





HISTORY BY-SUJEET BAJPAI SIR





Consider the following statement/s Correct

St.1 – The mother of Jahangir was a Kachhavaha princess, daughter of the Rajput ruler of Amber.

St.2 – The mother of Shahajahan Was a Rathor princess, daughter of the Rajput ruler of Marwar



Rajput Ruler of Marwar.

- A. Only statement 1 is true.
- B. Only statement 2 is true.
- C. Both statements are true.
- D. Both statements are false.



Arrange the following organization chronologically.

- 1- Ram Krishna Mission 2- Ved Samaj
- 3- Arya Samaj
- 4-Paramhans Mandali

- $(a)^4,2,3,1$
- (b)(4,2,1,3)
- **(c)** 2,3,4,1
- (d) 2,3,1,4



In which of the following city "Khalsa College" was established in 1892 by the leaders of Singh Sabha.

- (a) Lahore
- (b) Amritsar
 - (c) Bhatinda
 - (d) Jalandhar



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What was the minimum age decided by Child Marriage Act 1929 for girls and boys respectively.

- (a) 14 and 18
- (b) 16 and 14
- (c) 18 and 16
- (d) 21 and 18

1929 Harbilas Sharda Act

Vice by =1 Irwin



Who among the following was the founder of Vikramshila

University?

(a) Gopal

(b) Dharmapala

(C) Devapala

(d) Mahipal

Her Geral



Which one of the following Started "Satnami Movement"

- (a) Haridas Thakur
- (b) Ghasidas
- (c) Narayan Guru
- (d) Awadh Narayan





Who among the following sailors sailed westwards across the Atlantic Ocean to find a sea-route to India?

- (a) Vasco da Gama ydilla
- (b) Xuan Zang
- (c) Christopher Columbus
- (d) Fa Xian



The Revolt of Songram Sangma in 1906 took place because

- (a) the Muslim traders in Bengal rose against the unequal terms of trade set by the British.
- (b) the peasants in Champaran revolted against the indigo planters.
- (c) the Patidar peasants of Gujarat rebelled against the high land revenue demand of the British.
- (d) the tribal groups in Assam reacted against the colonial forest laws.



Who among the following was an exponent of the notion of Wahdat-i-deen that upholds the essential oneness of all religions?

- (a) Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- (b) Baji Muhammad
- c) Maulana Azad
- (d) Sayyid Ahmad Khan



Who among the following wrote the book, Gulamgiri?

- (a) E. V. Ramasamy Periyar
- (b) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
- (c) Jyotirao Phule
- (d) Shri Narayan Guru

Annihilation of

Casle



Who among the following national leaders coined the phrase 'Unity in Diversity' to describe the Indian



- (b) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- (c) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
- (d) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru







Who among the following was the writer of the story, Sultana's Dream?

- (a) Rokeya Sakhawat Hussain
- (b) Pandita Ramabai
- (c) Mumtaz Ali
- (d) Rashsundari Devi



Why would you ask questions on historical imagination? Choose the most appropriate option from the following:

- (a) It shows how historians fill gaps in history with their imagination.
- (b) It is fun-way to remember dates and events.
- (c) It encourages comparison of the present with the past.
- (d) It evaluates a student's ability to identify sources.





Why would you use narratives in Social Science teaching? Choose the most appropriate reason from the given options.

- (a) To sensitize students so that they can find appropriate role models
- (b) To ensure that syllabus is completed
- (c) To entertain and enliven a class
- (d) To link concepts to live realities



Why is the study of Social Science 'scientific'?

- (a) It helps its reader to study the scientific society.
- (b) It comprises systematically acquired verified knowledge.



- (c) It uses scientific terms in its content.
- (d) It fulfills the demand for calling Social Studies as science.



In which one of the following languages, mathematician and Astronomer, Aryabhata wrote his book, Aryabhatiyam?

Gupt Period

- (a) Hindi
- (b) Prakrit
- (c) Pali
- (d) Sanskrit





Which one of the following Stupas is marked as the place where the Buddha preached his first message?

(a) Sarnath

- (b) Bodh Gaya
- (c) Sanchi
- (d) Thotlakonda



Which were the three dynasties referred to as 'Muvendar' in Sangam poems?

(a) The Cholas, the Rashtrakutas and the Pandyas



- (b) The Cheras, the Palas and the Rashtrakutas
- (c) The Palas, the Cholas and the Pandyas
- (d) The Cholas, the Cheras and the Pandyas





The Rampurwa bull, a polished stone sculpture, now placed in Rashtrapati Bhawan, was built during the reign of which one of the following?

- (a) The Mauryas
- (b) The Pandyas
- (c) The Cholas
- (d) The Kushanas







Who among the following propounded the doctrine of

'Vishishtadvaita'?

- (a) Shankara
- (b) Allama Prabhu
- (c) Ramanuja
- (d) Basavanna

Jeershaiva





An archive is a place where

- (a) sculptures found in excavations are kept.
- (b) remains of the buildings made of stone and bricks found by archaeologists are kept.
- (c) historical manuscripts and documents are kept.
- (d) excavated bones of animals and birds are kept.



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Which one of the following Statements is correct about the Veerashaiva Movement initiated during the midtwelfth century in Karnataka?

- (a) It was initiated by Namdev and his companions.
- (b) It argued against Brahmanical ideas about caste and treatment of women.
- (c) It focused on worship of Vitthala.
- (d) It was against all forms of ritualism but promoted idol worship.





Consider the following two Statements A and B about 'Bandagan' in the early Delhi Sultanate and choose the correct answer.

- A. 'Bandagan' were special slaves purchased for military service and were trained with great care to hold the most important political offices in the kingdom.
- B. 'Bandagan' were totally dependent upon their masters. So the Sultans could not trust and rely upon them.

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Jaun Shaw Slaves 14 DS.



- (a) A is false and B is true.
- (b) A is true and B is false.
- (c) Both A and B are true.
- (d) Both A and B are false.



Which of the following has not been found in the Indus Valley Civilization?

- (a) Barley
- (b) Sugarcane
- (c) Mustard
- (d) Millet



- IRAO+ Israel

The Pillars of Emperor Asoka of the Mauryan Empire and the Code of Hammurabi of Babylon are most similar to the

- (a) Ziggurats of Sumeria
- (b) Map projections of Mercator
- (c) Great Sphinx of the Egyptians
- (d) Twelve Tables of the Romans

Golden



The Gupta Empire was best known for its:

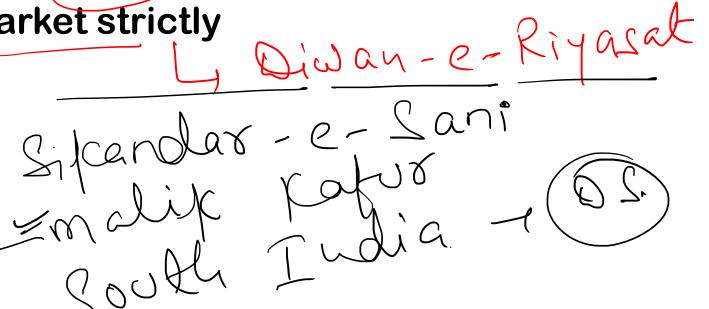
- (a) advances in mathematics and medicine
- (b) efforts to resist European imperialism
- (c) development of the barter system
- (d) construction of Angkor Wat





Choose the correct statement:

- I. Ala-ud-din paid salaries in cash rather than Iqtas
- II. Ala-ud-din controlled market strictly
- (a) Only I is correct
- (b) Only II is correct
- (c) Both are correct
- (d) Both are incorrect





Which of the following was not a fundamental point of difference between Buddhism and Jainism?

(a) Buddhism differed from Jainism in the fundamental concept of salvation.

(b) Buddhism was less accommodating towards Hinduism than Jainism because it was totally opposed to the caste system.



(c) The Buddhism concept of soul was redically different from that of Jainism.

d) Buddhism was a religion of the common masses, while Jainism was confined to the mercantile community.



In the early decades of Maratha rule, the most popular unit of land revenue measurement was

- (a) Gaj
- (b) Kathi
- (c) Jurib
- (d) Janjir