



SAFALTA CLASSTM

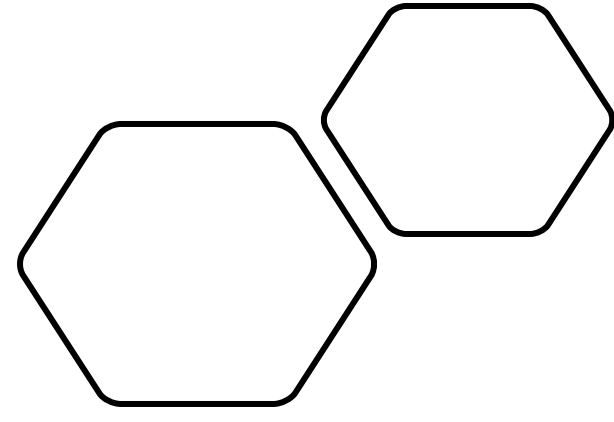
An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

PRONOUN

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

NDA/NA

2nd July 2020 | 5:30 PM – 7:00 PM



PRONOUN

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CASE		PERSONS									
		I		II			III				
Subjective		I	We	You	He	She	It	They	One	Who	Ram
Possessive	Adj.	My	our	Your	His	her	its	their	one's	whose	Ram's
	Pro.	mine	ours	yours	his	hers	(x)	theirs			Ram's
Objective		me	us	you	him	her	it	them	one	whom	Ram
Reflexive		Myself	ourselves	yourself, yourselves	himself	herself	itself	themselves	oneself		

S + V + O

I killed him
S V O

He killed her
S V O

x myself Aditya

I am Aditya
I myself am Aditya

ये सब शब्दों को 'I' आते, जो हमेशा Subjective N / Pro. के बाद आते हैं।

3

This 'is my pen.

This pen 'is mine.

Their father has come.

His pen 'is blue.

- He was happy at my coming on time
- I was angry at his smoking daily.

3

He was angry at me my coming late

my pen is red

Yours

Your

pen

is blue.

His

His

pen

is green

Her

Her

pen

is black.

RULE NO.1

- When two or all the three persons come together as subject / object, the order is..... 2,3,1

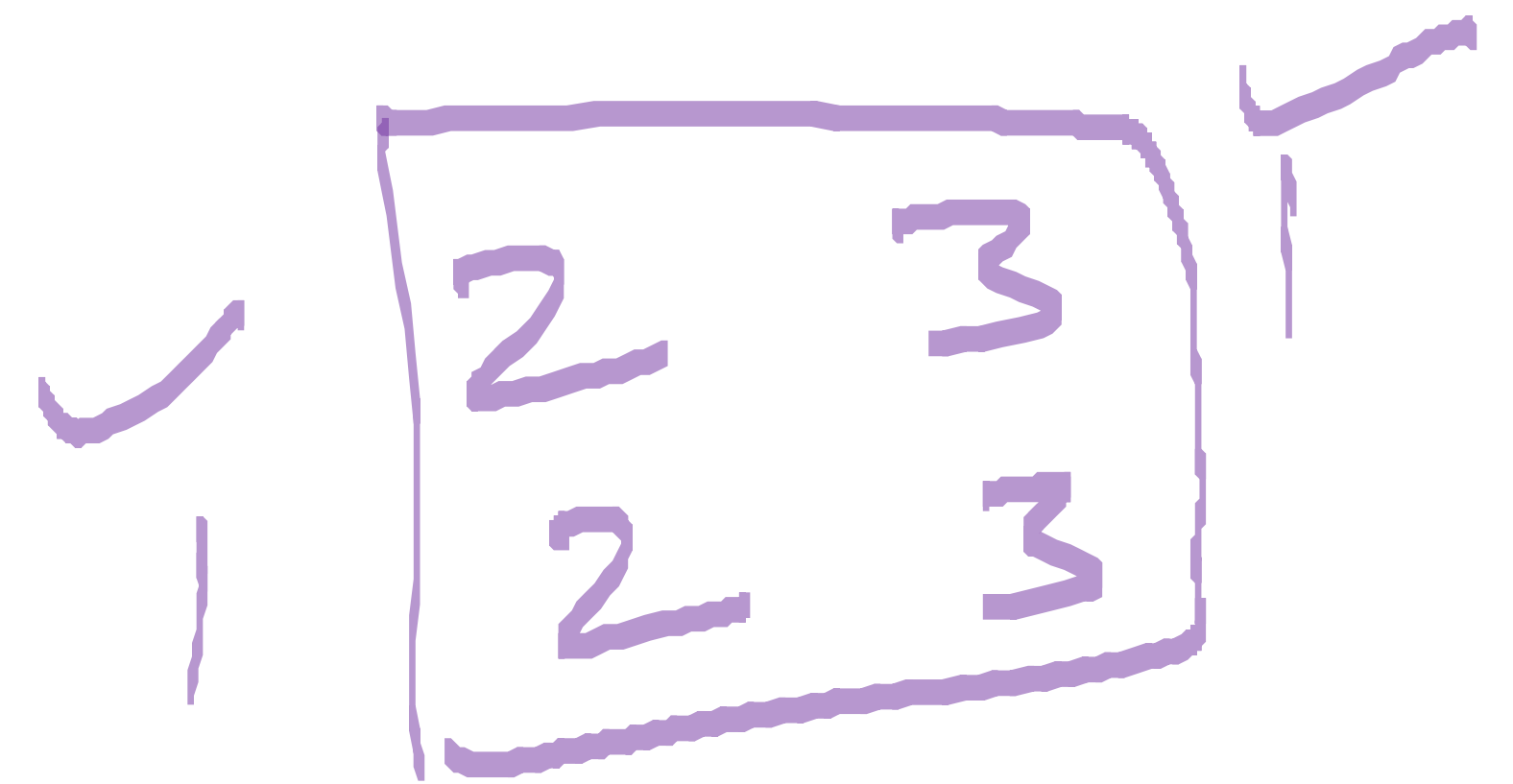
eg. I, you and he have done a great job.

I and he are doing it.

NOTE--- When there is a feeling of confession and plural pronouns, the order is

1,2,3

eg. You and I have killed him.



you, he and I ✓

He and I ✓ ~~जिम्मा~~ ~~होकारना~~

I and you

Correct the sentences

- 1. She and I stole that book yesterday. *I and she*
- 2. I, you and he were going through that fiction. *→ novel*
- 3. She was having a word with me and him. *him and me*
- 4. He and you were speaking the truth. *you and he*
- 5. I and my father are coming to you. *my father and I*

• my wife and I

- (A) 1. I and my wife(A) were declared (B) the best couple at the party. (C) No error (D)

my wife and I

- (A) 2. Me and my wife(A) were at home (B) last night. (C) No error (D)

3. I and Tina will(A) go to the market (B) in the evening. (C) No error (D)

Tina and I ✓

RULE NO.2

दाता (जे prep. की तरह)

[Let/ like/ between/ but= except/ preposition] + Obj.(me, him, them etc.)

eg. 1. Let I/me go now.

Subj X I/ he/ they
X X X

- 2. This pen is for she. her ✓
- 3. All but she were present in the class. her ✓

-
- 4. She is singing but he is dancing. ✓

•

1. There is no argument(A) between You and I (B)so we are free to go our way. (C) No error (D) prep ✓ me ✓

•

1. Such rules (A) do not apply to (B) you and I. (C) No error (D)

2. Let they (A) do it in a proper (B) way. (C) No error (D)

then

•
s v o him

I asked his that /(a) why he was angry /(b) but he did not answer. /(c) No error. (d)

RULE NO.3

- obj में आता है यदि पहले obj. हो तो
- (As/than) + Sub.[I, she, he]
 - It + (is/ was/will be) + Sub.[I, she, he]
- obj x (me / him / her)
- Eg. She is better than me / I. (is / am / are)
 - It is me. Hidden है

3

obj No error

He loves me as much as her.

s v o adj Obj

He loves me as much as (he loves) her ✓
s v o s v o
He loves me as much as she loves me ✓
s v o s v o (v o)

She beat me more than him. / No error

a Ubl c d ✓✓

She ~~beat~~ me him

she beat me more than (she beat) him ✓
s v o s v o
she beat me more than he (beat me) ✓
s v o s v o
she ~~beat~~ me
He ~~beat~~ me

-
- 1. He is (A) fatter (B) than me. (C) No error (D) ✓
me → *I*
- 2. It was *he* him (A) who came running (B) into the classroom. (C) No error (D)
- 3. My twin (A) is five minutes (B) younger than myself. (C) No error (D)
myself → *I*
- 4. Was it *he* him, that the teacher (A) punished for not submitting (B) his project on time. (C) No error (D)

RULE NO.4

- ~~Both~~ ~~Either~~ ~~Neither~~ each + of the two
- ~~All~~ ~~anyone~~ ~~none~~ ~~every one~~ + of the three, four,.....

• Either of the five pens is gel. ✓

• All of the two cars are Maruti. ✓

• Neither of his five pens is working. ✓

Neither of students has come yet

• Both the students have not come yet. X

Neither student has come yet.

Both at use we
sentence में नहीं होता
we में Both के
व्यक्ति use
करते हैं।

none ✓

1. He is a university professor(A)but of his three sons (B)neither has any merit. (C) No error (D)

✓ either

2. Any of the two (A)roads leads (B) to the station. (C) No error (D)

either

3. Any one of these two students (A)can be sent to participate (B)in the drawing competition. (C) No error (D)

5.

Someone

/body

Anyone

/body

Everyone

/body

No one

/body

Each

Subject

They X

he/she ✓

Possessive

their X

his/her ✓

Reflexive

themselves X

himself/ herself ✓

he X / his X / himself X

One one/one's/oneself (correct)

एक ✓

✓

✓

✓

RULE NO. 5

- Everyone/everybody/each.....he/ his/ himself ✓✓✓
- she/ her/ herself ✓✓✓
- they/ their/ themselves(wrong) ✗✗✗
- One one/one's/oneself (correct) ✓✓✓
- he / his/himself (incorrect) ✗✗✗
- One should do his duty. ✓ one's ✓
- One has to drink water if he wants to survive. ✓ one ✓ his or her
- Each of the four students have submitted their notebooks. ✓ has ✓

Every student promised to complete ~~their~~ work ~~themselves~~.

his or her

himself or
herself

One should do ~~his~~ duty.

one's ✓

One has to drink water if ~~he~~ wants to survive.

one

Each of the four students have submitted their notebooks

1. One should respect (A) the religions of others (B) as much as his own. (C) No error (D)
2. One should have (A) their teeth checked (B) every six months. (C) No error (D)
3. When one takes great risks (A) they must be prepared (B) for great losses.. (C) No error (D)

RULE NO. 6

- Some verbs (hurt, introduce, present, absent, enjoy, avail, pride etc.) +
take obj./ Reflexive Pronoun (myself, himself, ourselves, herself etc.)

के वाक्य N / Pro. आता है

Hint - इन verbs में
just वाक्य N / Pro. में
आता है Reflexive
प्रयोग है

- He enjoyed the party.
- He enjoyed in the party.
- She absented me from the class yesterday.

- She absented from the class yesterday.

RULE NO. 7

V form में Bath etc

• Some verbs don't take reflexive pronoun with them.

• Keep, stop, turn, qualify, bathe, move, rest, hide etc.

ये वाद Ref.
नहीं आता

→ लोभारि

• eg.1. A worldly person should keep himself from the stoics.

• 2. The plunderer hid himself behind the door.

thief / dacoit / Robber

↓ दुःख सुख में
समभाव
indifferent to pain
or pleasure

RULE NO. 8

✓
• Such.....as(correct) (جی)

• who/which(incorrect) ✗ ✗

• 1. He is not such a zealous person who I was searching for. ✓

• 2. She is not such a girl who is required for this job. ✓

RULE NO.9

- Each other.....(for two)
- One another.....(for more than two)

एक दूसरे
each other

eg. The astrologer and the astronaut are fighting with one another.

A theist, an atheist, a pantheist and an agnostic are fighting with each other

↓
कौ-ल से भेदाव
के मात्रे वाता

↓
को भेदाव
के लिए Doubtful है one another

- *either*
- Anyone of his eyes is defective. ✓
- Both you ~~as well as~~ my brother are going to attend her marriage tomorrow. *and*
- *Neither* Both of them are not going there. ✓ *→ they meet*
- He is not one of those who will help everybody whom he meets. ✓
- He and myself alone will complete this work.
- Each of the brother *I* could get ~~their~~ *his* share of property.
- This is only one of her novels ~~which have~~ *that has* been published till date.

RULE-10

1. All
2. much
3. none
4. the same,
5. the only
6. superlative degree

३ एतल

Relative Pro.

That ~~अमेर~~ ✓

who ✗
which ✗

that

7. 1. This is the same ornithologist who scolded me.
8. 2. He is the bravest boy who won the acclaim.
9. 3. It was all which I had.

✗ that

— that

- 1. He told me the same(A) story which he told(B) you yesterday.(C) No error (D)
- 2. Sairat is one of the latest(A) in the list of contemporary Marathi movies(B) which appeared in recent times.(C) No error (D)

living

Non living

WHO OR WHICH?

* *

choice / selection of the

living के लिए
which बतात है।

which

• Of the two sisters who is the more beautiful? ✓

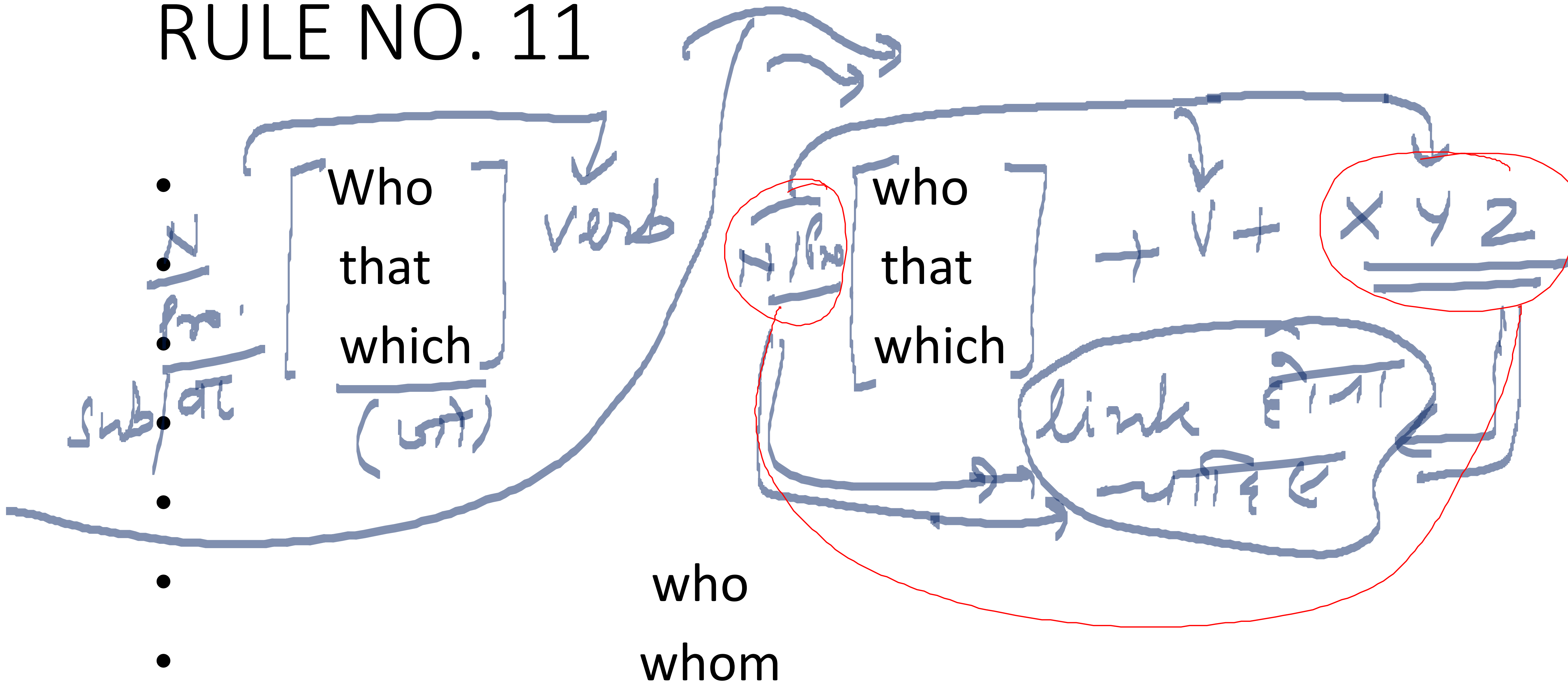
• Who is your father in the crowd?

which the

• Who is better of the two students in our colony?

which

RULE NO. 11



the shawl of her mother

- 1. She has her mother's shawl who feels very cold in winter.

- 2. I gave him my friend's watch who is very generous. (*kind*)

the watch of my friend

- 3. she narrated the whole incident who is a very good story teller.

*The whole incident was
narrated by her / who*

my pen
pen of mine

'Whose' or "of which"

living + whose + Noun

Non living + the noun of which

the screen of which

- 1. I have a TV whose screen is 65 inches.

- 2. I met the person whose daughter is in the USA.

- 3. She gave me a pen whose ink is gel.

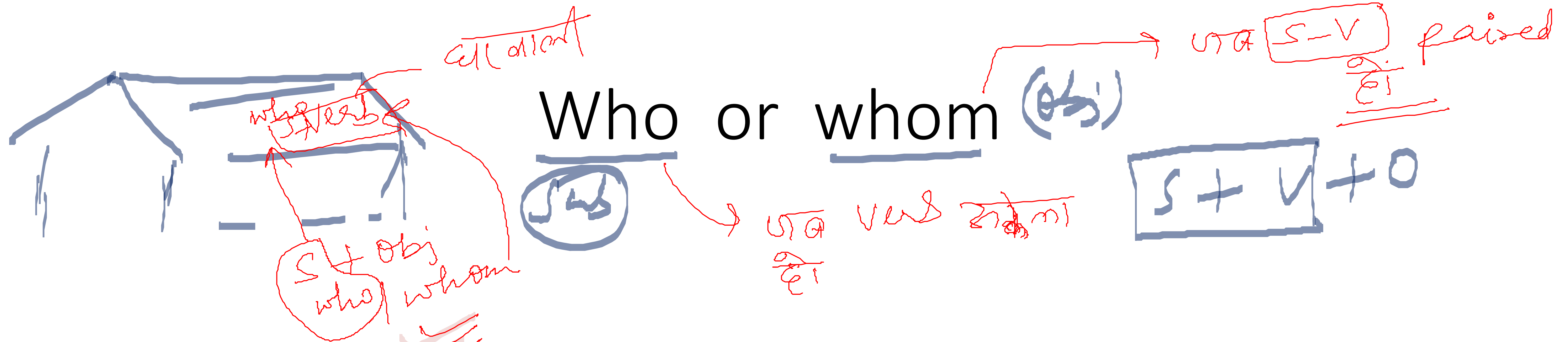
- 4. He read a letter whose message was threatening.

- 5. The boy (a) which money (b) was lost felt sorry(3) No

error(d)

(SSC-16)

whose



- 1. The players whom we have selected for our team are young and ambitious.
- 2. The students whom, we are talking about, have come, are the winners of quiz competition.
- 3. He was talking of the people who, he stated, he had fought with in Bhutan.

who/whom 2 are S-V ignore ast

- 4. She is the kind of lady whom, everybody thinks, is shrewd. शुद्ध/सही
- 5. She is the lady who, I know, you can always count on.
- 6. This is the sportsperson(A) whom I think has won (B) the much coveted prize. (C) No error (D) (CHSL-16)

who

•

- 1. My shirt is better than you.

your shirt

yours ✓

- 2. His pencil is sharper than me.

my pencil

mine ✓

- 3. Your house is as big as she.

her house

hers ✓
that those

- 4. The weather of Mathura is as cold as Delhi.

the weather of Delhi

-
- 5. The roads in Delhi are wider than Nepal.
 Handwritten corrections: "those" (crossed out) and "that" (underlined) above "the roads"; "in Nepal" written to the right; "these from" written below.
- 6. The students from Hathras are more industrious than Mthura.
 Handwritten correction: "that of" written above "Mthura".
- 7. The climate of Shimla is as cold as Manali.

-
- You and I have done your duty well. *आपका*
- You and Hari have wasted their time. *your*
- Nobody will help you but I. *me*
- I was sitting by myself. (*alone*)
- There is no period in ancient Indian history so glorious as the Guptas. *that*
- My father does not like me watching movies with you. *my*
- She was not confident of him doing well in the game. *his*

- We each has advised him to go there.

have