



HISTORY BY- SUJEET BAJPAI SIR



RISE OF MAGADH MAHA JANPAD :-

Haryank Dynasty → This is also known as 'Patricide Dynasty'.
founder of this dynasty was 'Bimbisara'.

famous Vadhya Jeevak was present in his court.
Bimbisara was killed by his son 'Ajat shatru'.

first Buddha council was held ⁱⁿ at the time of Ajat shatru
(in 483 BC in Rajgriha).

Ajat shatru was killed by his son 'Udayin'.
Udayin founded 'Patliputra'.

last ruler of this dynasty was 'Nagdashak'.

Nagdashak was killed by his minister 'Shishunag'.

Shisunag Dynasty →
founder - shisunag.

After the death of shisunag his son 'Kalashok' came in power.
Second Buddha Council was held in time of Kalashok. (in 383 BC)
in Vaishali (Bihar).

Last ruler of this dynasty was 'Nandivardhana'.
Nandivardhana was killed by his minister 'Mahapadmaranda'.

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Nand Dynasty →

- founder - Maha Padomananda
- last ruler of this dynasty was 'Dhomanand'
- Alexander attacked on India in the time of Dhauad
- Dhomanand was killed by 'Chondragupta Maurya'

JAIN RELIGION

ABOUT MAHAVIR

➤ He was 24th Tirthankar of Jain religion.

Birth year	540 B.C.
Birth Place	Kund Gram (Vaishali)
Father	Siddhartha
Dynasty	Gyatraka
Brother	Nandivardhan
Mother	Trishala (Sister of Licchavi King Chetak)
Wife	Yashoda
Daughter	Anojja Priyadarshini
Son-in-law	Jamil (1 st Pupil of Mahavir)
Death	Pava-Puri (Nalanda)

BAUDDHA RELIGION

Founder	Gautam Buddha
Dynasty	Shakya
Father	Shuddhodhana (King of Kapilvastu)
Real Name of Buddha	Siddhartha
Birth Place	Lumbini (Nepal)
Death	Kushinagar (Devariya) in 483 B.C.
Mother	Mahamaya of Koliya Dynasty (She Died on 7 th day of His Birth)
Brought up by	Aunt Prajapati Gautmi She First Women to get permission to enter in Sangha
Wife	Yashodhara (Other Names- Gopa, Bimba)
Son	Rahul

Yog Teacher	Rudrak Ramputta
Charioteer	Chandak, Channa etc.
Horse	Kanthak
Place of Enlightenment	Bodhgaya
River	Niranjana(Falgu)
Tree	Pipal
Maha Bhinish Kraman	Leaving of Home
Dharmachakra	1 st Surmon (Place: Sarnath)

Pravrton	
Mahaparinirvan	Death
Pupil	Upali and Ananda

BAUDDHA RELIGION IS DIVIDED IN THREE PARTS:

1ST- Heenyan = Oldes form of religion.

2ND- Mahayam = Buddha considered as a Carnation.

3RD- Vajrayan = Buddha considered man of magic. Tara is related with Vajrayan.

Buddhist Council	Patron	Venue	Chairman
First	Ajatashatru	Rajgriha	Mahakashyapa
Second	Kalashoka	Vaishali	Sabbakami
Third	Ashoka	Patliputra	Mogaliputra
Fourth	Kanishka	Kundalban (Kashmir)	Vasumitra

Attack Of Alexander (326 B.C) -

- He was ruler of 'Macedonia'.
- His teacher was 'Aristotle'.

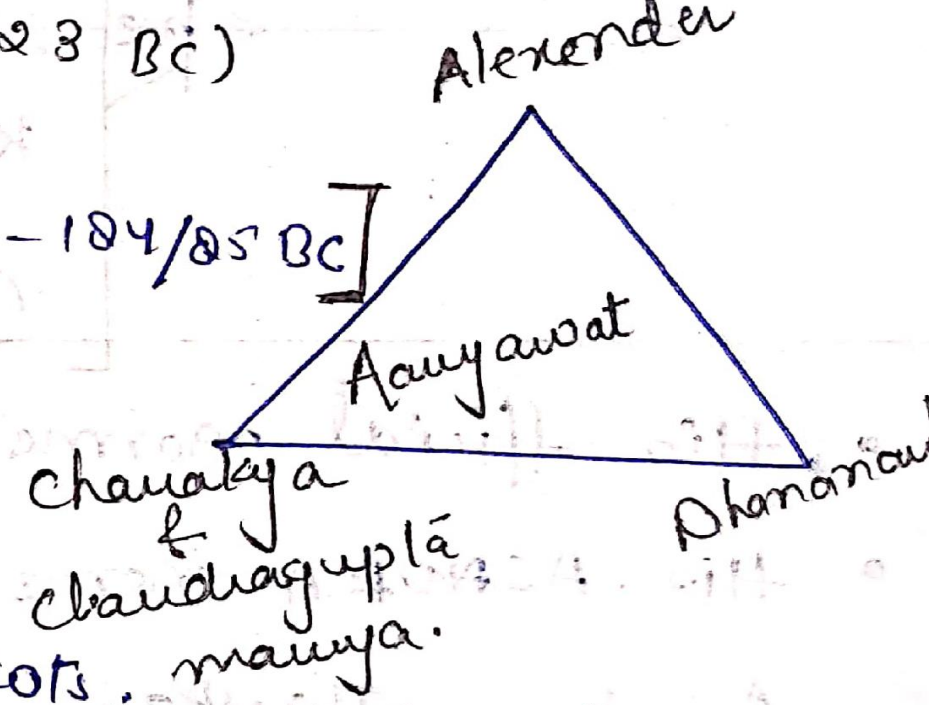
Battle Of Hydaspes / Battle Of Jhelum Vitesla -

- Battle b/w Porus and Alexander and Alexander won here.
- Alexander founded two cities in India →
a) Nikaigya b) Bukafela.
- Army of Alexander denied to cross river Vyas.
- Alexander died in Babylon. (323 B.C) Alexander

Babylon. (323 BC)

Maurya Empire → [323/21 BC - 184/185 BC]

→ Chandragupt Maurya
(322/21 BC - 298 BC)



- He was also known as Sandrokotes.
- Teacher of Chandragupt was Chauakya
- He was first ruler who founded all India Empire.
- He defeated Selucus.
- He constructed 'Lake Sudarshan' in 'Girnar (Gujarat)'
- Selucus sent Megasthenes in the court of Chandragupt Maurya.

Megasthenes was first International Ambassador to come in India.

Megasthenes wrote a book named 'Indica'.

Chandragupt adopted Jain religion by Bhadrabahu.
Capital of Chandragupt Maurya was 'Pataliputra.'

Chandragupt Maurya died in 'Shrovanbelgola (Karnataka)'
After his death, Bindusar (son of Chandragupt) came
in power.

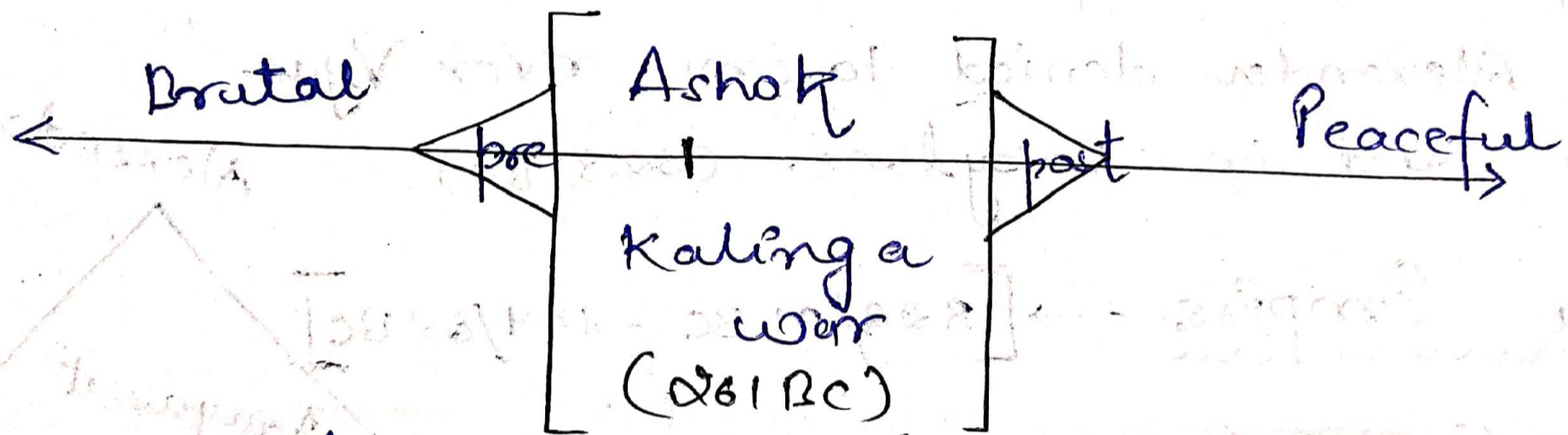
Bindusar was also known as 'Amihraghat' (means Easy)
Bindusar was follower of 'Ajivak sect'

Bindusar demanded 3 things from the king or ruler
of Saura - i) Philosopher
(जैनहीआया)

ii) figs (अंजीर)
↓
(आया था)

iii) wine
↓
(आया था)

~~Some~~ Ashok suppressed a revolt in Taxila in time
of his father Bindusar.



His official name was 'Devanampriya'.

His ASHOKA name found from Maski & Gujara.

Ashoka attacked Kalinga in 261 BC. (Source - 13th

3rd Buddha Council was held at time Rock Edict).

of Ashoka in (251 B) in patliputra.

- After Kalinga war, Ashoka adopted Bauddha religion by Bauddha monk Upgupt.
- Ashoka was influenced by his wife Kaurvaki.
- Ashoka visited Lumbini, and started Bauddha religion in Nepal.
- James Princep was first person who got success in reading inscriptions of Ashoka(1837).

- **Ashoka used Brahmi, Kharosthi, Greek & Aramaik scripts in his Inscriptions.**
- **Ashoka founded Sri-Nagar in Jammu-Kashmir.**
- **Ashoka repaired lake Sudarshan in Girnar(Gujrat).**
- **Ashoka and grand son Dashratha constructed caves for Ajivakas.**

- **Ashoka send his daughter Sanghmitra and son Mahendra to Sri-Lanka, to spread Bauddha religion.**
- **Last ruler of this dynasty was Brihdratha, he was killed by his commander Pushyamitra Shung.**