



CURRENT AFFAIRS

NEWS OF 9th & 10th JULY

Date - 10th July 2020

Time - 8:30 am to 9:30 am

By Sujeet sir



Question No: 1

Q N Q.

Who won the Indira Gandhi Award for National Integration in 2018 ?

A. Arundhati roy

B. Chetan Bhagat

C. Ramachandra gupta

✓ D. Chandi Prasad Bhatt

Ans. D

Question No: 2

Dasholi Gram Swarajya Sangh (DGSS) was established by ?

- A. Dinesh Mishra
- B. Mahatma Gandhi
- ✓ C. Chandi Prasad Bhatt
- D. Arvind Ghosh

Ans. C

Question No: 3

CAATSA is related to –

A. India

✓ B. America

C. Australia

D. China

Ans. B

Question No: 4

..... is the 38th & current president of **Brazil.**

- A. Michel Temer
- B. Hamilton Mourão
- ☒ C. Jair Bolsonaro
- D. Sérgio Moro

Ans. C

Question No: 5

The currency of Brazil is –

☒ **A. Brazilian real**

B. Lira

C. Doller

D. Peso

Ans. A

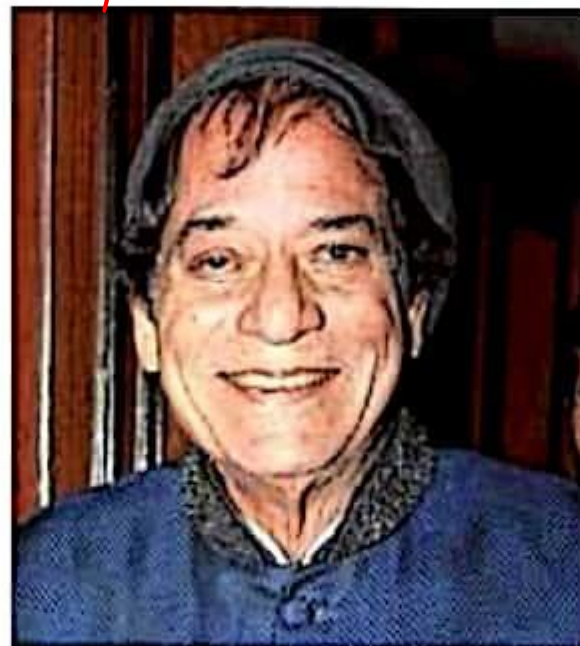
Veteran actor Jagdeep laid to rest

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
MUMBAI

Veteran actor-comedian Jagdeep, whose real name was Syed Ishtiaq Ahmed Jafri and best known for his role as Soorma Bhopali in *Sholay*, was laid to rest at a south Mumbai cemetery in the presence of family and close friends on Thursday.

Jagdeep, 81, passed away at his residence here on Wednesday night.

There were around 10-12 people in attendance, including his sons – actor Javed and producer Naved, grandson Meezaan and industry colleague Johnny



Jagdeep. • AFP

Lever. Javed said, “There are a lot of people who have sent us messages but we couldn’t reply to everyone... We thank you for your blessings and love.”

“Our father gave 70 years to the industry and got a lot of love and respect. That love is being reflected today, as we can see. On behalf of our father, please, if you could say a small prayer for him. That will be a lot for us,” he said.

Starting as a child artiste to playing lead actor and then gaining fame as a comic icon, Jagdeep appeared in around 400 films.

But it was his role as Soorma Bhopali that is remembered even today. He also directed a movie of the same name with his character as the protagonist.

Handwritten note in red ink:
[Jagdeep]
[Javed]
[Naved]
[Meezaan]
[Johnny]

India to take call on Australia's inclusion in Malabar exercises

Decision at Defence Ministry meeting early next week

DINAKAR PERI
NEW DELHI

India will take a decision on whether to include Australia in the Malabar exercises with Japan and the U.S. at a Defence Ministry meeting early next week, according to a defence source. The decision, if taken, could bring all Quad countries together as part of the annual war games.

"The general consensus is that Australia should join. A discussion is going to happen in the Defence Ministry on this issue next week," the defence source said on condition of anonymity.

LAC stand-off

As reported by *The Hindu* on June 3, after years of reluctance, India said it was open to Australia's inclusion in the Malabar as an observer. The move comes in the midst of the ongoing stand-off with China on the border, the biggest crisis along the Line of Actual Control (LAC)



A file photo of the trilateral Malabar exercise. ■ T.K. ROHIT

in over five decades. Australia's inclusion would be seen as a possible first step towards the militarisation of the Quad coalition, something Beijing has opposed in the past.

Once the government takes a decision to include Australia, as per procedure, the other partner nations – Japan and the U.S. – have to be informed to secure their consent, after which a formal invitation would be extended to Australia. Japan and the U.S. have been keen on Canberra's inclusion for and have been pushing India to consider it.

The Malabar exercise, which has been delayed this year due to the COVID-19 pandemic, should take place towards the end of 2020, the source said. The inclusion of Australia in the exercises would mark a major shift for India's Indo-Pacific plans.

Started in 1992

Malabar began as a bilateral naval exercise between India and the U.S. in 1992, and was expanded into a trilateral format with the inclusion of Japan in 2015.

In April 2017, *The Hindu* was the first to report of Australia's request for observer status in the trilateral exercise. Since then, Australia has made repeated requests to join the exercises and in January 2018, former Australian Prime Minister Malcolm Turnbull had said talks on the Malabar exercises were "progressing well". However, India did not include Australia in the exercises in 2018 and 2019.

Malabar - NAVY
1992
G ORIG =
INDIA + USA

(2015 =) J + A + I



Sri Lanka, Maldives are now measles-free: WHO

COLOMBO

Measles and rubella have been eradicated from Sri Lanka and the Maldives after decades of immunisation programmes, the World Health Organization said on Wednesday. "[T]his success is encouraging and demonstrates the importance of joint efforts," said regional director Khetrapal Singh. AFP

- Sri Lanka and the Maldives **the first two countries in WHO South-East Asia Region** to achieve measles and rubella elimination **ahead of the 2023 target**.
- **Bhutan, DPR Korea and Timor-Leste** are other countries in the Region that have eliminated measles.

Measles and Rubella:

- Both Measles and Rubella are caused by an RNA virus and are generally spread through respiratory droplets of sick people.
- Measles is a highly contagious viral disease and is a cause of death among young children globally.

DPI ⇒

- Rubella causes milder infections than measles.
- A person can be vaccinated against both the disease with a Measles, Mumps, and Rubella (MMR) vaccine.

AR

F.I.

Focus on K.P. Kesava Menon's accounts of Malabar rebellion

They reveal the multifarious nature of the movement

K.S. SUDHI
KOCHI

As the controversy over the 1921 Malabar rebellion is raging, the accounts of the turbulent times chronicled by freedom fighter K.P. Kesava Menon in *The Hindu* a century ago bring to light the multifarious nature of the movement.

While Menon praised Moplahs for their enthusiasm to join the Khilafat movement and Congress committees during the pre-rebellion days, he also provided a critical account of the forced conversion of a Thiyya woman of Nilambur in the note, 'Forced Conversion,' 'the Calicut Case,' published on July 6, 1922.

His notes and an interview published in *The Hindu* were recently retrieved from the archives of the newspaper.



K.P. Kesava Menon

er following a debate surrounding Variamkunnath Kunhamed Haji, the protagonist of the rebellion.

A letter written by Haji denying the allegations of forcible conversion of Hindus was also re-published.

The house of the woman was burned by Gurkha soldiers during the time of the

rebellion. Later, she was provided rice and money and offered a house at Calicut by some Moplahs of Nilambur. The woman told Menon, the then secretary of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee, that she and her kids were taken to Edavanna, where she was called Rabia twice and made to "repeat Kilema".

The heads of the children of the woman, who wanted to go back to Hinduism, were shaved by Mappila barber on the night they reached Calicut and "on the next day they were given mappila caps."

She also recounted that during all the 14 days of her staying in the Pattanis house in Calicut, she was compelled "to repeat Kilema."



KERALA

कलकत्ता

1921 - गोपनीय विवरण (F.A.O.)

(मु. विवरण)

→ मु. विवरण : - Kunhamed Haji

● **Rajiv Gandhi Charitable Trust (RGCT):** Congress president Sonia Gandhi is chairperson, and son Rahul is a board member. **In 2018-19, it had around ₹85 crore in foreign donations**

● **Rajiv Gandhi Foundation:** Sonia Gandhi is chairperson and board members include Dr. Manmohan Singh, P. Chidambaram, Montek Singh Ahluwalia, Rahul Gandhi and Priyanka Gandhi Vadra. Total foreign donations: **₹14 crore**

● **Indira Gandhi Memorial Trust:** It manages the museum set up in the former Prime Minister's memory. Not registered under FCRA, so not eligible to receive foreign donations

Congress

→ Invest

FCRA

- Any NGO or association that intends to receive foreign funds has to compulsorily register under the FCRA, monitored by the Union Home Ministry.
- Under the 2010 Act, registered NGOs can receive foreign contributions for five purposes — social, educational, religious, economic and cultural.

Trump starts withdrawal of U.S. from WHO

→ LIST - exam

- Since assuming office in January 2017, Trump has pulled the US out of many global organisations and treaties — the most notable being the 2015 Paris Climate Accord and the Iran nuclear deal also known as the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).

↳ IRAN - Nuclear Weapon

He pulled out of Trans-Pacific Partnership:

TPP

- The trade deal covered nearly 40 % of the world's economy and was negotiated by countries like the US, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, Mexico, among others with an aim to boost growth, improve economic ties and reduce tariffs.

Following the US withdrawal, the remaining 11 countries renegotiated parts of the TPP and later signed the Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership (CPTPP), also known as TPP-11.

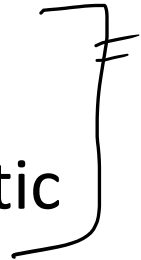

- Trump pulled the US out of UNESCO in 2017, citing anti-Israel bias as Washington was upset with UNESCO for granting full membership to Palestine.
- The US pulled out of the United Nations Human Rights Council in 2018 citing it as a hypocritical body that “makes a mockery of human rights.”

Rental housing scheme for migrants cleared

- A scheme for providing affordable rental housing to about 3 lakh urban migrants has been approved by the Union Cabinet.
- The creation of affordable rental housing complexes was announced by Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman in May 2020 as a part of the package to address the COVID-19 crisis.

Affordable Rental Housing Complexes (ARHCs) scheme will be a sub-scheme of the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana-Urban that is implemented by the Housing and Urban Affairs Ministry.

National Gene Bank

- Recently, the National Medicinal Plants Board (NMPB) under the Ministry of AYUSH and the National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources (NBPGR) under the Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers' Welfare have signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU). 
- The purpose of this MoU is to conserve the Medicinal and Aromatic Plants Genetic Resources (MAPGRs) in the **National Gene Bank (NGB)**. 

mimp =

- The Svalbard Global Seed Vault in Norway houses the world's largest collection of seeds.
- India's seed vault is at Chang La (Ladakh) in the Himalayas.
- National Animal Gene Bank, established at the National Bureau of Animal Genetic Resources (NBAGR - Karnal, Haryana), has the objective of conserving the indigenous livestock biodiversity.

Question No: 1

Bubonic plague spread by –

- A. Protozoa
- B. Virus
- C. Fungus
- D. Bacteria

Ans. D

Question No: 2

Which Mughal ruler patronized Zardozi ?

- A. Babur
- B. Nadir Shah
- ☒ C. Akbar
- D. Ahmad Shah Abdali

imp
LKO - Zardozi ⇒ Gi Tag

Ans. C

Question No: 3

Dehing Patkai Wildlife Sanctuary is located in –

- A. Assam**
- B. Jharkhand**
- C. Meghalaya**
- D. Tamilnadu**

Ans. A

Question No: 4

Namdapha, a National Park and Tiger Reserve is located in -

- ☒ **A. Arunachal Pradesh**
- B. Madhya Pradesh**
- C. Maharashtra**
- D. Assam**

Ans. A

Question No: 5

Manas National Park is located in –

A. Andhra Pradesh

B. Manipur

C. Meghalaya

☒ D. Assam

~~RR~~

काँचीराँगा ⇒ Assam

Ans. D