



SAFALTA CLASSTM

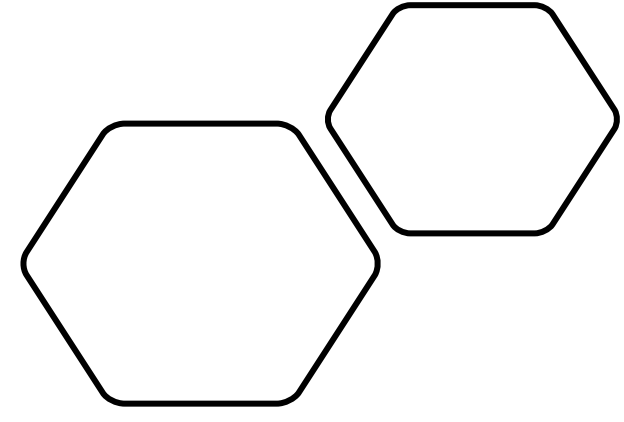
An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

READING SECTION

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

AFCAT/CDS/CAPF

16th July 2020 | 11:30 AM – 01:00 PM



FIB + CLOZE TEST

By: Santosh Sir



The term association refers to the ability to group various ideas and associating various events to that piece of memory. While the transfer of particular events to the brain takes place, it is stored in reference with another event. Hence, when we come across some new event, we relate that with another event that is already in our minds. This process is known as association. Due to association process one can get more information about a particular thing. One can relate the things altogether and be ready for the consequences of that particular event.

. When the thought and ideas are grouped together, on the occurrence of any event or thought, enormous related thoughts and memories come out of mind. If the person is having this ability on a larger scale that person is considered to possess an efficient and quick brain. On more extension the education can also be defined. Education is actually the way of grouping various idea and information so that one can associate that information with other information. This way association helps in enhancing the new ideas and information. Association helps in cultivating a well stored brain.

. When the things in mind are well-associated, the person can use the information in memory effectively for future events. For example, a person reads about the dogs infected with rabies. He reads about the behavior and outlook of the infected dogs. While passing through a road he comes across a dog that is behaving oddly. Here, just by watching the behavior the person remembers the information about the infected dogs. He immediately gets away from the sight of the dog in order to avoid injury by the dog. This whole event explains the term association. The person associated the information in his memory to the live event and avoided the further accident. This way the association helps in day to day life.

. Only good memory cannot make a person brilliant. The proper association of many informative events to each other is most important. If the events that are recalled are not related to the current event, then the information in memory won't be helpful. The various informative events are like threads. These are entered into memory block without any relation with any other event. Once they are stored in the brain, various ideas and thoughts start to group together. The grouping is done on the basis of similarities between the events. This way the threads are tied together to form a knot. Whenever a new thought or idea enters the mind, one of the threads gets touched by that idea. And suddenly connection to all other threads of ideas is established. Due to this the relevant information comes in the front. In this manner the network of association works.

. A person with a great associative power is able to establish this connection very quickly. Even though the amount of information stored in his memory is less, he can quickly think of related ideas. These ideas may not have a great relevance to the current event, but he is able to recall every single detail similar to that event. This kind of mind is considered as brilliant. Hence, association is very important along with a good memory.

1. What is the meaning of the term “Association” given in the context of the passage?
- a) When we come across some new event, we relate that with another event that is already in our minds. ✓
 - b) Only good memory can make a person brilliant. ✗
 - c) A person having good associations has good thoughts and ideas.
 - d) All of the above
 - e) None of these

- . 2. Due to association process _____
- a) One can differentiate between the good and bad things.
 - ✓ b) One can get more information about a particular thing.
 - c) One can have a very good IQ level.
 - d) One can be perfect in remembering all the ups and downs of life.
 - e) One can always be happy and cheerful in life.

. 3. Which of the following supporting example has/have been given by the author to support the association of information in one's memory?

A) The dog on the road behaving oddly.

B) A person bitten by the rabies infected dog. ✗

C) A stray dog biting the people around ✗

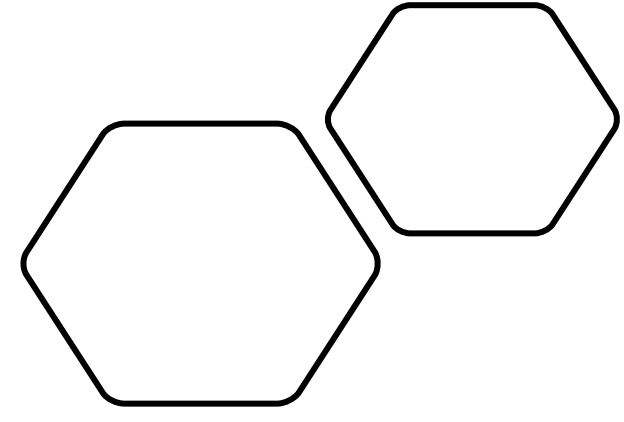
a) Only (A) b) Only (B) c) Only (C)

d) Both (A) and (B) e) Only (A) and (C)

4. Which of the following is TRUE in the context of the passage?
- a) A person with a great associative power is able to establish his connection very quickly. ✓
 - b) Association is not important if one has a good memory. ✗
 - c) One needs the things in mind to be well-associated for the effective use of memory. ✓
 - d) Both 1) & 2)
 - ✓ e) Both 1) & 3)
a c

5. Which of the following is FALSE in the context of the passage?
- a) Associations do not help in cultivating a well stored brain. ~~Q~~ F
 - b) Only good memory can make a person brilliant. F
 - c) The term association refers to the ability to group various ideas. T
 - d) Both 1) & 2)
 - e) All of the above

- . 6. According to the passage, the various informative events are like _____
- a) Raw information
 - b) Threads
 - c) Individual ideas
 - d) Association works
 - e) None of these



FIB-1

By: Santosh Sir



FIB

1. To time, please go foot and not by bus.

go on foot

- a) spend, with ~~X~~ b) kill, towards ~~X~~
c) utilise, on d) gain, on

2. Please do not _____ me now; I am very busy. I will look into it tomorrow.

a) demand

b) disturb

c) expect

d) worry.

3. After a recent mild paralytic attack his movements are _____
restricted; otherwise he is still very active.

a) not

b) entirely (*wholly*)

c) slightly d) nowhere

a little

4. The victorious army _____ through the fallen city.

a) attacked b) ran

c) marched d) disturbed

. 5. How much did it ____ you to have your radio repaired?

- a) cost b) charge
c) price d) pay

mechanic - charge
Things - cost
Customer - pay

FIB

6. Despite his _____ he had to suffer.
- a) punishment b) crime
c) fault d) ~~innocence~~

interest → passion →

[mania
obsession]

7. There is a disturbing _____ between politics and sports in India.

a) link

b) connection

c) isthmus

d) nexus.

synonymous two
land connecting

water sources



8. There seems to be an air of peace now ___ in our country.
- a) flowing b) floating
c) smelting d) blowing

water - flow > वाहना
wind - blow > धुलना

9. The two brothers look so _____ that it is difficult to tell one from the other.

- a) identical b) same
c) similar d) alike

10. His _____ income does not allow him to buy a TV.

- a) small b) meagre
c) spared) scarce

pairs are called
collocation

meagre income

FIB

6 Aug.

5/5

10/10

7. good
8. good
Close Test

9 - outstanding
10 - lucky

→ read who paragraph without seeing
the option

→ make sense

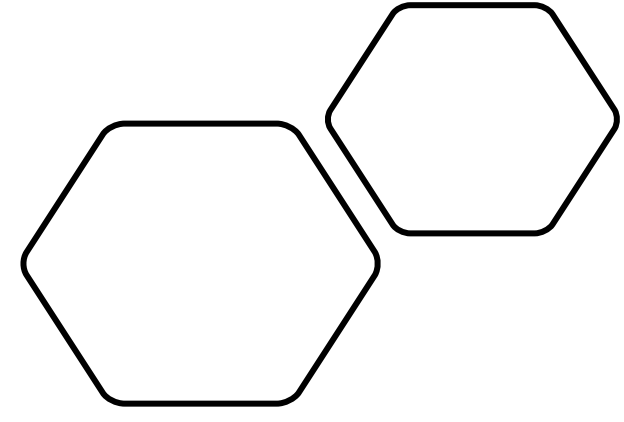
→ go for option

True

—m

neutral

•
Class



CLOZE TEST-1

By: Santosh Sir



CLOZE TEST -1

Each year middle class Indian children ...(1).... crores of rupees in pocket money and(2)..... a heavy burden on parental(3)..... Like adults, those kids have(4).... connected with budgeting and saving money. Unfortunately, basic money(5).... is not readily taught in schools.

- | | | | | |
|----|---------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| 1. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a)Spend | b)Steal | c)Save | d)Give |
| 2. | a)Move | b)Take | c)Risk | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> d)Put |
| 3. | a)Promises | b)Payments | c)Demands | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> d)Incomes |
| 4. | a)Expenses | b) Experience | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c)Problems | d) Guidance |
| 5. | a)Availability | b) Inflation | c)Problem | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> d) Management |

CLOZE TEST-2

Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose; imports suddenly became(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)....

- | | | | | |
|----|----------|-----------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. | a)It | b)He | c)They | d)We |
| 2. | a)With | b)By | c)After | d)From |
| 3. | a)Buy | b)Take | c)Pick | d)Want |
| 4. | a)Hardly | b)Easily | c)Frequently | d)Conveniently |
| 5. | a)Costs | b>Returns | c)Dividend | d)Prices |

Today I am very happy.

CLOZE TEST-3

It is summed up in single word- Man is the only real enemy we have. Remove man from the ... (1) ... and the root cause of hunger and ... (2) ... is abolished forever. Man is the only ... (3) ... that consumes without ... (4) ... He does not give milk, he ... (5) ... not lay eggs, he is ... (6) ... to pull the plough, he cannot run ... (7) ... enough to catch rabbits ... (8) ... he is lord of all the animals. He sets them to work, he gives back to them the bare ... (9) ... that will prevent them from ... (10) ... and the rest he keeps for himself.

we

minimum

overwork

do

too weak

creature

producing

fast

but

starving

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. (a) area | (b) scene | (c) place | (d) light |
| 2. (a) overwork | (b) work | (c) while | (d) waste |
| 3. (a) thing | (b) worm | (c) human | (d) creature |
| 4. (a) drinking | (b) producing | (c) eating | (d) sleeping |
| 5. (a) does | (b) do | (c) did | (d) has done |
| 6. (a) too idle | (b) too strong | (c) too weak | (d) too quick |
| 7. (a) slow | (b) fast | (c) idle | (d) dull |
| 8. (a) yet | (b) but | (c) them | (d) thus |
| 9. (a) maximum | (b) minimum | (c) average | (d) capacity |
| 10. (a) producing | (b) creating | (c) eating | (d) starving |

16. He does not like to be friendly with Sunil. He always gives him the cold_____

a) push b) insult

c) shoulder d) coffee

17. There is a/an _____ to every rule.

a) objection b) criticism

c) caveat d) exception

18. Renu is a _____. You can lead her by the nose. →

a) novice b) woman

c) blind d) simpleton

exception to the rule
who says

CLOZE TEST-4

16. He does not like to be friendly with Sunil. He always gives him the cold_____

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CLOZE TEST-4

19. He admired precision in everything but it never hampered his quick _____

- a) dealing b) action
c) decision d) finalisation

*precise = exact
purity*

20. Mahesh _____ a bit _____ he was not invited by his friends

- a) expressed, than b) grumbled, when
c) angered, since d) surprised, about

21. I cannot ___ it to you right now; tomorrow we will discuss it.

- a) demand b) explain
c) worry d) expect

explain sth. to sb.

CLOZE TEST-4

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CLOZE TEST-4

159. Let him sleep, he is (dozing/dosing) ✓

160. He has taken four..... of Mixture. (doses/dozes) ✓

161 drops spread on the green grass look like pearls.
(Dew/Due) ✓

162. He showed me..... respect. (due/dew) ✓

163. Mr. Gupta has gone for..... hunting. (boar/bore) ✓

↓ wild pig

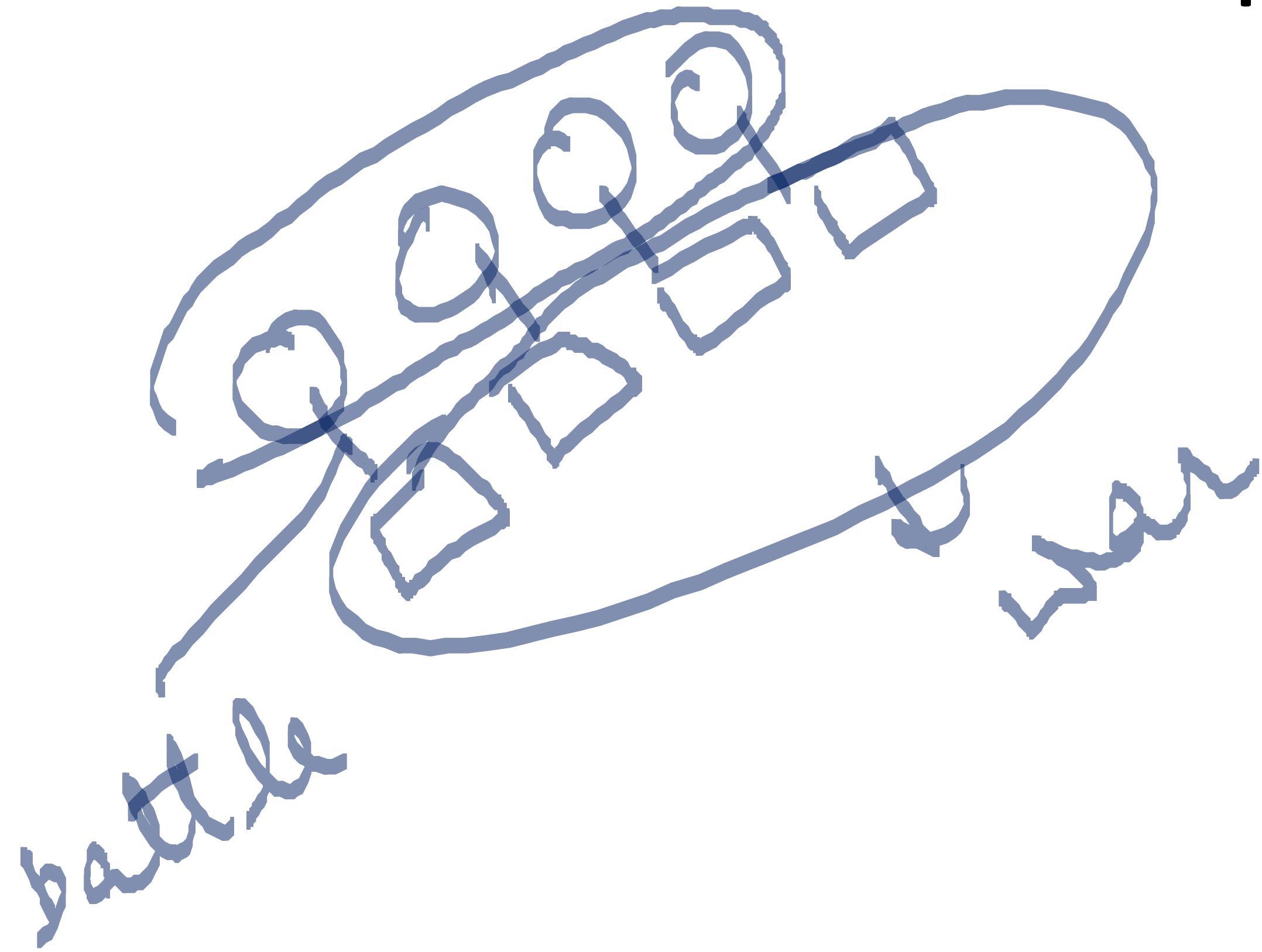
CLOZE TEST-4

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- 161 drops spread on the green grass look like pearls.
(Dew/Due)
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163. Mr. Gupta has gone for..... hunting. (boar/bore)

157. It is the policy of our government to help the Harijans.
(decided/decisive)

158. The first battle of Panipat was.....(decisive/decided)

5.



प्राचीन युद्ध

5.

CLOZE TEST-4

Learning to keep our environment...(1)....is absolutely necessary....(2)....polluted environment affects us in many ways. It is needless to stress the importance....(3) *of* fresh air, pure water and clean surroundings. We must....(4)....an earnest effort to achieve this laudable...(5)..*for - because* Firstly, we must keep our house and its(6)....clean. Garbage of all kinds must be disposed(7).... promptly. Secondly, drains should be kept(8).... preventing disease carrying flies and mosquitoes(9).... in them. Lastly, water should not be allowed to stagnate(10)....mosquitoes breed in these puddles and spread diseases like malaria, filaria and dengue fever.

- | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|---------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|--------------|
| 1. | (a) | strong | (b) | happy | (c) | shabby | (d) | clean |
| 2. | (a) | if | (b) | for | (c) | but | (d) | so |
| 3. | (a) | by | (b) | in | (c) | of | (d) | from |
| 4. | (a) | make | (b) | get | (c) | find | (d) | do |
| 5. | (a) | View | (b) | goal | (c) | wish | (d) | desire |
| 6. | (a) | clothes | (b) | inmates | (c) | items | (d) | surroundings |
| 7. | (a) | of | (b) | off | (c) | out | (d) | down |
| 8. | (a) | closed | (b) | opened | (c) | covered | (d) | tight |
| 9. | (a) | sitting | (b) | sleeping | (c) | breeding | (d) | flying |
| 10. | (a) | if | (b) | as | (c) | also | (d) | but |

make an effort

.CLOZE TEST-5

Pythons are (1) ... non venomous snakes found(2).... in damp places or rocky ledges near marshes or in dense ...(3)... They are considered to be the most primitive....(4).... the living snakes(5).... they retain the traces of hind limbs of a(6).... era in the form(7).... horny claw like spurs. which are present(8).... either side of(9).... anus. These hind limbs are functionless(10).... female pythons.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|-------------|------------------|------------|
| 1. | (a) small | (b) tiny | (c) cute | (d) huge |
| 2. | (a) mostly | (b) rarely | (c) occasionally | (d) hardly |
| 3. | (a) cities | (b) towns | (c) hills | (d) homes |
| 4. | (a) between | (b) in | (c) among | (d) over |
| 5. | (a) so | (b) because | (c) and | (d) but |
| 6. | (a) by gone | (b) latest | (c) present | (d) recent |
| 7. | (a) in | (b) for | (c) on | (d) of |
| 8. | (a) over | (b) above | (c) on | (d) in |
| 9. | (a) the | (b) a | (c) an | (d) that |
| 10. | (a) with | (b) among | (c) on | (d) in |

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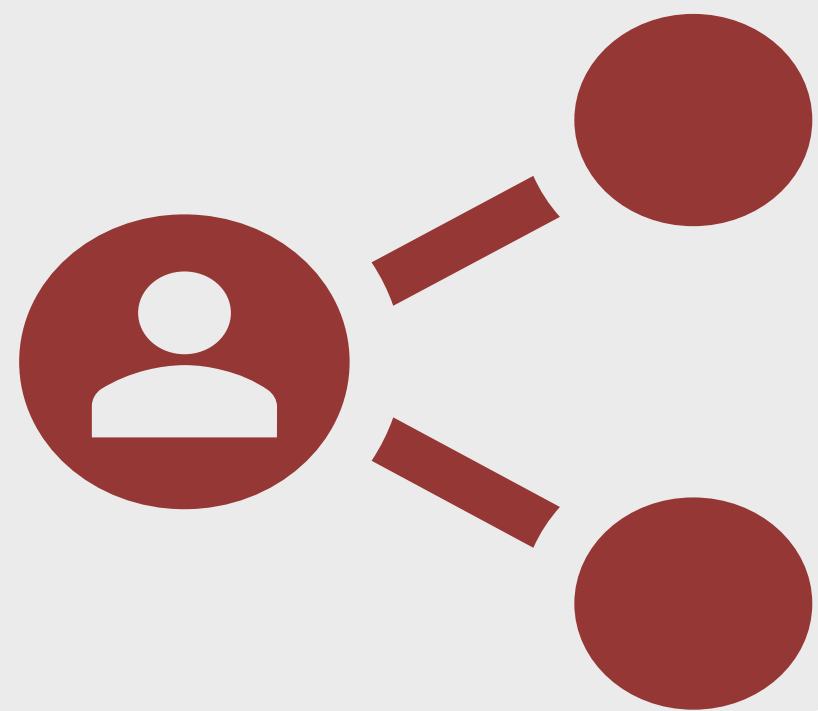
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