



SAFALTA CLASSTM

An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

CLOZE TEST

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

BANK PO/CLERK

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Cloze Test

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CLOZE TEST-2

Mass communication is the delivery of(1)...., ideas and entertainment to thousands or millions of(2).... simultaneously; it is a force with incalculable(3).... on today's world. The ...(4).... of mass communication rests(5).... the skills of the communicator to(6).... the recipient's thinking ...(7).... stir emotions, to(8).... him or her to(9).... Mass communication is the one-to-one impact of one human intelligence upon(10).... carried on thousand fold simultaneously among individuals who have no direct personal contact.

1. a) items b) news c) advertisements d) cartoons e) articles
2. a) people b) pictures c) advertisements d) items e) men
3. a) worth b) impact c) force d) value e) price
4. a) dynamism b) force c) success d) power e) weakness
5. a) against b) under c) to d) upon e) over
6. a) stimulate b) agitate c) understand d) minimize e) demoralise
7. a) for b) to c) with d) from e) off
8. a) encourage b) persuade c) discourage d) endanger e) deter
9. a) direction b) inspiration c) action d) mission e) style
10. a) another b) people c) man d) women e) persons

CLOZE TEST-3

A seminar is generally a form of ...(1)... interaction, either at an academic ...(2) ... or a commercial or ...(3)... organisation. It has the function of ...(4)... small groups for ...(5)... meetings, focusing each time on some ...(6)... subject, in which everyone present is ...(7)... to participate. This is often ...(8)... through an ongoing dialogue with a seminar ...(9)... or instructor. Normally, participants must not be ...(10)... in the field under discussion.

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|--|---|--|
| 1. | a) academic | b) social | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c) informal | d) artificial |
| 2. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a) institution | b) intermission | c) intervention | d) interference |
| 3. | a) provincial | b) proverbial | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c) professional | d) progressive |
| 4. | a) bringing out | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> b) bringing together | c) bringing among | d) bringing off |
| 5. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a) recurring | b) repeating | c) reverting | d) reforming |
| 6. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a) particular | b) partial | c) previous | d) prevented |
| 7. | a) entrusted | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> b) encouraged | c) enlarged | d) endured |
| 8. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a) accomplished | b) acknowledged | c) acquainted | d) endured |
| 9. | a) follower | b) member | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c) leader | d) associate |
| 10. | a) professional | b) teacher | c) starter | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> d) beginners |

CLOZE TEST-4

India's (1) over the past half century since independence has been unique and (2) in many ways. Yet the record is (3) in relation to what the country set out to achieve and could certainly have been (4). It is (5) to look at both sides; the alternative is to be (6) down by unrelieved gloom or unwarranted (7). The fact is that after eight 5-year plans, about 40 per cent of population is (8) below the poverty line. The human development indices are (9) low, placing India at the 126th position in the world table, far below many countries that came into (10) much later than it did.

- | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1. ✓ 1) development | 2) domination | 3) predicament | 4) history | 5) excellence |
| 2. 1) dubious | 2) insignificant | 3) desperate | 4) special | ✓ 5) commendable |
| 3. 1) outshining | 2) broken | ✓ 3) disappointing | 4) brighter | 5) played |
| 4. 1) underplayed | ✓ 2) accomplished | 3) tampered | 4) noteworthy | 5) exaggerated |
| 5. 1) proposed | 2) futile | 3) impracticable | ✓ 4) necessary | 5) suggested |
| 6. 1) laid | 2) struck | 3) cooled | ✓ 4) weighed | 5) brought |
| 7. 1) progress | 2) debating | 3) meticulousness | 4) haste | ✓ 5) complacency |
| 8. 1) much | ✓ 2) still | 3) obviously | 4) found | 5) far |
| 9. ✓ 1) deplorably | 2) admirably | 3) surprisingly | 4) not | 5) amusingly |
| 10. 1) world | ✓ 2) being | 3) independence | 4) compete | 5) India |

Come into being

↓
2111 2111
2111 2111

doesn't want
to grow

1. While the environment friendly nuclear energy could make a large addition to the energy resources_____.

(a) experts have a lot of expectations from this cleaner method of producing energy. X

(b) the government is determined to extract maximum out of this technology in the near future X

(c) international lobby has been pressurizing the developing nations to shift their energy production from coal to nuclear power X

(d) the problem of locating adequate numbers of uranium reserves to run the reactors is yet to be sorted out

(e) None of these

2. _____, experts proposed the idea of a common school system. + ve

(a) Overlooking the fundamental right of quality education of every child in India - ve

(b) Since the curricular requirements of a rural child is different from an urban child

(c) Based on the fact that difference in the quality of schools acts as a ground for discrimination

(d) Since a large percentage of Indian are getting free education - ve

(e) None of these

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3. However, since the beginning of the nineties, free market forces have been allowed to play for ensuring all-round development in Indian markets as well. Which of the following sentences would immediately precede the above sentence ?

- (a) Entry of various market forces increase the competition faced by the indigenous organisation manifold.
- (b) The severe shortage of newest technology and products in the late 1980s ended with the entry of foreign players in the Indian market.
- (c) A major roadblock faced by the foreign investors was the poor infrastructural facilities which were however overtaken by the prospects seen in the huge market.
- (d) India has been following a very selective and conservative economic policy during the late 1980s.
- (e) None of these

4. That was mainly because only two per cent of the total farmers could actually comprehend the lengthy procedures to obtain the loan and be benefited from it. Which of the following sentences would immediately precede the above sentence ?

(a) Many moneylenders have been making the most out of this situation and providing loans to the rest of the farmers at inflated prices.

(b) there is thus an urgent need to make the schemes and policy as simple and farmer friendly as possible.

(c) A new loan scheme started by the government a couple of months ago proved to be a huge failure and utterly unpopular among the farmers.

(d) This situation can be improved by providing mediators to carry out a follow up of the lengthy official procedure for the farmers.

(e) None of these