question No: 22

The President nominates twelve members of the Rajya Sabha on the basis of

(a) their performance as office bearers of cultural societies

(b) their role played in political setup of the country

(c) the recommendation made by the Vice-president

(d) their distinction in the field of science, art, literature and social service.

Governor = $\frac{1}{6}$ member of राज्या सभे

Question No: 23

The High Courts can

(a) issue writs

(b) try appeals in civil cases

(c) try appeals in criminal cases

(d) all the three above

Art - 226

Question No: 24

How does one becomes an **MLA**?

- (a) People elects him
- (b) Government select him
- (c) He has to pass an exam.
- (d) None of these

Question No: 25

Article 343 is related to which?

(a) Official languages

(b) Election Commission

(c) National Emergency

(d) Supreme Court

324

352

124

Question No: 26

UN was established on?

(a) 1944

(b) 1945

(c) 1942

(d) 1946

Question No: 27

No-confidence Motion, to be admitted in the Lok Sabha, needs the support of:

- (a) 80 Members
- (b) 140 Members
- (c) 160 Members
- (d) 50 Members

Question No: 28

Which of the following statements are **incorrect** about unstarred question?

~~1.~~ It is distinguished by an asterisk mark.

~~2.~~ Answer to such a question is given **orally**.

written

~~3.~~ Answer to such a question is **not** followed by supplementary questions.

~~4.~~ It does not carry an asterisk mark.

~~5.~~ Answer to such a question is given in a written form.

Question No: 28

- (a) 2 and 3
- (b) 3, 4 and 5
- (c) 1 and 2
- (d) 2, 3 and 4

Question No: 29

The word 'Budget' is mentioned in which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India:

(a) Art. 266

(b) Art. 112

(c) Art. 265

(d) None

Annual financial statement

Const.

Question No: 30

Which of the following statements are incorrect?

- ~~1.~~ Rajya Sabha can reject a Money Bill.
2. Rajya Sabha can make recommendations on a Money Bill.
3. Rajya Sabha cannot reject a Money Bill.
4. Rajya Sabha should return the Money Bill to the Lok Sabha within 14 days.
- ~~5.~~ Rajya Sabha can amend a Money Bill.

Question No: 30

- (a) 2, 3 and 4
- (b) 1, 2 and 5
- ~~(c) 1 and 5~~
- (d) only 1

Question No: 31

Which of the following enjoys the constitutional status?

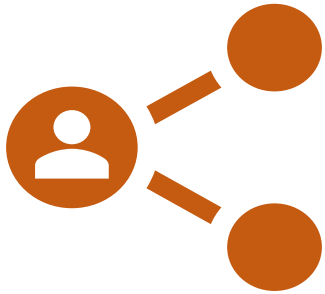
- 1. Finance Commission**
- 2. NITI Aayog**
- 3. Zonal Councils**
- 4. National Development Council**
- 5. Election Commission**
- 6. University Grants Commission**

Question No: 31

- (a) 1, 3 and 5
- (b) 1 and 5
- (c) 1, 2, 5 and 6
- (d) 1, 3, 5 and 6



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