



SAFALTA CLASSTM

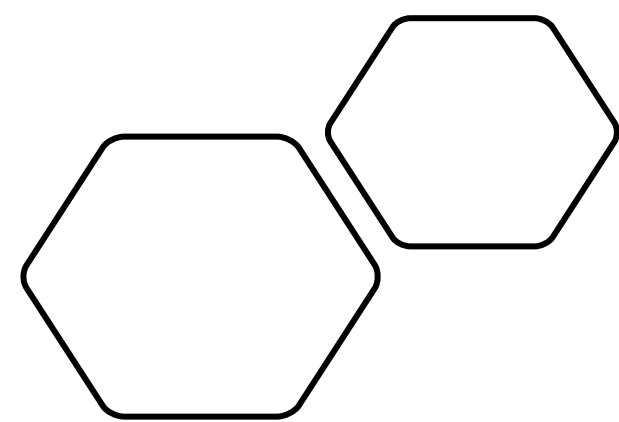
An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

TENSES

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

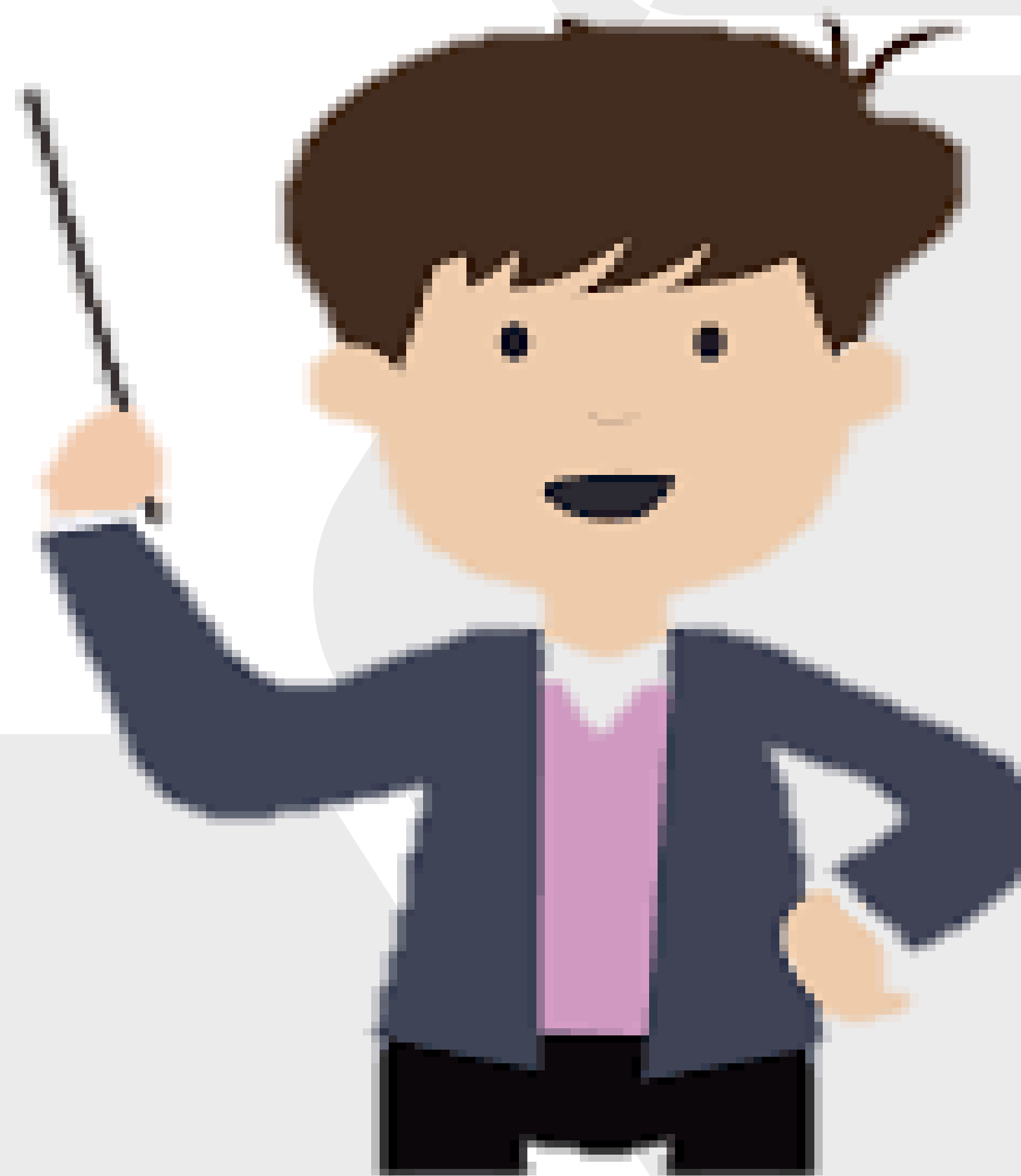
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TENSES-2

By: Santosh Sir



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Man does not live by food alone. Water is vital for human health and fitness. Although it is not a nutrient per se as are carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals, it, in fact, is a key nutrient in as much as no life is possible without it. Whereas we can do for weeks without food, we cannot live without water longer than a couple of days. Water approximates 60 percent of the body weight of human adults. The total amount of water in a man weighing 70 Kg. is approximately a little over 40 litres. It is an excellent solvent - more substances are soluble in water than any other liquid known so far. This makes it an ideal constituent of the body fluids which support life supporting chemical reactions. It dissolves varied products of digestion and transports them to the rest of the body. Likewise it dissolves diverse metabolic wastes and helps drain out of the body. Besides, it performs a variety of functions - some well-known and well-understood while others not so well appreciated yet vital.



The no less important role of water is to distribute and dissipate the body heat efficiently thereby regulating the body's temperature. Water accomplishes this role ideally because it has high thermal conductivity ensuring rapid heat transfer from one part to the other. Above all, water has a high specific heat, implying that it takes a lot of heat to raise the temperature of water and likewise much heat has to be lost to lower its temperature. Drinking a lot of water is an inexpensive way to stay healthy. Even excess of water is harmless. Water therapy - drinking a litre or so the first thing in the morning is kidney-friendly. The water regulation in the body is affected by hypothalamus in two ways i.e. (i) by creating the sensation of thirst which makes us drink water and (ii) by controlling the excretion of water as urine. If water regulation fails medical emergency ensues.



1. The most essential thing that man requires is
(a) food (b) minerals ✓ (c) water (d) proteins



2. "This makes it an ideal constituent of the body fluids." What does 'This refer to'?
- ✓ (a) Water being an excellent solvent
 - (b) Water
 - (c) Any other liquid
 - (d) The role of water



3. Water is an excellent solvent supporting
- (a) physical reaction
 - ✓ (b) chemical reaction
 - (c) biological reaction
 - (d) natural reaction



4. Water helps in
- (a) mixing the food
 - (b) transporting the food
 - ✓ (c) digesting and transporting the food
 - (d) throwing out the waste



5. Water therapy is
- ✓ (a) intake of water to maintain body temperature
 - (b) raising the temperature of the body
 - (c) lowering the temperature of the body
 - (d) drawing out excess water.



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• has

7. Dewgan just completed the work. ✓

has not done

8. She did not do the work yet.

9. Did you ever visit the Red Fort?

Have you ever visited

-
- 10. She did not write the application yet.

has not written,

•

11. I just told you about it.

have just told ✓

Present Perfect Continuous
[Has/have + been + v-ing]

Use

fixed past time से लेकर अभी तक और आगे भी
काम जाती है।

- ① हमलोग ॥ बजे से पढ़ रहे हैं।
मतलब ॥ के पहले से लेकर अब तक और
आगे भी 12 या 12.30 तक ---

Key words

for + time
since



• to / Not fixed
digit time

For (period of time) – Second / minutes / hours / days / weeks / months / years / decades / centuries /
a long time

Since (point of time) – O'clock / morning / Monday / January / 1880 / then / childhood / when /
yesterday / V^2 – (ये fixed time को show करता है।)

Since + V^2

eg.: ...since he came (जबसे वह आया), ...since I joined English class.

•
10. He is living here since 10 years.

has been living

for

11. Ramesh is playing football from morning.

since

12. Tina does not eat for two days.

Tina

has not been eating for 2 days.
2 दिन के लिए नहीं खा रही है (काने के लामने खा रही है)

13. The PM knows me since I met him.

जब से मिल

has known

has been playing

Non sense

Tina has not eaten for 2 days


2 दिन के लिए नहीं खाया है।

(situation/Time नहीं मिल)

★ कितने समय से - For how long ✓
For how long have you been waiting for me? ✓

* Note → How long के पहले 'for' गलत है।

How much - सिक्का
(पता)

1.  For how long have you been living here?

★ कब है - since when

from when X

eg. since when have you been waiting
for me?

H.V. sub + -
have you been doing ✓

① Since when are you doing this task?

wh-word + (H.V.)

sing - v's/es

•
4. He drinks (drink) tea every morning.

5. I get up (get up) everyday at five o'clock.

6. I _____ (know) him for a long time.

have been knowing X

have known ✓

•

. 4. My father is often coming here. *often comes ✓*

5. John is seldom getting up late. *seldom gets*

-
6. Grapes are tasting sour. *plus taste*
7. Water is boiling at 100 degree Celsius. *boils*
8. The Earth is going round the Sun. *goes*

स्टडी होम

own -

owns ✓

10. He is owning a car.

belongs ✓

11. This house is belonging to me.

knows ✓

12. He is knowing English.

is standing ✓

13. She stands in the shade of a tree.

-
14. What do you read at present? *are you reading ✓*
15. I am having a nice house. *have*
16. There are no taxies available because the drivers go on strike lately. *have gone*
17. I did not write the letter yet. *have not written*

- *has just entered ✓*
- 18. He just entered the class. *have discussed*
- 19. So far, I discussed two issues.
- 20. He is working here since January. *has been working ✓*

•

have known

21. I know him for five years.



22. He is learning music from Monday.

has been

since

•

has been

23. This T.V serial is going on for 3 years.

x

24. The little boy has been waiting ^{*for*} his turn since a long time. ✓

25. He is working here for the last five years.

has been

✓

•

☒ b. 5. This T.V serial a)/is going on b)/ for 3 years. c)/ No error d)

☒ c. 6. The little boy a)/ had been waiting for his turn b)/since a long time. c)/ No error d)

Confusing Forms of Verbs

V ¹	V ²	V ³	Ving
Be (is/am/are)	Was (Were)	Been	Being – होना
Do (does)	did	done	doing – करना
Have (has)	had	had	having – लेना/खाना, पास में होना
lie	lied	lied	lying – झूठ बोलना
lie	lay	lain	lying – लेटना
lay	laid	laid	laying – रखना, अंडा देना
hang	hanged	hanged	hanging – फाँसी देना
hang	hung	hung	hanging – लटकाना
fly	flew	flown	flying – उड़ना/उड़ाना
flow	flowed	flowed	flowing – बहना
fall	fell	fallen	falling – गिरना
fell	felled	felled	felling – काट कर गिराना
find	found	found	finding – पाना
found	founded	founded	founding – नींव रखना
rend	rent	rent	rending – चीड़-फाड़ करना
rent	rented	rented	renting – किराये पर देना
rise	rose	risen	rising – उगना, उठना, बढ़ना
raise	raised	raised	raising – मुद्दा उठाना
raze	razed	razed	razing – ध्वस्त करना
see	saw	seen	seeing – देखना
saw	sawed	sawed/sawn	sawing – आरी से काटना
sow	sowed	sown	sowing – बीज बोना
slay	slew	slain	slaying – कत्ल करना
Bid	bid	bid	bidding – बोली लगाना
bid	bade	bidden	bidding – कहना, विदा करना
quit	quit/quitted	quit/quitted	quitting – रोकना, छोड़ना

PAST INDEFINITE

V²

did not + V1

I

went
V²

|

I did not go
past Snd.

used for

Use

- Past habit/Routine
- Historical incident
- Past Incident
- Story telling

Key words

daily/ everyday,
usually/ generally/
often, always etc.

Past time के साथ

Past time

- yesterday
- ago
- last/past/previous + day/year/month
- in childhood
- when I was in Delhi----
- when she came----
- when I saw her----

→ इसका use किसी भी Past Tense में होता है।

while - जब
जबकि

•

1. The hen laid eggs yesterday.

2. She was always carrying an umbrella when she was in Kolkata.

always carried

Past Time

•

3. She has left school last year.

4. Babar has defeated Rana Sanga at Khanava.

•
•
used to come / came

5. She ~~was coming~~ here daily in her childhood.

6 . I ~~have completed~~ the given task last night.

Completed

Past Continuous

Was/were+ Ving

7. It is raining then.

- ता
It was raining ✓

8. When I saw her, she ran to catch the bus.

was running ✓

Past Perfect Tense

Past Perfect Tense
(had + v³) ✓

use -

- * 2 past actions में से 1st- past action के लिए past perfect Tense आता है।

Key words

When /

Before /

after /

already.

•
1. I already told you about it.

had already told ✓

•

गिराई

पहले बात → had seen ✓

2. She said that she saw me in the market yesterday.

गिराई

पहले बात

3. I asked him when did he watch Sholay.

he had watched