



An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

HISTORY ← NCERT - EXTRA

$\left[\begin{array}{c} 6, 7, 8 \\ 12 \end{array} \right]$

$\downarrow$

1/12/19

GUPTA EMPIRE

- founder - SRI GUPT

- Famous Rulers -

a) CHANDRA GUPT Ist -

- He started gupt era in 319 AD.

- He married with lichhvi princess (KUMARDEVI).

✓ Maurya dynasty

Samudragupt

son

Samudragupta

(Prayag) Prashasti

यशस्वि → विजय

<u>Jahangir</u>
S. 4 ⑦
ASHOKA ①

Prayag Inschr.

ORIG. = ASHOKA

b) SAMUDRA GUPT →

- Titles of Samudra Gupta → a) Lichchvi daudhira

b) Parakramak

c) Napoleon of India

d) Kaviraj.

Said by
Smillh ←

- SAMUDRA GUPTA was first ruler of Gupti dynasty who won or occupied North India.

- He constructed pillar inscription in 'Prayag'.

- This inscription was written by 'HARISHENA'.

c) CHANDRA GUPT - II →

→ 435 A.D.

- Titles - Vikramaditya. (brave like son)

- first chinese traveler 'FAHIYAN' came to India.

- FAHIYAN wrote a book 'Pho-Kyo-Ki'.

- '9' gems were present in court of CHANDRA GUPT - II.

- ARYABHATTA discovered symbol of '0'.

- 3 famous gems in 9 are - KALIDAS - (poet), DHANVANTRI - (Vaidya)

VARAHMIHIR - (Astronomer)

CSE

An unknown Ind →
Who discovered Zero (?)

Rigved
६१२१५१
Battle's
10 Kings

Ashoka ⇒ 261 B.C
↓
1st Ind (X)

NOTE →

Gupt Period is known as GOLDEN PERIOD of Indian history because of development in Art, Science & Literature.

Caves of Ajanta (Maharashtra) & Bagh (MP) are related with Gupta period.

Kumar Gupta-I founded 'Nalanda University' (Bihar).

1st evidence of sati system was found from Eran Inscription of BHANUGUPT (MP).

Gupt Dynasty was ended by attack of 'HUNS' (हूण) (Central Asia).

> ✓ तक्षशिला → (Taxila) (PAK)
 ↳ संस्थापक → (8)

~~শ্রী~~
~~শ্রী~~
 ⇒ শ্রী (Bengel)
 ⇒ শ্রী (Bengel)
 ⇒ শ্রী (Bengel)

LATER GUPT PERIOD →

HARSHAVARDHAN -

(606 - 647 A.D.)

Dynasty - PUSHYBHUTI

Harsh shifted his capital from 'Thaneswar' to
'Kannauj' (UP)
(Haryana)

Harsh wrote books namely - a) Nagananda

b) Ratnavali

c) Priyadarshika

famous poet - BANBHATTA was present in court of
HARSHAVARDHAN.

BANBHATTA also wrote few books -

Harshacharita

Kadambari

HR
आगे श्वर

← पुष्यभूति / Pushyabhoṭi

प्रभाकर वर्धन / Prabhakar Vardhana

हर्ष

राज्य वर्धन

(राज्यश्री)

वर्धन
(हर्षवर्धन)

गुल्लि शशि

HIUNTSANG came to India from China in time of HARSHVARDHANA

HIUNTSANG wrote a book $\rightarrow$ Si-yu-ki

HIUNTSANG is known as 'prince of pilgrims'
(ह्वेन सांग)

Buddha / DL

HARSH adopted Buddh religion by HIUNTSANG.

PULKESHIN - II defeated HARSHVARDHAN on the bank of river 'Narmada'.

RR

m.p. ⇒ गुजि-प्रतिहार - won

नद्योदयाश्री

कन्नौज

बंगाल - पाल
वंश

महाकाव्य

राष्ट्रकूट

त्रिपक्षीय संघर्ष
हिं - विरुद्ध

South Indian Rulers :-

1. Chalukyas of Vatapi / Badami :- वातापी के चालुक्य
(Bijapur), Karnataka

Founder - Jai Singh ✓

Famous Ruler :- Pulkeshin - II ✓

He assumed title (Parmeshwar) by defeating Harshvardhan ✓

He constructed ~~a~~ Ahole construction. PEER ICA

Ahole Inscription was written by Ravi Kirti ✓

Last ruler of this dynasty was Kirtivarman - II

Kirtivarman - II was killed by Dantidurga ✓

2. Rastrakoot Dynasty ✓
Maharashtra - Ruling area ✓

दन्तिदुर्ग

dynasty Founder - Dantidurga
Ruler of this Krishna - I constructed Kailash temple of Elora. MN

exan

3. Pallava Dynasty

TN

✓ Founder - Singha varman

Capital - Kanchi (Tamilnadu)

Famous Ruler:-

(i) Mahendravarman - I

He wrote a book Mattavilas Prashan

मत्तविलासप्रश्न

Sub: Admin.

यशोवर्धन

(ii) Narsinghavarman - I

He constructed Kailash temple in Kanchi.

shore temples

(iii)

Narsinghavarman - II

He constructed Monolithic temples in Kanchi. (शकाश्म)

(Shore Temple, Mahabalipuram Temple, रथ मंदिर). → कांचीपुरम (Tamilnadu)

Last ruler of this dynasty was Aprajit.

4. Chola Dynasty ✓ ✓
 Founder - Vijayalaya
 Capitals - • Uraiyur
 • Kaveri / Puhar
 • Tanjore
 Sujeet Bajpai Sir
 Uttiramerur inscription is related to
 Chola dynasty.
 Bronze statue of Natraj is related

किरा

वि ५५६
 शिवा (कुर्याण)

with Chola dynasty.
Village administration was very developed
in Chola dynasty.
Vijayeshwar Temple (Tamilnadu) was
constructed by Rajaraj-Ist.
Rajarajeshwar Temple
Rajendra - I founded Gangaikondacholapuram
(Tamilnadu)

SRI LANKA
North part

एवम् अति

जिहाद करियुक्त जिनि

Rajendra - I won complete Sri Lanka.
Kulottunga - I freed up Sri Lanka.
Malik Kafur ended Chola Dynasty.

Vijayanagar Empire (1336 - 1565)
Hampi, Karnataka.

Vijayanagar Empire was founded by two brothers Harihar and Bukka in 1336.

They founded Sangam dynasty in name of his father Sangam.

Famous Ruler :-

Krishna Dev Rai (1509-29)

Dynasty = Tulu
founder of Tulu dynasty = Veer Narasingha

Krishna Dev Rai wrote a book Amukt
Malyda आमुक्त मालयदा

His title was Andhra Bhoj.

Payes and Barbosa came to India in his times from Portugal.

Tenali Rama was present in his court.

Ashtadiggaj (8 poets) were also present in his court.

⇒ In 1565 in battle of Talikota, armies of Ahmadnagar, Bijapur, Golkonda, Beder defeated Vijayanagar.

Foreign Travellers to come in Vijayanagar:-

1. Nicolo Conti
From Italy

Sujeet Bajpai Sir

He came India in times of Devrai-I.

2. Abdur Rajjaq

From Persia (Iran)

In times of Devrai-II

medieval Indian History

व्यापारिक क्षेत्र

(अरब) $\Rightarrow$ कबीर

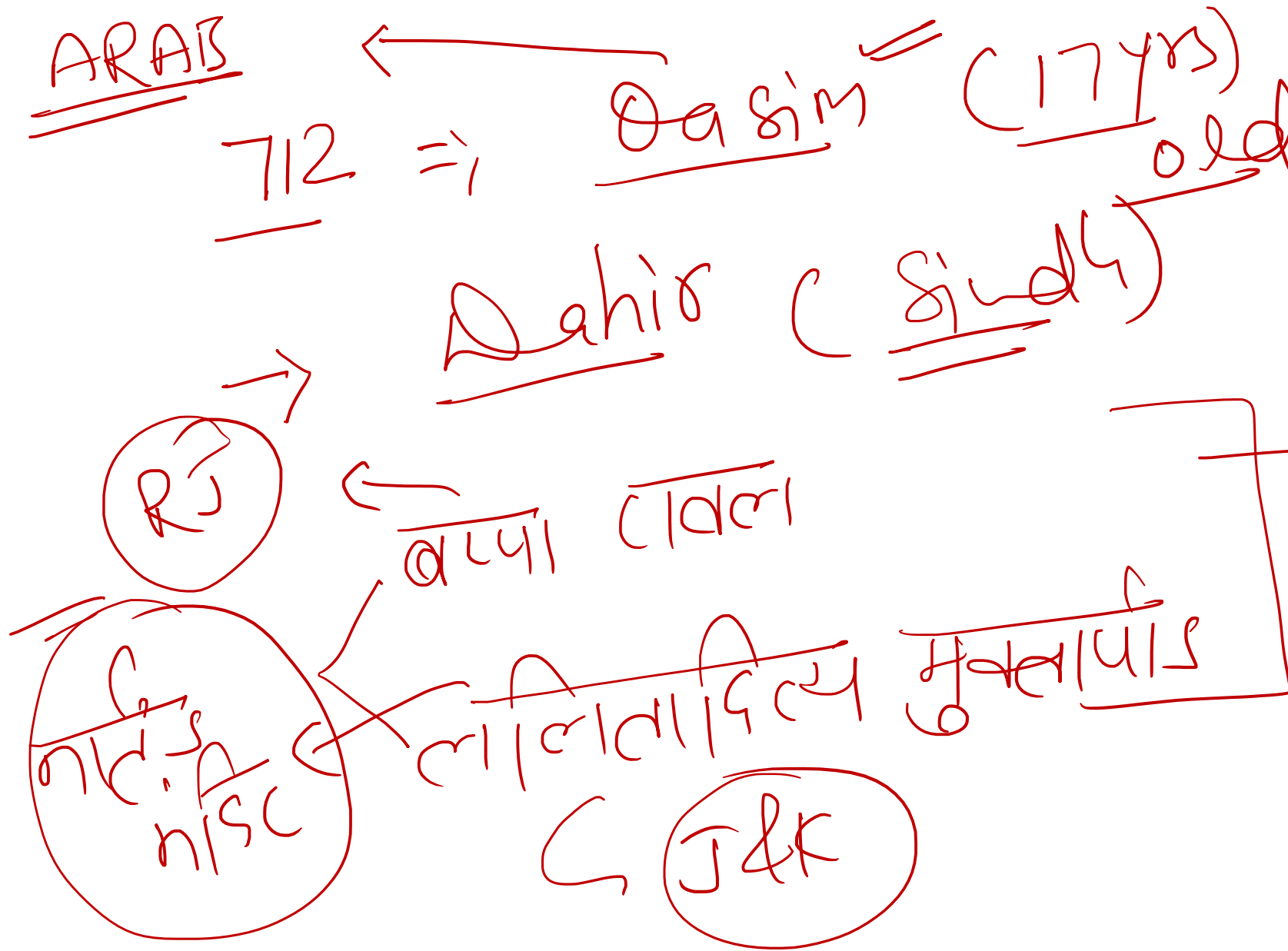
622

द्वितीय लंका

632

(X)

20



क़वले युद्ध

