

SAFALTA CLASS<sup>TM</sup>

An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

**HISTORY BY-**  
**SUJEET BAJPAI SIR**



# Question No: 1

2017

How many spokes are there in the Ashoka Chakra depicted on the National Flag of India?

भारत के राष्ट्रीय ध्वज पर चित्रित अशोक चक्र में कितनी तीलियाँ

(1) 36

(3) 16

(2) 24

(4) 32

# Question No: 2

In 1923 by whom Swaraj Party was founded?

1923 में किसके द्वारा स्वराज पार्टी की स्थापना की गयी थी?

(1) Abdul Gaffar Khan and Vithalbhai Patel / अब्दुल गफ्फार खान और विठ्ठलभाई पटेल

(2) Gandhiji and Jawaharlal Nehru / गाँधीजी और जहवाहरलाल नेहरू

(3) Sachin Sanyal and Jogesh Chatterji / सचिन सान्याल और जोगेश चटर्जी

(4) Motilal Nehru and C R Das / मोतीलाल नेहरू और सी.आर. दास

(+) लाल गपत रिय

# Question No: 3

During the reign of which Viceroy of India, the elections were held for the first time in 11 Indian States?

किस वायसराय के शासनकाल के दौरान भारत के 11 राज्यों में पहली बार चुनाव कराए गए थे?

- (1) Lord Linlithgow / लॉर्ड लिनलिथगो
- (2) Lord Mountbatten / लॉर्ड माउंटबेटन
- (3) Lord Curzon / लॉर्ड कर्जन
- (4) Lord Irwin / लॉर्ड इरविन

1937

सबसे लंबा कार्यकाल  
(1936 - 43)

# Question No: 4

2017 - 6 Dec

In which city, the Jalianwala Bagh masscure hap pened?

जलियाँवाला बाग नरसंहार किस शहर में हुआ था?

- (1) Nagpur/नागपुर
- (2) Delhi/दिल्ली
- (3) Calcutta/कलकत्ता
- (4) Amritsar/अमृतसर

# Question No: 5

The Partition of Bengal was cancelled in which year?

बंगाल का विभाजन किस वर्ष में रद्द कर दिया गया था?

(1) 1906

(2) 1909

(3) 1911

(4) 1913

दिल्ली  
करवा

1905

# Question No: 6

The Prarthana Samaj was a reform movement within which religion?

प्रार्थना समाज किस धर्म के अंतर्गत एक सुधार आंदोलन था?

- (1) Jainism/जैन धर्म
- (2) Islam/इस्लाम
- (3) Hinduism/हिन्दू धर्म
- (4) Buddhism/बौद्ध धर्म

# Question No: 7

In which year Civil Disobedience Movement was launched?

सविनय अवज्ञा आंदोलन किस वर्ष शुरू हुआ था?

(1) 1921

(2) 1925

(3) 1930

(4) 1935



# Establishment of the Dutch East India Company

*The Dutch East India Company*

पुनर्गती

1595 ⇒ 1602

1595-96 ⇒ 91 करोड़ ]  
59 13 करोड़ ]

Vasco da Gama's First Voyage to India, 1497-99



पूर्व घाट  
Eastern  
Ghat

Cornelis - de - houtman (1595) 96

⇒ Dutch company was based on capital arrangement [ co-operative arrangement ]

⇒ Dutch made India as an export hub of cotton cloths यूनि वर्सो निर्यात

⇒ 1<sup>st</sup> factory of Dutch in India in

Masulipatnam (1605) ~~Andhra Pradesh~~ Pulicat  
హిళాటి యడవోరు ఆంధ్రా

⇒ office of Dutch in India is in ~~Calicut~~  
(Tamil Nadu)

यूनि वर्सो  
निर्यात  
(TN)

⇒ Colonies → Chingura (চিংড়া) Balarore (Balasore) Bengal, ~~Calcutta~~ etc. Gold coins (which) was a type of used by Dutch Adusha

in India (যুক্তি) **sujeet bajpai sir**

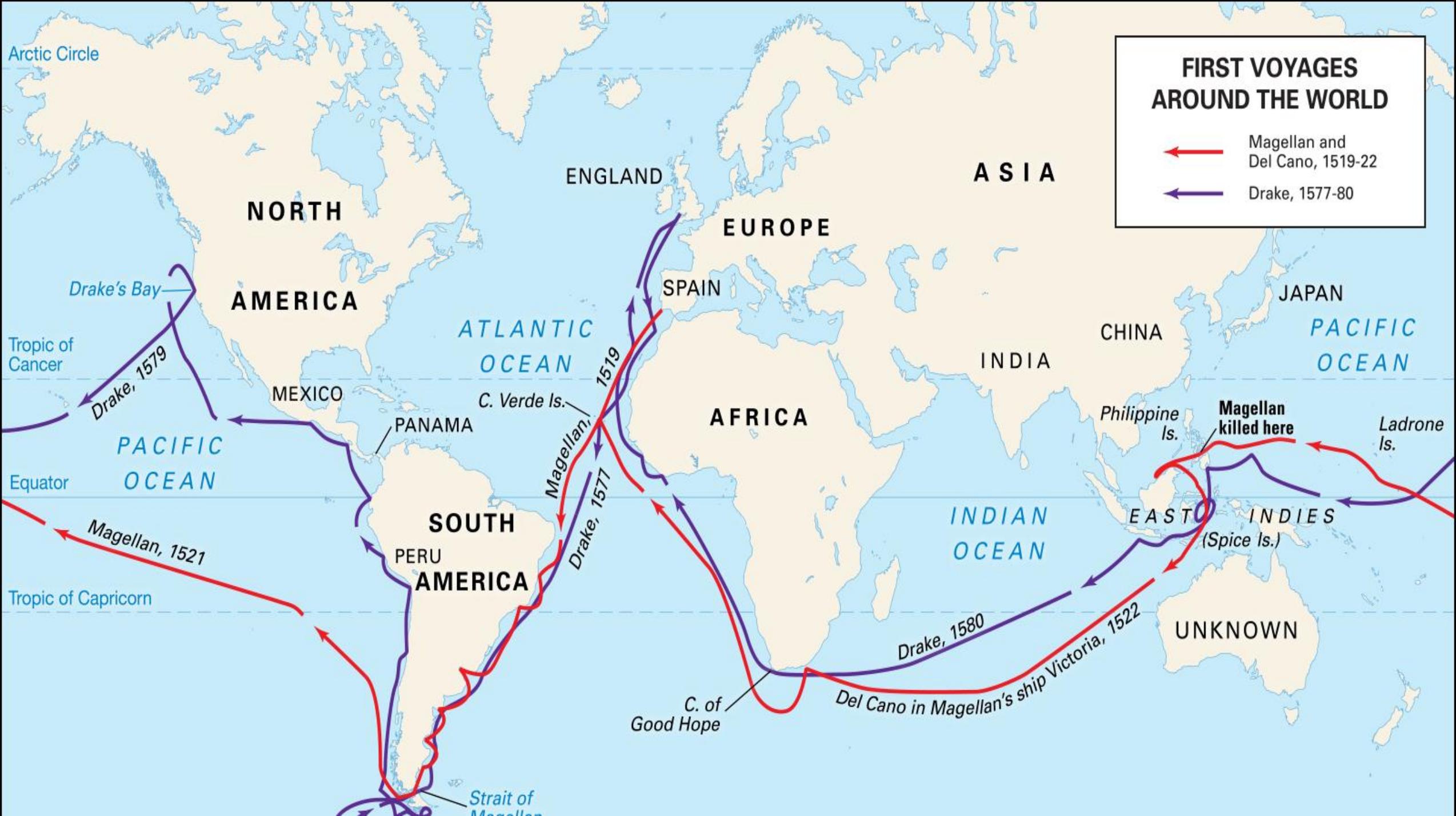
⇒ British defeated Dutch in (1759) in Battle of Bedra (Bengal)

→ मिमि

↳ 1600 ( London )

# British East India Company





# FIRST VOYAGES AROUND THE WORLD

- ← Magellan and Del Cano, 1519-22
- ← Drake, 1577-80

Arctic Circle

NORTH AMERICA

ENGLAND

ASIA

EUROPE

SPAIN

JAPAN

PACIFIC OCEAN

CHINA

INDIA

ATLANTIC OCEAN

Tropic of Cancer

Drake, 1579

MEXICO

C. Verde Is.

1519

AFRICA

Philippine Is.

Magellan killed here

Ladron Is.

PACIFIC OCEAN

Equator

Magellan, 1521

SOUTH AMERICA

PERU

Magellan, 1577

Drake, 1577

INDIAN OCEAN

EAST INDIES

(Spice Is.)

Tropic of Capricorn

Drake, 1580

C. of Good Hope

Del Cano in Magellan's ship Victoria, 1522

UNKNOWN

Strait of Magellan

Died ⇒ 1603 ✓

Elizabeth - I<sup>st</sup>



E.I.C.

पार्टनर  
(217)

चार्टर चार्टर

(31<sup>st</sup> Dec. 1600)

Time ⇒  
15 yrs

India

अवधि  
(1556-1605)

## # Formation & Advent in India ⇒

- This co. was formed in Britain in 1600 A.D. (31<sup>st</sup> Dec)
- British queen Elizabeth - I gave charter to E.I.C.

→ Time - 15 yrs.

→ monopoly अवैध

द्वितीय नाम

◦ In London this Co. was known as The Governor & merchants of Adventure trading in to the East Indies.



- There were total of 217 partners in the company.
- In 1600 ruler of India was AKBAR  
(1556-1605)

• Jahangir (1605-1627)

- Capt. Hawkins came to India in 1608 in time of Jahangir.
- Hawkins met Jahangir in 1609.
- Jahangir gave him title 'English Khan' & mansab of 400 in his court.

जेम्स - I<sup>st</sup>



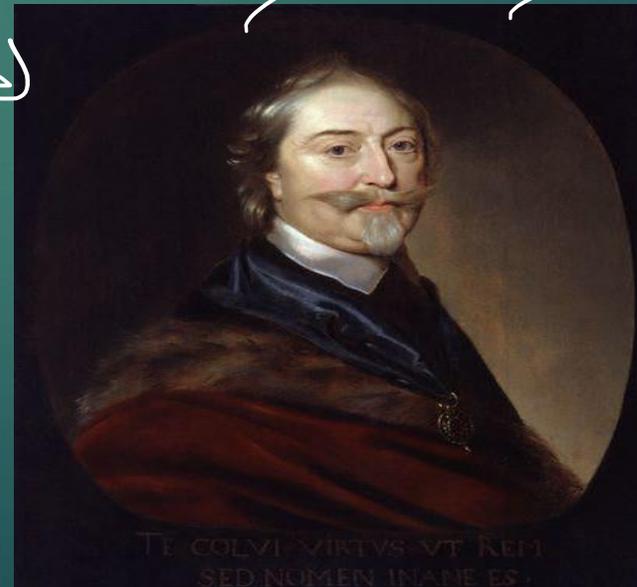
I<sup>st</sup>  
Capt  
William  
Hawkins



21

2<sup>nd</sup>

1614  
दिल्ली



1607 → [1608 (भारत)] → 1609 (जर्मनी)



लेफ्टी लुरक्ष।

हैरल  
Hector

Red  
dragon



# जहांगीर (1605-1627)



→ हॉनरिबल को उपाधि (Title)  
↳ English Char  
↳ Post ( पद )  
↳ 400 ( Rank )

पूर्व धार (अर्थार्थ)

1608

मालुली पददमम् (A.P.)

7 1612 ⇒ दालली का पुर्ण

→ पुर्णगाली - हर / British-  
C पीस

7 1613 ⇒ सुरद (अर्थार्थ)

- Hawkins was sent by British king James-I.
- Hawkins was official Ambassador of E.I.C in India.

◦ Hawkins came to India by ship named

"Hector"

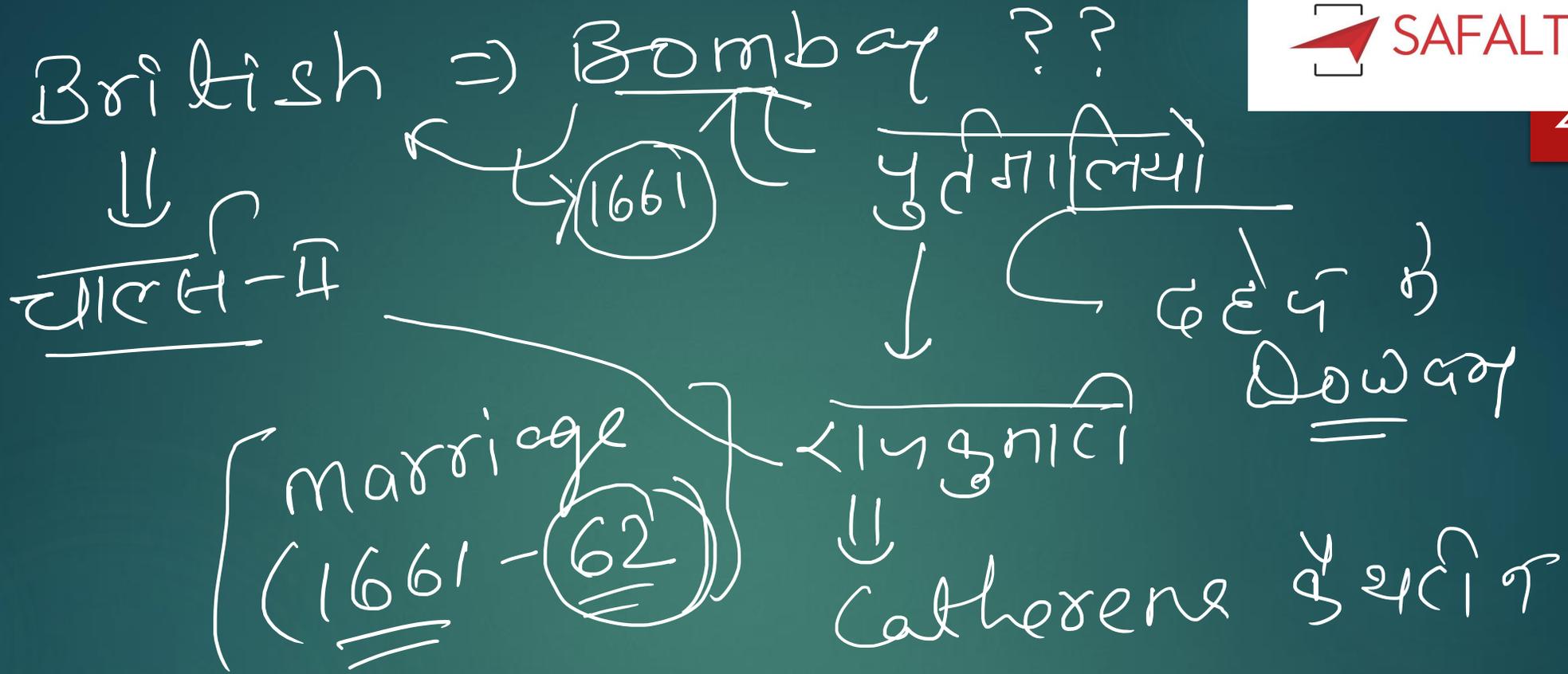
\* (Red Dragon) was first British ship to come  
in India.

• In 1611, British founded first temporary factory in Masulipatnam (A.P.), & Capt. Alcock

• In 1612, British officers Best defeated Portuguese in battle of Swally (Surat, G.J.)

Alcock  
Swally

• After battle of Swally British founded first permanent factory in Surat in 1613.



⇒ founder ⇒ जॉर्ज अंगियाट  
Carroll Augier

⇒ कलकत्ता  
(Calcutta) > लैकनापुडा ⇒ Job  
charnock  
⇒ मद्रास ⇒ फ्रान्सिस ⇒

✓ वाम जालों की लकीरें।  
✓ कलकत्ता के जाँबू लगे जायेंगे।  
✓ मकल काँस के मनायेंगे।

स्थापना = (1664)

7 founder ⇒ कोलबर्ट Colbert

7 KING ⇒ Louis - 14<sup>th</sup>

7 I<sup>st</sup> factory ⇒ पूरुद ⇒ 1667

7 Colonies ⇒ (ओरिदाँ) ⇒ यानम Yanam  
(A. R.)



British - french

शुरुआत = start

↓  
कहा जाते थे

↓  
हमारे दुनिया | comp  
world

# First Carnatic War (1746-1748)



- ▶ Between France and England
- ▶ Ended with Treaty of Aix-la-chapelle (1748)
- ▶ British victory. संधि
- ▶ फ्रांस और इंग्लैंड के बीच
- ▶ ऐक्स-ला-चैपल की संधि के साथ समाप्त हुआ (1748)
- ▶ ब्रिटिश जीत।

france

## Second Carnatic War (1749-1754)

- ▶ Nasir Jung aided by France while England aided Muzaffar Jung
- ▶ Ended with the Treaty of Pondicherry in 1754 and Muzaffar Jung became the Nizam.
- ▶ Dupleix was replaced by Godeheu as the French governor. *सबसे Powerful Comm,*
- ▶ नासिर जंग को फ्रांस ने सहायता दी जबकि इंग्लैंड ने मुजफ्फर जंग की सहायता की
- ▶ 1754 में पांडिचेरी की संधि के साथ समाप्त हुआ और मुजफ्फर जंग निजाम बन गया।
- ▶ डुप्लेक्स की जगह गोदेहू को फ्रांस के गवर्नर के रूप में जगह दी गई ।

*फ्रांस लिये  
की*

## Third Carnatic War (1758-1763)

IN

- ▶ At Wandiwash (1760) Comte de Lally French commander was defeated by British General Sir Eyre Coote
- ▶ Defeat of French
- ▶ Treaty of Paris (1763) was signed, which returned Chandernagore and Pondicherry to France.
- ▶ वांडीवाँश (1760) कॉम्टे डी लल्ली फ्रांसीसी कमांडर को ब्रिटिश जनरल सर आयर कूटे ने पराजित किया
- ▶ फ्रेंच की हार
- ▶ पेरिस संधि (1763) पर हस्ताक्षर किए गए, जिसके द्वारा चंद्रनगर और पांडिचेरी को फ्रांस लौटा दिया।

1760  
1759  
स्वा