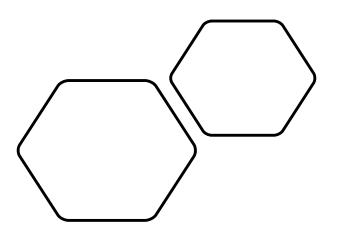




WORDS AND PHRASES ENGLISH GRAMMAR

PO Capsule

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WORDS & PHRASES

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Syllabus

Passage

Para jumbles

Cloze Test



Vocabulary

Synonyms

Antonyms

Idioms and Phrases

Fill in the blanks

Words used in sentences



Vocabulary

Directions (1): Which of the phrases (a), (b), (c) and (d) given below each statements should be placed in the blank space provided so as to make a meaningful and grammatically correct sentence? If none of the sentences is appropriate, mark (e) as the answer.

- 1. Although information technology has entered the homes, offices and hearts of many citizens of India _____.
 - (a) India provides the highest number of IT experts to the world every year.
 - (b) many people in rural areas still remain ignorant of its immense benefits
 - (c) Government has done its best by founding research in this field appropriately
 - (d) the face of communication in the years to come would change completely from the bygone years
 - (e) None of these



Grammar

Spotting errors/grammatical correct/incorrect sentence

Sentence Improvement/ correction

Fill in the blanks



Grammar

Directions: Choose the option, which is grammatically and contextually correct.

- 3. (a) Who has discovered the force of gravitation?
 - (b) Who discovered the force of gravitation?
 - (c) Who have discovered the force of gravitation?
 - (d) Who had discovered the force of gravitation?
 - (e) Who discovers the force of gravitation?



Look at these sentences.

1.He told me about it word to word.

2. I am agree with you.

3. He entered into the class.





4. There are lots of boundations here.

5. According to me, Mr. Lalu is innocent

6. Myself Raj.



1. Please speak loudly.

2. He left this city for good.



3. Are you game for it?

4. She is a coward girl.



5. This block comprises of ten flats.

6. She is popular among her friends.



7. You had better gone now.



+

Letter ___ Words ___ Phrase__ Clause__ Sentence ___ Paragraph





+

Letter

Word

He knows the alphabets of English.

She knows the alphabets of English, Tamil and Telugu.

+

Word (शब्द): A letter or group of letters with complete meaning. (एक अक्षर या कई अक्षरों का समूह जिसकी meaning fixed हो।) [A, I, Cat, Pen, Diligent (परिश्रमी) etc.]

एक शब्द को कई अर्थ भी होते हैं-

For का अर्थ- के लिये/क्योंकि/तक/से हो सकता है।

- 1. This is for you. (के लिये)
- 2. I went to him <u>for</u> he brought some news from my father (क्योंकि)
- 3. He worked there for 3 years (तक)
- 4. He has been working there for 3 years (से)



Phrase

Clause and Sentence





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Phrase (पदबंध): 2 या ज्यादा fixed words का group जिसकी meaning fixed होती है but complete sentence नहीं होता। e.g. In the afternoon, At dawn, Look into, Look after, For good (हमेशा के लिये), at times (कभी-कभी) etc.

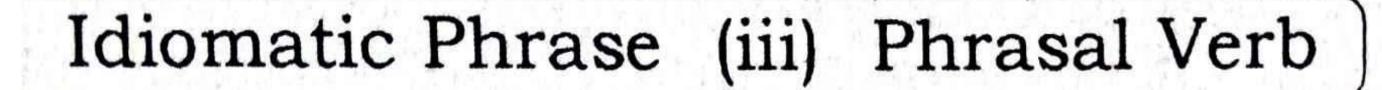
Phrase 3 types के होते हैं- (i) Literal

- (i) LITERAL: शाब्दिक अर्थ वाले phrase (जैसा शब्द उसी से मिलता-जुलता अर्थ)
- ➤ in the morning सुबह
- ➤ in a hurry जल्दी में
- > make a noise शोर करना
- > on foot पैदल
- > each other एक-दूसरे
- > take advantage of फायदा उठाना
- > get rid of छुटकारा पाना
- > in fact वास्तव में
- > for a while थोड़ी देर के लिये



- ➤ in detail विस्तार से
- > a couple of कुछ/थोड़ा
- ➤ by cheque चैक से
- ➤ in cash नकद
- > All of a sudden अचानक
- > boast of अपनी प्रशंसा करना
- > prior to के पहले
- > jealous of ईर्ष्यालु होना
- > angry at something/with somebody नाराज् होना
- deal in something/with somebody व्यापार /
 व्यवहार करना





- (ii) IDIOMATIC PHRASE (मुहावरेदार अर्थ वाले phrase- शब्द कुछ और, अर्थ कुछ और)
- > Apple of one's eye very dear (बहुत प्यारा)
- ➤ Apple pie order in order (क्रम में)
- ➤ Apple of discord cause of quarrel (झगड़े की जड़)
- ➤ At sixes and sevens scattered (बिखरा हुआ)
- > Keep an eye on someone watch (निगरानी करना)
- ➤ Turn a deaf ear ignore (अनसुना करना)
- > Now and then sometimes (कभी-कभी)
- > Catch red-handed (अपराध करते हुए पकड़ना)



(iii) PHRASAL VERB (Main Verb + Preposition) – (शब्द कुछ और, अर्थ कुछ और)

- ➤ Look after take care of (देखभाल करना)
- ➤ Look into investigate (जाँच पड़ताल करना)
- ➤ Look for search (तलाश करना)
- ➤ Call on meet (मिलना)
- > Call for demand (माँग करना)
- ➤ Call of cancel (रद्द करना)
- > Call upon—invite to speak (बोलने के लिये आमंत्रित करना)
- ➤ Take off fly, remove clothes (उड़ान भरना, कपड़े उतारना)
- > Get in/into board (ट्रेन/बस में चढ़ना)
- ➤ Get off / down deboard (ट्रेन/बस से उत्तरना)





DIRECTIONS (1 – 15): Find out phrase, idiom or phrasal verb.

- 1. The sun rises in the east.
- 2. He waited for me for a while.
- 3. He returned in the evening.
- 4. He told me about that incident in detail.
- 5. He wanted to get rid of his bad habits.



- 6. The thief was caught red handed yesterday.
- 7. He turned a deaf ear to my advice.
- 8. He kept an eye on me.
- 9. The master called for an explanation.
- 10. The Prime Minister called on the President last night.



- 11. The strike was called off.
- 12. He reached the examination hall in time.
- 13. He saw me a couple of days ago.
- 14. My friend took advantage of me.
- 15. He goes to college on foot.



Correct the sentences

1. All this happened prior 1971 war.

2. He boasts his achievements now and then.

3. The Principal was angry upon the boys.



Correct the sentences

4. He deals on(a)/ imported cars(b)/ with his bosom friend.(c)/ No error.(d)

5. I prefer(a)/ to pay(b)/ by cash.(c)/No error.(d)