



SAFALTA CLASSTM

An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**



SOM - GK
→ Current Affairs
(8:30 - 9:30)
+
✓ Static GK

HISTORY

C Demo

Question No: 1

Which Harappan site is located in Haryana?

कौन-सा हड़प्पाई स्थल हरियाणा में स्थित है?

- (1) Dholavira/धौलावीरा — RJ
- (2) Rakhigarhi/राखीगढ़ी — HR
- (3) Kalibangan/कालीबंगन — RJ
- (4) Alamgirpur/आलमगीरपुर — UP

Question No: 2

Which retired British officer played an important part in the foundation of Indian National Congress?
किस सेवानिवृत्त ब्रिटिश अफसर ने भारतीय राष्ट्रीय कांग्रेस की स्थापना में अहम भूमिका निभाई थी?

- (1) Ken Aston/केन एस्टोन
- (2) Alan Barkar/एलन बरकार
- (3) Ben Carlin/बेन कार्लिन
- ☒ (4) A.O. Hume/ए.ओ. ह्यूम

1885

Question No: 3

Who was the Viceroy of India at time of formation of the Indian National Congress?

भारतीय राष्ट्रीय कांग्रेस के गठन के समय भारत के वायसराय कौन थे?

- (1) Lord Minto/लॉर्ड मिंग्टो
- (2) Lord Canning/लॉर्ड कैनिंग
- ~~(3)~~ Lord Dufferin/लॉर्ड डफरिन
- (4) Lord Lytton/लॉर्ड लिटन

Question No: 4

In which year did Mahatma Gandhi came back to India from South Africa?

किस वर्ष में महात्मा गाँधी दक्षिण अफ्रीका से भारत लौट आए थे?

(1) 1910

(2) 1915

(3) 1919

(4) 1921

Question No: 5

1896 → वल्लभ
रहीन्दुली

First time during which Indian national movement "Vande Mataram" became the popular song of people?

सर्वप्रथम किस भारतीय राष्ट्रीय आंदोलन के दौरान 'वंदे मातरम' लोगों का लोकप्रिय गीत बना?

वंदिन्युड
॥
१९०५

- (1) Khilafat Movement/खिलाफत आंदोलन
- (2) Quit India Movement/भारत छोड़ो आंदोलन
- (3) Non-Co-operation Movement/असहयोग आंदोलन
- (4) Swadeshi Movement/स्वदेशी आंदोलन

1905

Question No: 6

Which one of the following places was the short term capital of Delhi Sultanate?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा एक स्थान दिल्ली सल्तनत की अल्पकालीन राजधानी थी?

- (1) Devagiri/देवगिरी
- (2) Ahmedabad/अहमदाबाद ✗
- (3) Jaipur/जयपुर ✗
- (4) Kurukshetra/कुरुक्षेत्र ✗

मह

Mohammed Bin Tugh

Question No: 7

अधोप

In which state is the 'Adhai Din Ka Jhonpra' located?

'अढ़ाई दिन का झोंपड़ा' किस राज्य में स्थित है?

(1) Uttar Pradesh/उत्तर प्रदेश

(2) Maharashtra/~~HERTS~~ महाराष्ट्र

✓ (3) Rajasthan/राजस्थान

(4) Madhya Pradesh/मध्य प्रदेश

Question No: 8

Who was the ambassador sent to the court of Chandragupta Maurya by Greek ruler of West Asia, Selucus Nicator?

चंद्रगुप्त मौर्य के दरबार में पश्चिम-एशिया के यूनानी राजा सेल्यूकस निकेटर द्वारा भेजा गया राजदूत कौन था?

- (1) Hiuen Tsang/वेन त्सांग
- (2) Fa-Hien/फा-हियान
- ✓ (3) Megasthenes/मेगस्थनीज
- (4) Al-Biruni/अल-बिरुनी

Book

इंडिया

Father
↓
Herodotus
↓
Book
↳ Historica

← HISTORY
↓
ORIGIN (उत्पत्ति)
↓
HISTORICA (ग्रीक भाषा)
↳ जांच करना
To Investigate

INDIA ⇒ HISTORY

Ist Book

↳ राजतरंगिणी

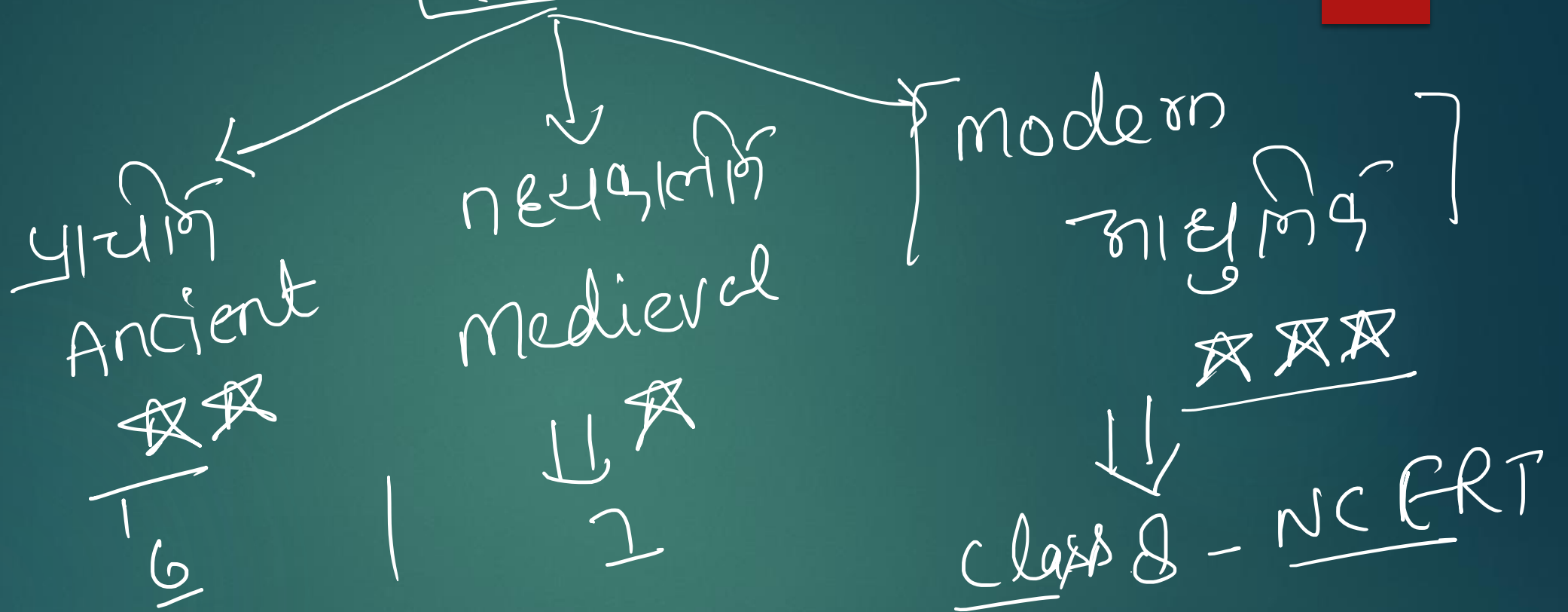
⇓

Author ⇒ कलहना =

कलहना
की
सिंहली

Ind. History

14

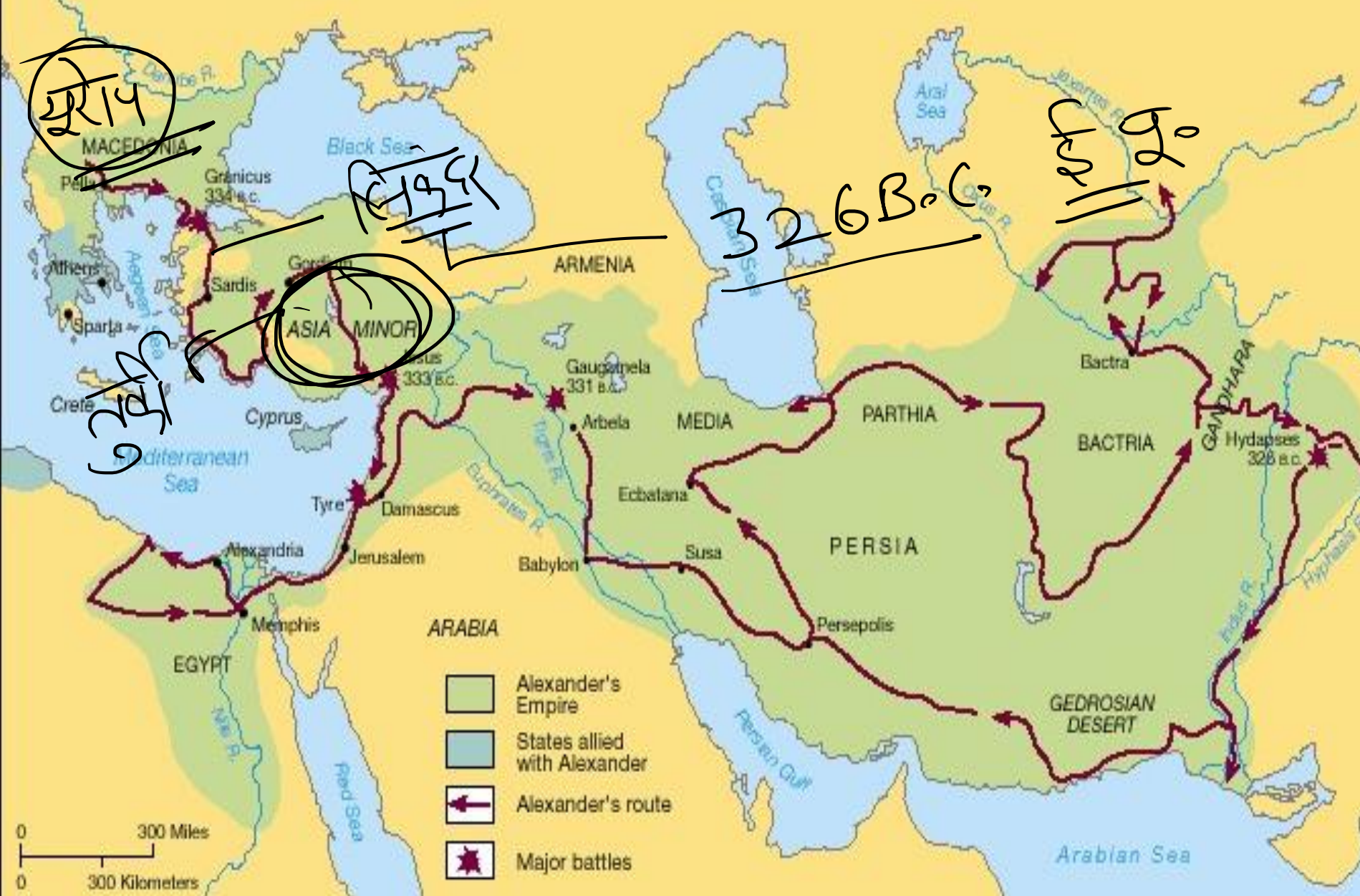


Advent of Europeans in India =>

✓ भारत में यूरोपियों का आगमन ✓✓

- 1) पुर्तगाली Portuguese - 1498
- 2) डच Dutch - 1602
(Country - Holland (Netherlands))
- 3) ब्रिटिश British - 1608 →
- 4) डेनिश Danish - 1616
(Country - Denmark) ←
- 5) फ्रांसीसी French - 1664
- 6) स्वीडिश Swedish - (1731)

मिनीट = 1600 (लंदन)



⇒ Vasco-
1498 A.D.
(इ.स.)

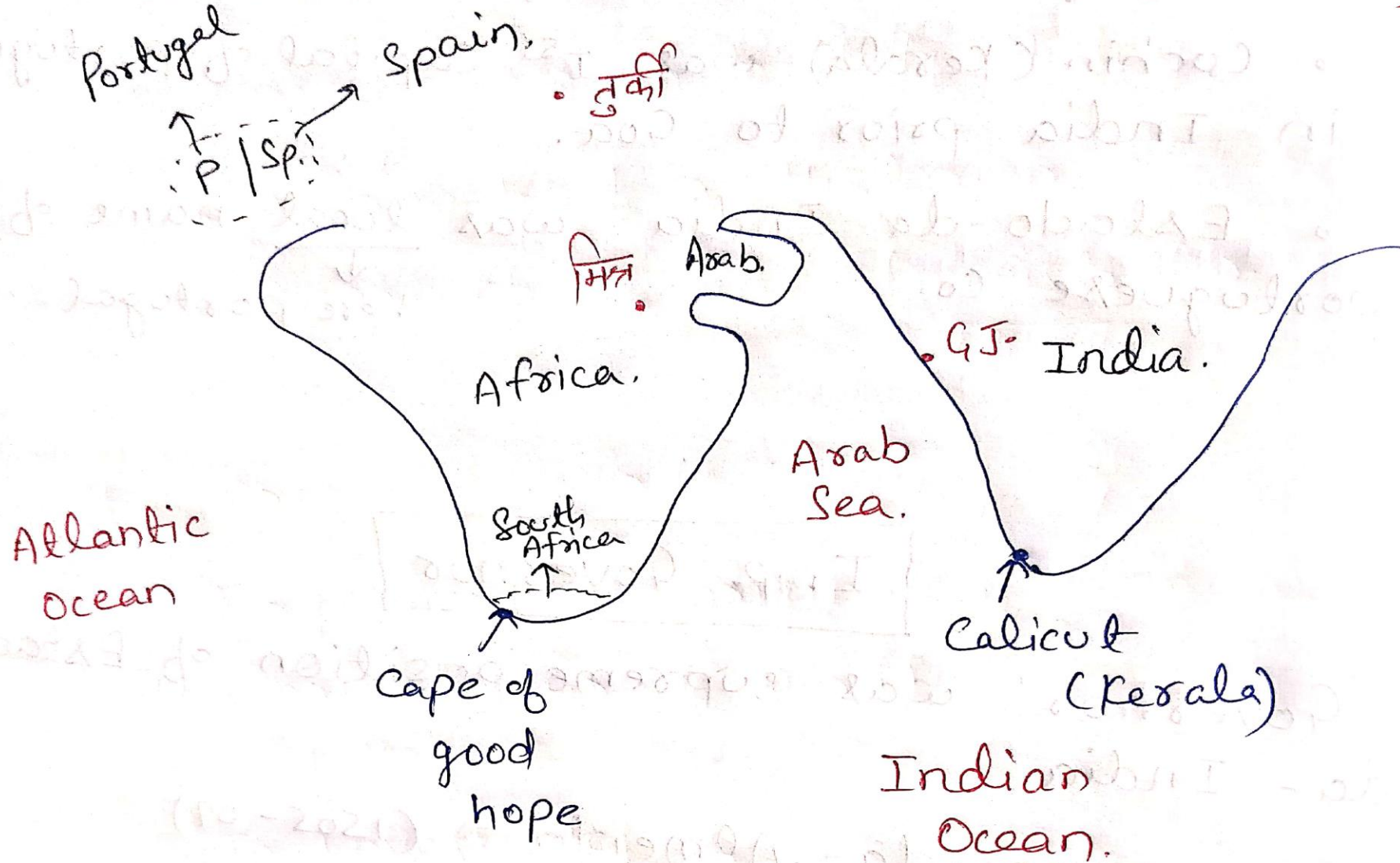


Dias's Route: 1487-1488

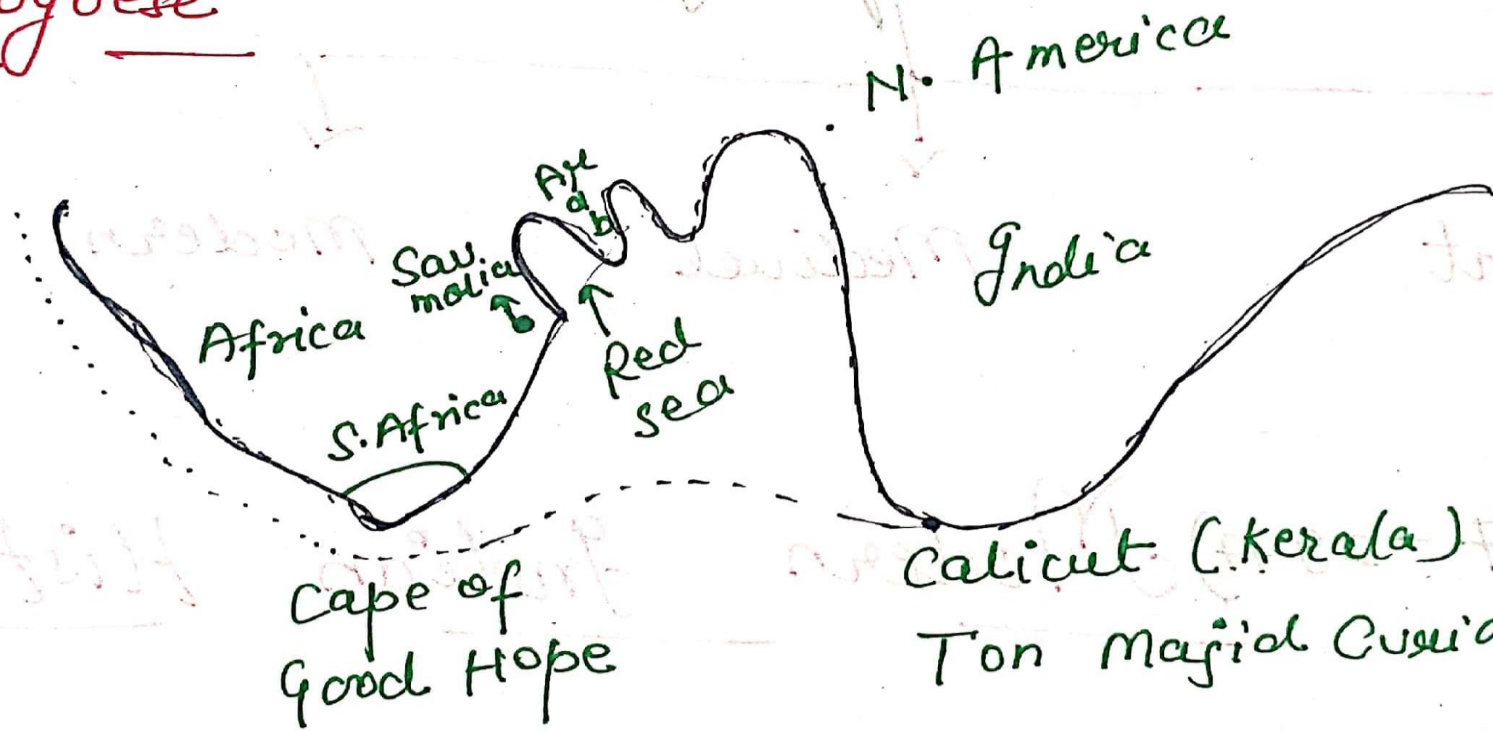




→ "हनेरिगो"
(स्टली)
↓
Amerigo



→ Portuguese



1st Portuguese
Bartholoma
Diaz

Spain
2nd Columbus

3rd Vasco - di -
gama

→ Bartholoma Diaz discovered the cape of
Good Hope in 1487.

VASCO DA GAMA

The Sea Route to India



→ Ship ⇒ Sao Gabriel

→ welcomed by Jamora

→ India - (3) Times (Rules of Calicut)

1498 (1502) 1524

→ 1st Factor (1503)

→ Died in Kochin

→ Vasco - de - gama came to India three times.

1498 → 1502 → 1523

→ Vasco - de - gama died in India in 1524
[Kerala Cochin]

Sujeet Bajpai Sir

→ Vasco - de - gama establish 1st factory of
Portuguese in India. [Kerala, Cochin] 1503

✓
मिशन

Store house

→ Vasco - de - gama was welcomed by

Jamosin Ruler of Calicut.

→ Vasco - de - gama was 1st European & 1st

→ Portuguese to come in India by sea route



→ Ist Port. Gov.
→ 1st Gov.
→ Almeida (1505-09)

→ Blue Water Policy (नीली पानी की नीति)

(Permit) Cartaz - Almeida

Albuquerque



(अलबुक्वे)

→ WON GOA

→ (1509-15)

↳ 1510

you beat Adil
Shah को
हराकर

→ [सली वृथा को]
BHAN

→ GOA

$\rightarrow$ 1947 $\Rightarrow$ OP. Vijay $\Rightarrow$ 1961
 $\uparrow$
 Navy
 [Govt Demand Div]

⇒ Albuquerque won Goa in 1510 from Yusuf Adilshah [Ruler of Tapan]

⇒ Albuquerque banned sati system in his area.

⇒ Albuquerque promoted the religious into in India

⇒ He was the real founder of portuguese matrimonial relation with Indians. power in India.

⇒ He encouraged the portuguese matrimonial relation with Indians.

Contribution of Portuguese in India

(415619)

Portuguese in India

started and

Potato,

tomato,

maize etc.

also started by

Portuguese

Printing

1556

1556

1556

Printing

press

started by

Portuguese

Gothic

Architecture

started by

Portuguese

Portuguese

were 1st & last

European

power

operation

who left in India

[1961; by

Vijay

Goa, Daman & Diu)