

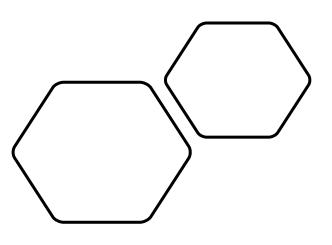


PREPOSITION

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

BANK PO-CLERK

23rd June 2020 | 08:00 PM - 09:00 PM

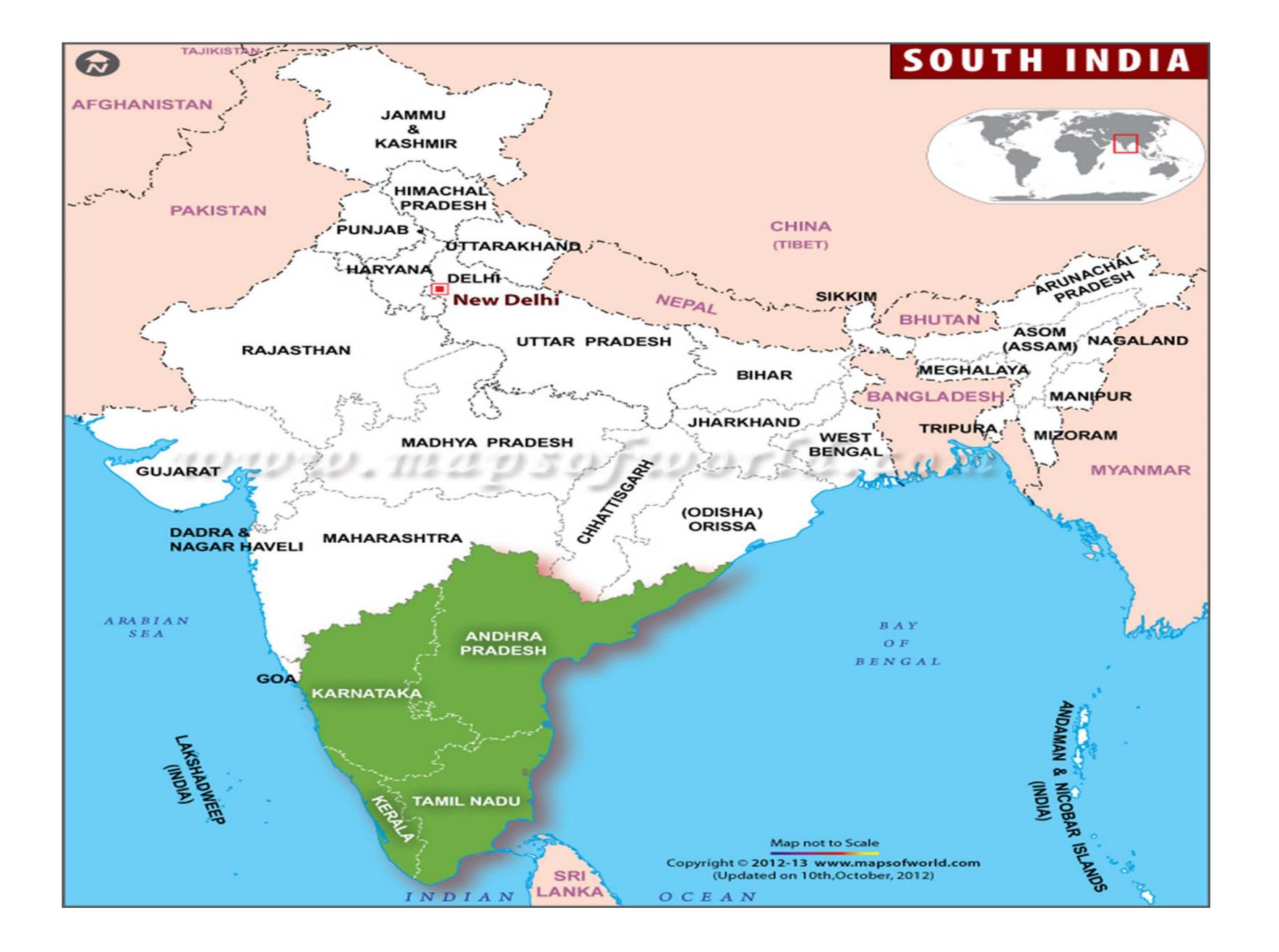




PREPOSITION-2

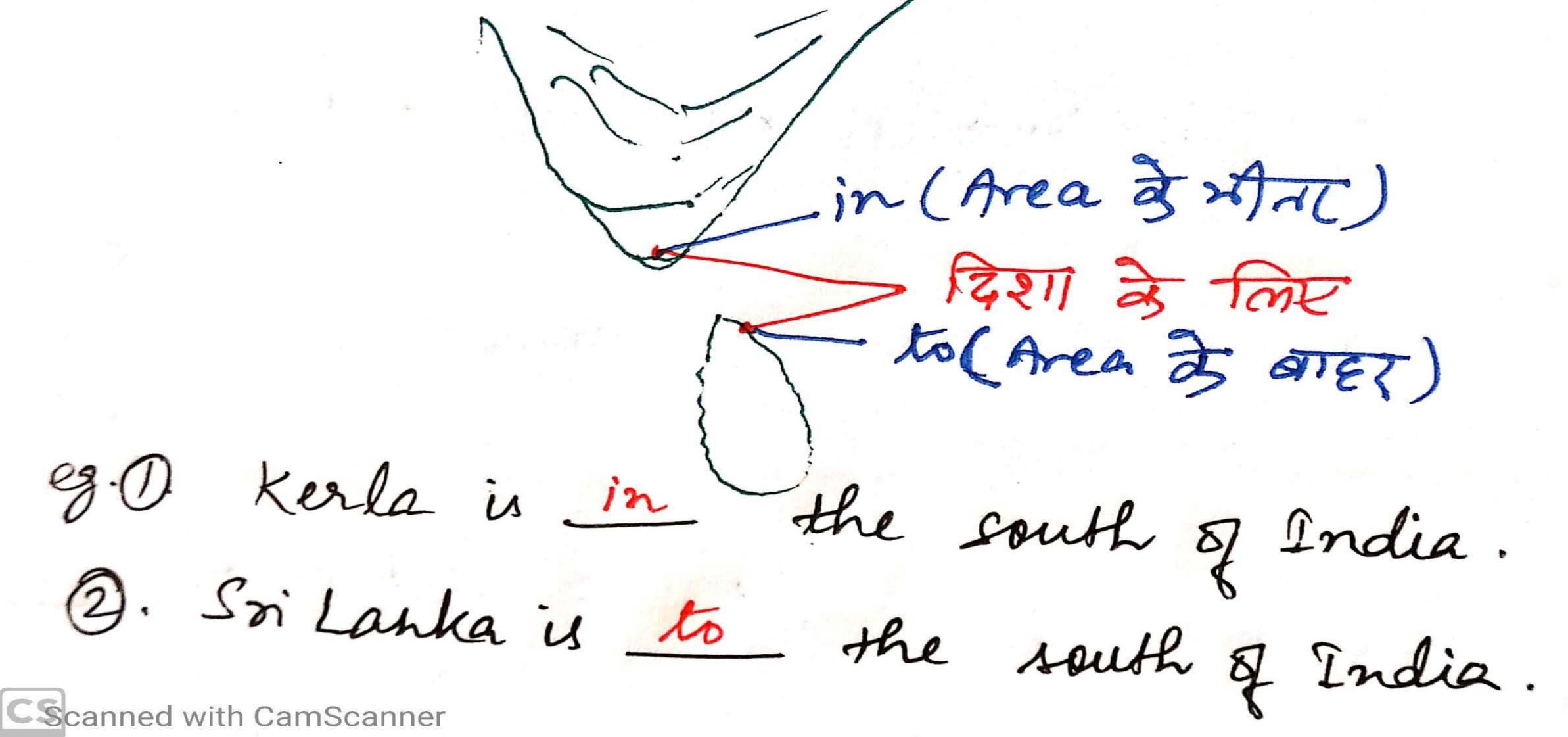
By: Santosh Sir













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1. Jammu and Kashmir isthe north of India.

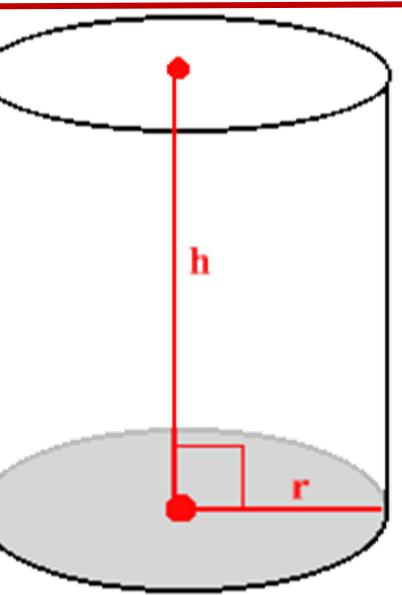
2. Nepal isthe north of India.





Above

Below



- eg. 1. Water of the Ganga is above/below the danger level.
 - 2. The plane is flying above the cloud.



Above

'Zero level' level 3 FMP

'Zero level' \tal'

Relow

G. It is good that 60% students are ____ average



BY and WITH

- BY + Living being(person)
- With + instrument/tool
- eg. 1. Ravan was killedRam....an arrow.
- 2. He beat his sona stick.
- by, with
- with



Write with.../in...

write [a pen, a pencil, a marker.]

write [in-naturial [pen, pencil, ink, blood--]

permanent temporary

(ETTA)

(371-41771)



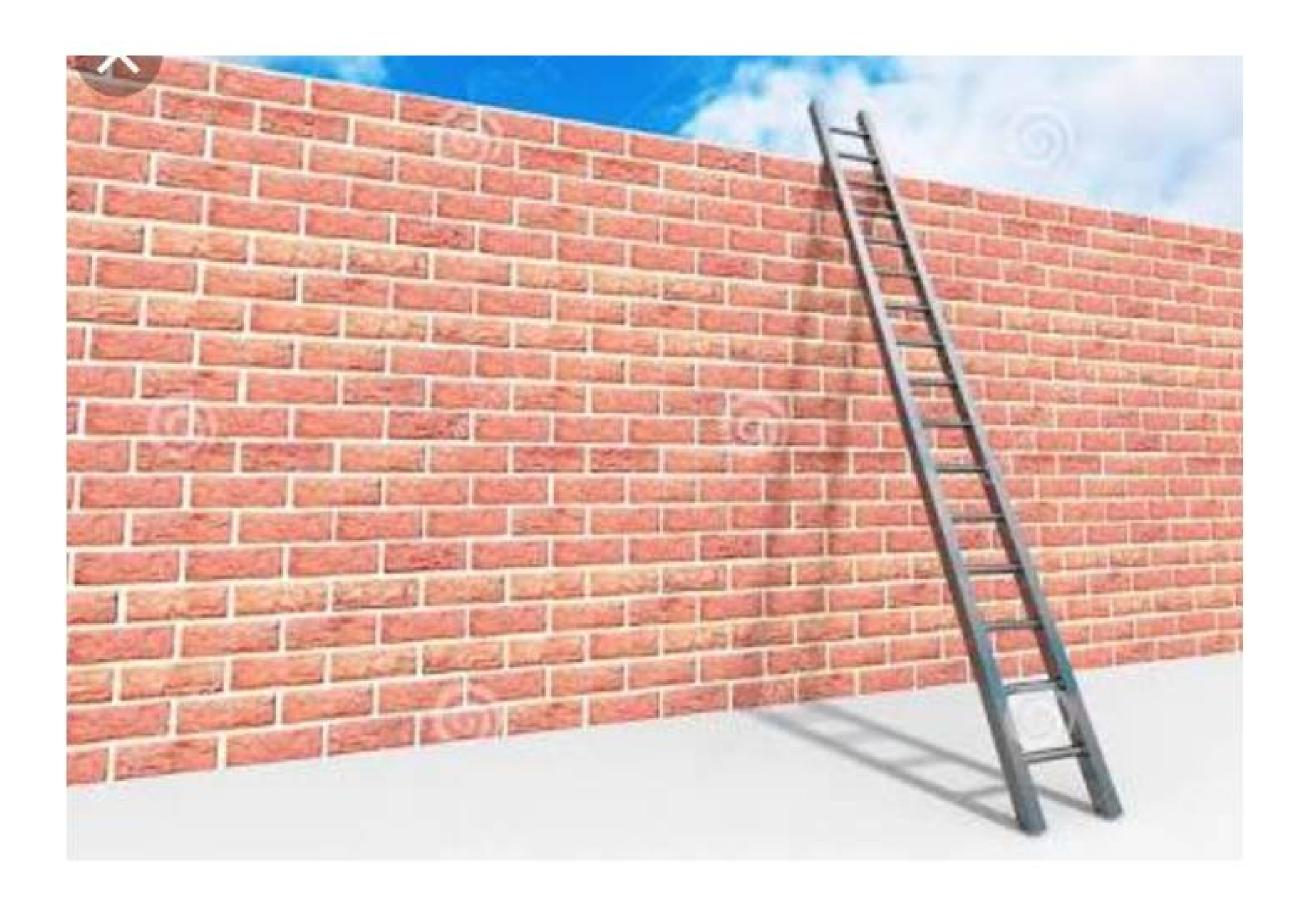


- eg. 1. He wrote a lettera pen but she wrote a lettera pencil.
- 2. I signed the cheque black inka pen.
- 3. She wrote a storypen but he wrote the storypencil.
- . 1. He wrote a letter.. with ..a pen but she wrote a letter ..with.. a pencil.
- 2. I signed the cheque ...in.. black ink ...with....a pen.
- 3. She wrote a story ...in....pen but he wrote the story ...in....pencil.



Against

Eg. The lader isthe wall.



12



Live at small/exact place

Live in district/state/country/world

Live on campus

Scanned with CamScanner

1. He lives.....Tyagraj colony......BHU campusVaranasi......UP.....
India.

At, on, in, in, in

Don't try to understand everything, because sometimes it is not meant to be understood, but to be accepted.



live on something (2017 of otts)

(20182 5707 19197 05711)

The deer lives on grass.

CS canned with CamScanner



Live by custom/tradition

(474(1 FANTAT)

The tribals live by the customs of community.

Community.



Tive by doing something

[3)5 314 FILT WHIT WAR YOUT &]

In Kerala, many people line by fishing.

CScanned with CamScanner



Beride - Next to - asim It



She is sitting beside/ besides me.

Beside/Besides the chairman, everyone was present in the hall.





•



Between - 2 3 mp Among > of unit Note-Between 2 & ving à Tont 27/2 Treaty (Fifer)
Agreement- (Misitar)
geographical area Et A



The term association refers to the ability to group various ideas and associating various events to that piece of memory. While the transfer of particular events to the brain takes place, it is stored in reference with another event. Hence, when we come across some new event, we relate that with another event that is already in our minds. This process is known as association. Due to association process one can get more information about a particular thing. One can relate the things altogether and be ready for the consequences of that particular event.



When the thought and ideas are grouped together, on the occurrence of any event or thought, enormous related thoughts and memories come out of mind. If the person is having this ability on a larger scale that person is considered to possess an efficient and quick brain. On more extension the education can also be defined. Education is actually the way of grouping various idea and information so that one can associate that information with other information. This way association helps in enhancing the new ideas and information. Association helps in cultivating a well stored brain.



When the things in mind are well-associated, the person can use the information in memory effectively for future events. For example, a person reads about the dogs infected with rabies. He reads about the behavior and outlook of the infected dogs. While passing through a road he comes across a dog that is behaving oddly. Here, just by watching the behavior the person remembers the information about the infected dogs. He immediately gets away from the sight of the dog in order to avoid injury by the dog. This whole event explains the term association. The person associated the information in his memory to the live event and avoided the further accident. This way the association helps in day to day life.



Only good memory cannot make a person brilliant. The proper association of many informative events to each other is most important. If the events that are recalled are not related to the current event, then the information in memory won't be helpful. The various informative events are like threads. These are entered into memory block without any relation with any other event. Once they are stored in the brain, various ideas and thoughts start to group together. The grouping is done on the basis of similarities between the events. This way the threads are tied together to form a knot. Whenever a new thought or idea enters the mind, one of the threads gets touched by that idea. And suddenly connection to all other threads of ideas is established. Due to this the relevant information comes in the front. In this manner the network of association works.



. A person with a great associative power is able to establish this connection very quickly. Even though the amount of information stored in his memory is less, he can quickly think of related ideas. These ideas may not have a great relevance to the current event, but he is able to recall every single detail similar to that event. This kind of mind is considered as brilliant. Hence, association is very important along with a good memory.



- . 1. What is the meaning of the term "Association" given in the context of the passage?
 - a) When we come across some new event, we relate that with another event that is already in our minds.
 - b) Only good memory can make a person brilliant.
 - c) A person having good associations has good thoughts and ideas.
 - d) All of the above
 - e) None of these



- . 2. Due to association process_____
 - a) One can differentiate between the good and bad things.
 - b) One can get more information about a particular thing.
 - c) One can have a very good IQ level.
 - d) One can be perfect in remembering all the ups and downs of life.
 - e) One can always be happy and cheerful in life.

- . 3. Which of the following supporting example has/have been given by the author to support the association of information in one's memory?
 - A) The dog on the road behaving oddly.
 - B) A person bitten by the rabies infected dog.
 - C) A stray dog biting the people around
 - a) Only (A) b) Only (B) c) Only (C)
 - d) Both (A) and (B) e) Only (A) and (C)



- . 4. Which of the following is TRUE in the context of the passage?
 - a) A person with a great associative power is able to establish his connection very quickly.
 - b) Association is not important if one has a good memory.
 - c) One needs the things in mind to be well-associated for the effective use of memory.
 - d) Both 1) & 2)
 - e) Both 1) & 3)



- . 5. Which of the following is FALSE in the context of the passage?
 - a) Associations do not help in cultivating a well stored brain.
 - b) Only good memory can make a person brilliant.
 - c) The term association refers to the ability to group various ideas.
 - d) Both 1) & 2)
 - e) All of the above

. 6. like	According to the passage, the various informative events				are
	a)	Raw information	b)	Threads	
	c)	Individual ideas	d)	Association works	

None of these



•



•



- World cup 11'was playedten countries. Between/among
- Distribute the mangoes......the children.

 Between/among

 The property was shared between/among three brothers.

[Ignorant]
Oblivious
unaware

- अज्ञानी/अंजान

Fond of - शौकीन

Despaired of = lose hope - निराश होना

[A contemporary of = contemporary with] समकालीन

Beg pardon of - क्षमा माँगना

Beg leave of - छुट्टी माँगना

Abhorrence - घृणा

Approve – सहमति

Ashamed – शर्मिन्दा

Avail of - फायदा उठाना





Partake of sth.=eat/drink sth. Partake in sth.=take part in activity Sick of = fed up with = tired of— ऊब जाना Sure of - निश्चित होना Suspicious – शक करना Speak of = mention



Scared
Afraid
— डर जाना
[Frightened]
Think – सोचना

Think - साचना
Tolerant - सहनशील
Worthy - योग्य

Acquainted – परिचित

Acquaintance - परिचय

Pleased - खुश

Displeased - दुखी

Occupied/Busy – व्यस्त होना

[Commensurate with] - के समान होना = Equivalent to

Associated – संबंधित होना

Alliance – गठबंधन

Bargain with

Compete - प्रतियोगिता करना

Compatible - अनुरूप/योग्य





```
[Comply with = Abide by = Conform to / with = आज्ञा मानना = Obey

Concerned - संबंधित होना
```

Drenched - भीगना

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[Dispense with sb./sth. = stop using
sb./sth.]
Endowed
Gifted
Fatigued - थक जाना
Ill with fever = Suffer from fever
```



Be provided with – प्रदत्त होना Be reconciled with = Adjust Be infected with – संक्रमित होना Be infested with = exist in large no. -भारी संख्या/मात्रा में होना Familiar with a topic Remonstrate with sb. about sth. =complain about sth.]



Seethe with anger – गुस्सा होना Tremble with fear – डर से काँपना Shiver with cold – ठंड से कॉपना Anoint sb. with sth. – राजितलक करना Teem with rain = rain heavily

Teem with sth. = full of sth.

[Trifle with sb./sth. = disrespect sb./sth.]

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Enter - into a room/hall-.

Investigate into a case

Discuss about Ah. (something)

Describe about Ah.

Attack on/over Sb. feth.

Invade on/over Sb. (somebody)

SAFALTA CLASS

An Initiative by अमर उजाला

Sign on paper
Emphasize on th.
Resemble with sb/sth.
Order for th.
Lack of th.



IMAGE

```
Precede before Sb./sth.
Succeed after ett.
marry with sb.
Comprise of 4th
apposite to sth.
```



Enter into a room/hall... Investigate into a case Discuss about Ah. (something)

Describe about Ah.

Attack on over cb. feth.

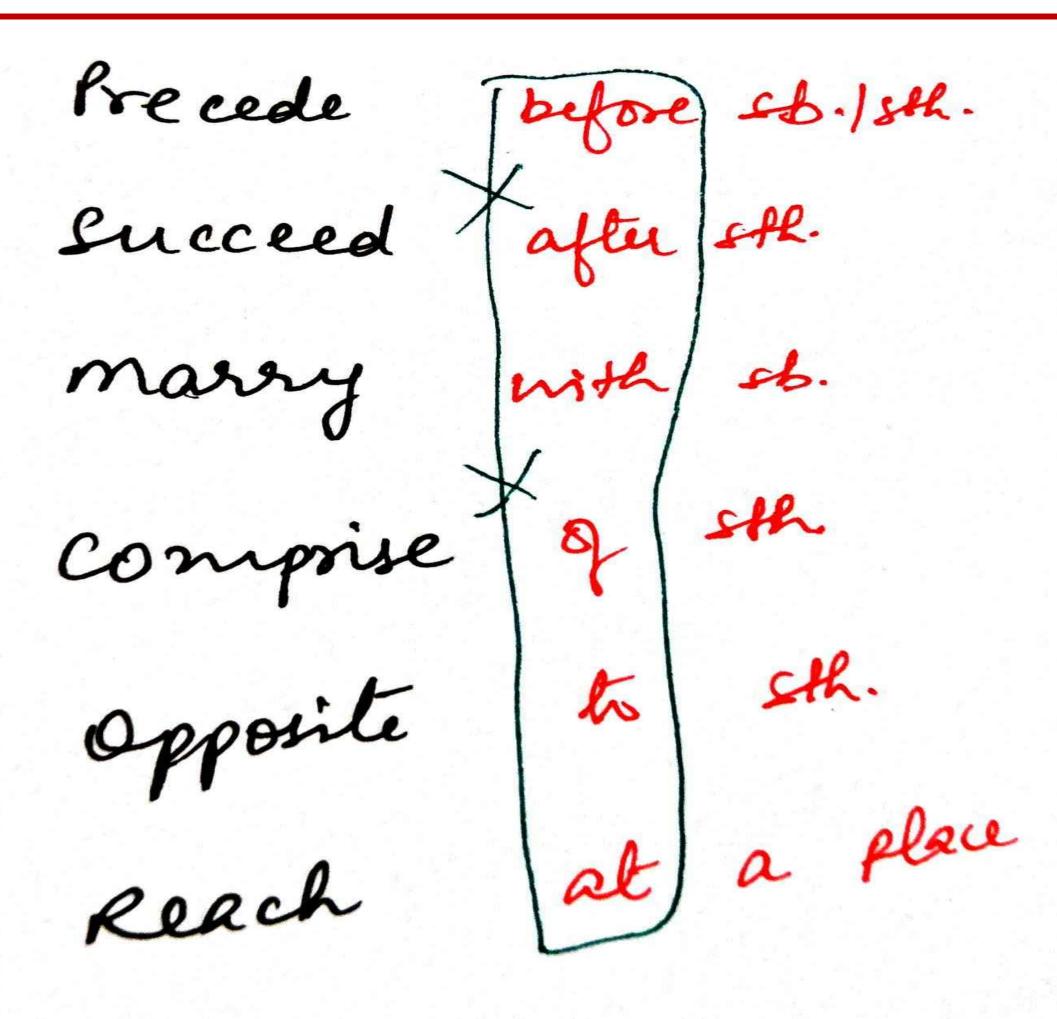
Invade on lover cb. (somebody)

Emphasize on 5th. Resemble St.





IMAGE



Note Parts of speech change est of prep. 2000 El Entry to a place Enter - fints a room/hall. investigation into a case Investigate / into discussion on th. about Ah. (something) Discuss description on eth. Describe about an sttack on st./sth Attack on over cs. jeth. Invade on lover sb. (somebody)

Sign on paper Emphasize on sth. Resemble with sb/sth. Ordu of Sth. Lack

put signature on eth. give emphasis on Its. resemblance to ds./2th. an order for IH. a lack of



Precede Defore Sb./sth. Succeed after sth. marry with sb. be married to sb.
(lassine voice) Comprise of 5th be comprised of 4th.
(Passive voice) Opposite to sth.



Opposite to something

Reach at a place

Marry with somebody

Comprise of something





- Look into
- Enquire into
- Investigate
- 1.The officer (looks into/enquires into /investigates) the case.
- 2. The police are (looking into/enquiring into /investigating) the case.





- Look like
- Take after
- Resemble

• 1. She (looks like/takes after/resembles) her father.





```
Consist ofplace is comprised of thingsComprise
```

- 1. Noida centre consists...../ comprises...../ is comprised hundred students.
- 2. This box comprised..... ten pieces of Barfi.
- 3. Ten pieces of barfi consist.....this box.



1.He entered his bedroom.... his drawing room.

2. Ram married Sita.



3. Sita was married..... Ram.

4. The Officer is investigating the matter.







- 5. Let us discuss 'The Female Education' in India.
- a) On
- b) about
- c) Of
- d) no preposition

- 6. He resembles...... his mother.
- a) With
- b) to
- c) Like
- d) no preposition







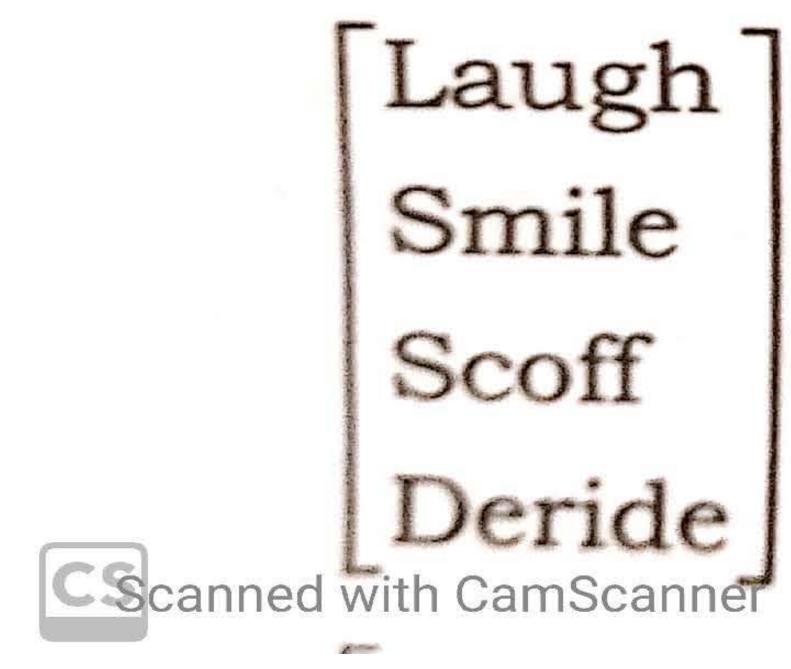
- 7. He reachedthe top of the mountain.
- a) On
- b) at
- c) Over
- d) no preposition





- 8. You are advised to learn this lesson word..... word.
- a) For
- b) by
- c) to
- d) with





make fun of (उपहास करना)



- 1. He was laughingme.
- At/on



Mock at TIMIT E No preparation







She mocked....my plan.

At/on/No prep



• Q7.She scoffed the idea of revolution.

- (a) for
- (b) at
- (c) on
- (d) about

SAFALTA CLASS An Initiative by 31473511611

Fill in the blanks

- (break into, break out, carry out, accuse, bring up)
- 1. The news of his arrival in the area.
- 2. The thiefthe house.
- 3. Heher of stealing his watch.
- 4. That lady isher son well.
- 5. Extensive tests have beenon the patients.





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