

STRUCTURAL ORGANISATION IN ANIMALS

Pseudostratified epithelium is present in:

(A) Nephron & Neuron x

(B) Larynx & Pharynx

non-kerthiize

Pranihimal

Ps CC4 É

Pranihimal

Ps CC4 É

Pranihimal

Ans [C]

Trachea & Bronchi

Transitional Epithelium is found in :-

(A) Renal pelvis & Ureter

(B) Urinary bladder

(C) Upper part of male urethra

All of above

- · in reshing roudsta a thin besement membrane
 is present but on stratching basement
 mans. gets dipappeared

Ans [D]

All of above

Columnar Epithelium with microvilli or Brush Border is present in :-



Gall Bladder

(C) Appendix

(B) Stomach

, glandulær kolumer epitheliur

(D) Pharynx

non-berchenized

Ans [A]

Gall Bladder

Stratified squamous epithelium found in :
(B) Stomach

(C) Intestine

(D) Spleen

trople volumes de serativised squanous epin

Ans [A]

Buccal cavity

The internal lining of blood vessels is called as :-

- (A) Mesothelium Endothelium
- (C) Pavement Epithelium (D) Stratified Epithelium (D)

Covering of workom Tiple Like appearence of

Ans [B]

Endothelium

Which of the following tissue covers moist surface of buccal cavity and pharynx?

(A) Cuboidal epithelium

(B) Columnar epithelium

(C) Transitional epithelium

Compound epithelium

han-kerehnired utuchtied granow

Compound epi Malium

Ans [D]

Compound epithelium

Term tissue is coined by (for animal anatomy) :-



Bichat

(B) Mayer - Missology

(C) Malpighi

(D) Hertwig

(Plant tidene - Gran)

Ans [A]

Bichat

Non keratinized stratified squamous epithelium is found in :-

- (A) Skin Kerch mired unchiped (B) Stomach *
- (C) Oesophagus (D) Intestine

non-korchinised At 19. epithelium

Ans [C]

Oesophagus

Epithelial lining of cornea is composed of :-

- Stratified squamous nonkeratinised
- (B) Transitional
- (C) Simple cuboidal
- (D) Simple squamous

Ans [A]

Stratified squamous non-keratinized.

Epithelial tissue originate from :-

(A) Ectoderm (B) Endoderm

(C) Mesoderm All of above

Ans [D]

Epithelial tissue originate from ectoderm, mesoderm and endoderm.

Basement membrane is composed of :-

(A) Hyaluronic Acid + glycoproteins

(B) Only mucopoly saccharides

(C) Endodermal cells

(D) Epidermal cells

Between epithelium q Connective Tissue

Besel tenêre - towards epithalium made up et stywpratein

fibrous laura

Joseph C.1, sollogen q reticules
fibres which are turpended in
musepolysascheride

Mychinanic acid

Ans [A]

Hyaluronic Acid + glycoproteins

Inner lining of gut, stomach & liver is made up of :-

(A) Simple squamous

(B) Simple cuboidal

(C) Simple columnar

(D) Pseudo stratified epithelium

Ans [C]

Simple columnar

Compound squamous epithelium occurs in :-

(A) Stomach J

(C) Intestine

Pharynx

- non-Kerchini rock streshfied

(D) Trachea

75CC 48

Ans [B]

Pharynx

Cells of Peritoneum comprise :-

(A) Ciliated Epithelium

(B) Glandular Epithelium

(C) Columnar Epithelium

Squamous Epithelium

Ans [D]

Squamous Epithelium

Find out the incorrect match:

- 1 Ciliated epithelium
- 2 Compound epithelium
- 3 Dense regular
- 4 Areolar tissue
- (A) 1 and 3
- (C) 1 and 4

- Bronchioles and Fallopian tubes 🗸
 - ducts of salivary glands (writing subordel epm)
 - tendons and connective tissue ligaments 🛩
 - present in the skin (below me skin)
 - (B) 2 and 3
 - (D) Only 4

PSCCYE - Prenderrehfred Cincted Columner glandules epim.

Ans [D]

Only 4

Germinal Epithelium of ovary is formed of :-

(A) Columnar Epithelium

(B) Squamous Epithelium

Cuboidal Epithelium

(D) Stratified Epithelium

Ans [C]

Cuboidal Epithelium

Epidermis of skin of vertebrates comprises :-

(A) Simple Epithelium

(C) Transitional Epithelium

Stratified Epithelium

(D) Columnar Epithelium

(Rerchnised thehped Ag. epi Melium)

Ans [B]

Stratified Epithelium

Inner lining of Blood vessels and heart is tessellated Epithelium. Which is :-

- A) Simple squamous due to wavy appearance wavy appearance
 - (B) Simple squamous due to tile like appearance
 - (C) Simple cuboidal due to wavy appearance
 - (D) Simple columnar Epithelium

Ans [A]

Simple squamous due to wavy appearance

Lining of larynx is :-

- Stratified ciliated columnar Epithelium
- (B) Stratified squamous Epithelium
- (C) Stratified cuboidal Epithelium
- (D) Stratified columnar Epithelium

Ans [A]

Stratified ciliated columnar Epithelium

Olfactory Epithelium (Scheneidarian membrane) is composed of :-



Neuro sensory Epithelium

(B) Simple sq. Epithelium

Simple cuboidal (C)

Germinal Epithelium

Ans [A]

Neuro sensory Epithelium

Basement membrane is absent in :-

Transitional Epithelium

(B) Sq. Epithelium

(C) Columnar Epithelium

(D) Simple cuboidal Epithelium

Ans [A]

Transitional Epithelium

Stretchable & Water proof Epithelium :-

(A) Simple cuboidal (B)

(C) Simple Columnar (D) Transitional

Simple squamous

Ans [D]

Transitional

Mesothelium is :-

- Lining of coelom which originated from mesoderm
- (B) Lining of coelom which originated from ectoderm
- (C) Lining of heart which originated from Endoderm
- (D) Lining of heart which originated from Mesoderm

Ans [A]

Lining of coelom which originated from mesoderm

Lining of brain ventricle & central canal of spinal cord is called as:-



Ependyma

(B) Endothelium

(C) Mesothelium

(D) Neurosensory

Ans [A]

Ependyma

This epithelium is made up of a single thin layer of flattened cells and is involved in diffusion, it is found in :-

- Walls of blood vessels
- (C) Tubular parts of nephrons

- B) Ducts of glands , when find whold epil.
- (D) All of these

Ans [A]

Walls of blood vessels

Exoskeleton originated form (E.g. feathers, nail, horn, hoofs) :-

(A) Connective tissue proper

Epithelium tissue

(C) Skeletal tissue

(D) Vascular tissue

Ans [B]

Epithelium tissue

Stereocilia present in: (long processes which are non-worke q non-contractile)

ᢊ Epididymis 🦳

(B) Seminal vesicle

(C) Ureter

(D) Kidney

Arreveilisted rohmner epitheliur Vas deferen

Ans [A]

Epididymis

Germinative layer of Keratinized st. sq. Epithelium :-

Cuboidal

(B) Squamous

(C) Pseudo stratified

(D) Transitional

Ans [A]

Cuboidal

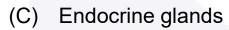
Mucus cells (Goblet cells):-



Unicellular gland



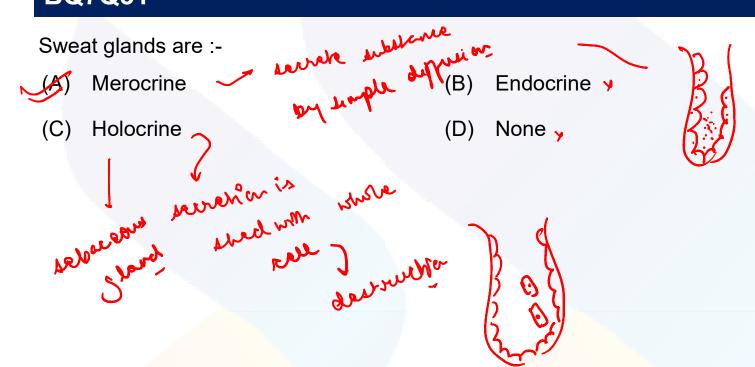
(B) Multicellular glands



(D) Parietal cells of gastric glands

Ans [A]

Unicellular gland

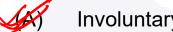


Ans [A]

Merocrine

Smooth muscles are

NEET - 2016



Involuntary, fusiform, non-striated

- (B) Voluntary, multinucleate, cylindrical
- (C) Involuntary, cylindrical, straited
- (D) Voluntary, spindle-shaped, uninucleate



Ans [A]

Smooth muscles are involuntary, fusiform and non-striated. These muscles are located in the inner walls of hollow visceral organs of the body like alimentary canal, reproductive tract etc. They do not exhibit any striation and are smooth in appearance.