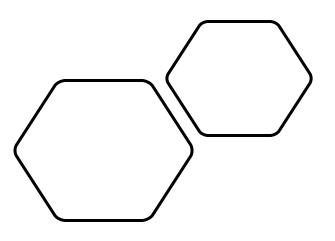




ENGLISH GRAMMAR

DEFENCE SPECIAL

9th July 2020 | 11:30 AM – 01:00 PM



By: Santosh Sir







12. The meanings of certain nouns get changed when we add 's' or 'es' to them. Singular Meaning Plural Meaning

Singular	meaning	Piurai	meaning
Alphabet	वर्णमाला	Alphabets	भाषाएँ
Arm	बाँह/भुजा	Arms	हथियार
Air	हवा	Airs	दिखावटी व्यवहार
Cloth	कपड़े का पीस	Clothes	ड्रेस
Return	वापसी	Returns	आय का हिसाब
Iron	लोहा	Irons	जंजीरें
Force	शक्ति	Forces	सेना / पुलिस की
			टुकड़ियाँ ँ
Sand	रेत	Sands	रेगिस्तान
Wood	लकड़ी	Woods	जंगल
Abuse	दुरूपयोग	Abuses	कुरीतियाँ
Good	लाभ	Goods	सामान



. Write an essay in 300 words.

She sent me a word of her late arrival. ~

I will keep my words.

Mith Mou

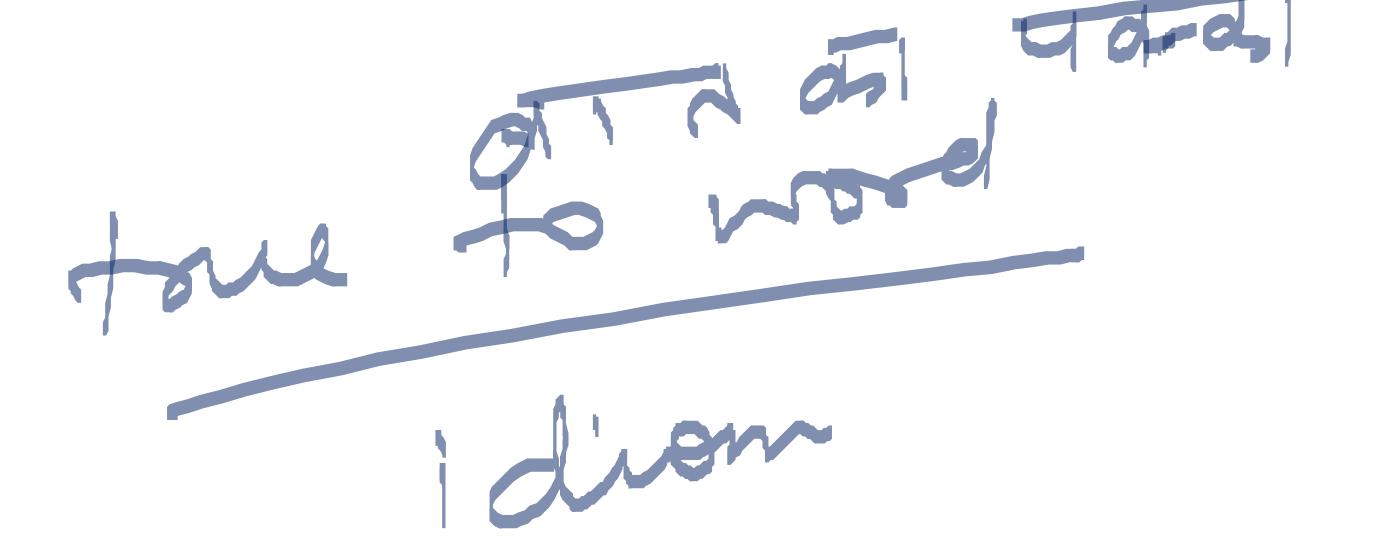
I want to have words with you.



usord-talk-ellanti "have a word) Sugar sugars an oil or sugar



- . Sita is true to
- a) word
- b) Her words
- c) The words
- d) words





. Kinds

proper

Common

Material

Abstract

Collective

Gender masculine Feminine common neuter

Number

Countable Sing. Plural

Uncountable Sing. alanx



. (i) The jury is are divided in their verdict.

(ii) The committee is/are unanimous on this issue.

(iii) The team is/are divided over the decision of captainship.

1. By adding -s, -es, -ies etc. to a singular noun:

Singular Plural

Torch

Guys

Fly

Mosquito

2. By adding -ves to the nouns ending with 'f' or 'fe'.

Singular Plural

Leaf

Life

Knife Knives

Some Exceptions

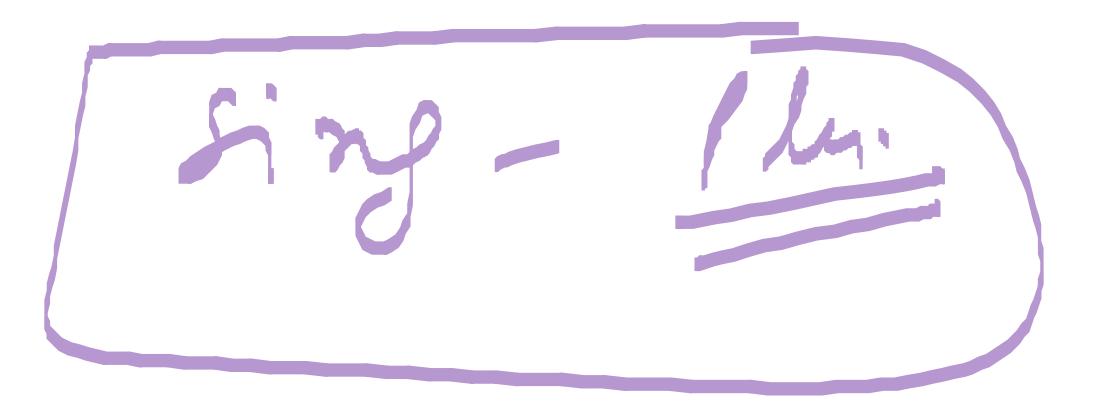
Singular Plural

Beliefs Beliefs

Griefs

Chiefs





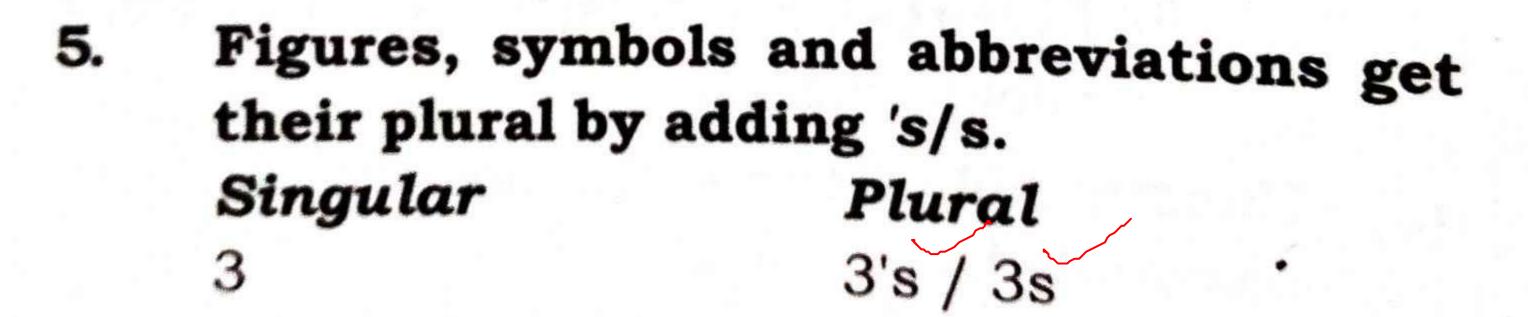


 Compound words are made plural with their Principal word.

Singular Plural Brother-in-law Brothers-in-law Step-son/daughter Step-sons/daughters Maid servant Maid servants Man/woman-servant Men/women-Servants Man-Lover/hater Man-Lovers/haters Cupful/handful Cupfuls/handfuls Girl/boyfriend Girl/boyfriends Class-fellow Class-fellows

4. Some nouns form their plurals by changing the spelling and the vowel sound of the singular Singular Plural

Singular	Plurai
Man	Men
Woman	Women
Foot	Feet
Mouse	Mice
Goose (हँस)	Geese
Tooth	Teeth
Louse (जूँ)	Lice
Oasis (मरूद्यान)	Oases



c's / cs



all He (e) hook C) c's



Some noun have the same form in singular and plural.

Singular	Plural
Fish	Fish [fishes (कई प्रजातियाँ भी
	होता है)]
Sheep	Sheep
Deer	Deer
Series	Series
Means (money)	Means
Species	Species
Offspring (संतान)	Offspring
Headquarters	Headquarters
Aircraft	Aircraft
Family	Family [families (अलग-अलग
	परिवार भी होता है)।

- e.g. (i) There are two fish in the pond.

 (ii) There is a fish in the aquarium.

 - (iii) There are many fishes in the aquarium. ('Fishes' का अर्थ है विभिन्न प्रजातियों की fish)



. Fish

Sheep Sheep

Deer Deer

Series

Species Species

Offspring Offspring

Headquarters Headquarters

Aircraft Aircraft ,



Some Greek/Latin words are singular with on/um at the end of the word; they get plural by adding 'a' instead of on/um.

Singular Plural

Phenomenon (घटना) Phenomena

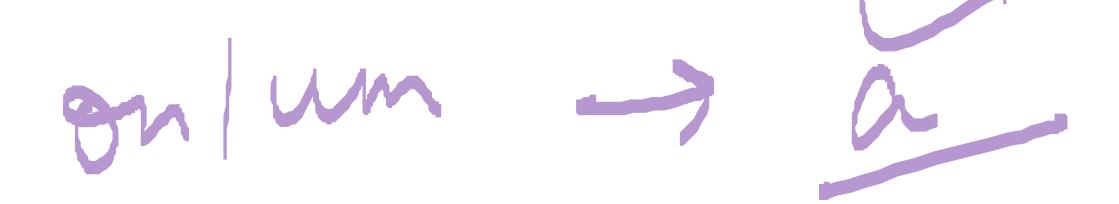
Criterion (मापदंड) Criteria

Datum (आँकड़ा) Data

Agendum (कार्यसूची) Agenda

Memorandum (ज्ञापन) Memoranda

Stratum (परत/स्तर) Strata



Some Latin words are singular with 'um' at the end of the word; they get plural by adding 's' instead of 'um'.

Singular Plural

Asylum (शरण स्थल) Asylums

Museums

Premium Premiums

Pendulum Pendulums

Stadium Stadiums

Dictum (कहावत) Dicta/Dictums



Some Latin words ending with 'us' get plural by adding 'i'.

Syllabi

Singular Plural

Radius Radii Syllabus Syllab SAFALTA CLASS

An Initiative by 31423511011



Wrongly used Nouns/Noun Phrases

Wrong Right

Freeship Free scholarship

/studentship

Boundation Bounds

Lecturership Lectureship

Offsprings Offspring

Cousin brother/sister Cousin

Strong breeze X Strong wind

Angry mob Mob

Space/place (खाली स्थान के लिये) Room

Boarding and lodging Board & lodging

Fooding and lodging K Food and lodging

4-919





. 1. The Manager put forward a)/ a number of criterions b)/ for the post. c)/ No Error d)

many

chiune

© 2. Alms a)/ are given b)/ to the poors. c)/ No error d) = Plus

3. The present datas a)/ show that the illiteracy rate b)/ in india has fallen down but not to the level of expectation. c)/ No error

leaf & leaves - Bundle



4. The sheafs a)/ of the wheat- plants were too heavy b)/ for me to carry on the head. c)/ No error d)

5. 'Language consists of several stratums', a)/ said a linguist b) in his lecture on language. c)/No error d)





6. I shall not go to party tonight a)/ since I have many works to complete b)/ before I give presentation tomorrow. c)/ No error d)

a bot g much work many pieces of work





7. He was offered a)/ lecturereship b)/ by the committee. c)/ No error d)

8. The house a)/was divided in its b)/ opinion. c)/ No error d)





• 9. One must be always a)/ true to one's words b)/ if one wants to get respect from everyone. c)/ No error d)

S Canada

• 10. The sceneries a)/ of Kashmir is b)/ very charming. c)/ No error d)







- 12. He paid the caretaker for his board and lodging.
- A) Room
- B) furniture
- C) boarding
- e D) No improvement



SOME NOUNS ARE ALWAYS PLURAL.

Scissors, tongs (चिमटा), pliers (प्लास), pincers (सड़सी), bellows (फूँकनी), trousers, pants, pajamas, shorts, gallows (फाँसी का फन्दा), fangs (डंक), spectacles, goggles, binoculars (दूरबीन), eyeglasses, intestines (आँत), alms (दान), amends (संशोधन), archives (ऐतिहासिक दस्तावेज), arrears, auspices (मदद), congratulations, regards, embers (राख-red piece of wood/coal), fireworks, lodgings (किराये का कमरा), outskirts, particulars,

proceeds (बिक्री से प्राप्त आय), riches (सम्पत्ति), remains (अवशेष), savings (बचत), shambles (अव्यवस्था की स्थिति), surroundings, tidings (समाचार), troops, tactics, thanks, valuables, belongings (सम्पत्ति), cattle (मवेशी/पश्), cavalry (घुड़सवार सेना), infantry (पैदल सेना), poultry (मुर्गी पालन), peasantry (किसानों का समूह), children, gentry (लोग), police, people,

- 1. The proceeds were/was deposited in the bank.
- 2. Wages of sin is/are death.3. Our infantry has/ have marched forward.





. .Cattles are a)/ not allowed b)/ to enter this ground. c)/ No

Error d)

st of hard work is are, good

SOME NOUNS LOOK PLURAL BUT THEY ARE SINGULAR IN NATURE.

News, Innings (पारी), Summons (कोर्ट का आदेश), Mumps (गले का रोग), Measles (खसरा), Rickets (हड्डी का रोग), Shingles (नसों में सूजन), Billiards, Athletics etc.

Names of subject - Physics, Economics, Mathematics, etc.

Names of topics/books/titles etc.





- (i) No news is good news.
- (ii) Politics is my favourite subject.(iii) Economics is an interesting subject.



In this sense the possessive (my om your ctr.)

NOTE: यदि (mathematics = calculations, statistics = data, politics = political ideas) हो, तो इन्हें plural माना जाता है।

(iv) My politics are not very good.

(v) The mathematics of this boy are excellent.



(iv) My politics is/are not very good.

(v) The mathematics of this boy is/are excellent.



3. SOME NOUNS ARE ALWAYS SINGULAR (UNCOUNTABLE)

Scenery, Poetry (किवताओं का संकलन), Furniture, Advice, Information, Hair, Business, Mischief (शरारत), Bread, Stationery, Crockery, Luggage (यात्रा का सामान), Baggage (घर का सामान), Postage, Knowledge, Wastage, Jewellery, Equipment, Work (Works का अर्थ है साहित्य लेख/रचनाएँ), Evidence, Word (जब word का अर्थ वादा/संदेश हो), Fuel, Cost etc.

Examples -

- (i) The scenery of Kashmir is very charming.
- (ii) I have no information about her residence.



NOTE:

- (i) इन Nouns का Plural नहीं बनाया जा सकता।
- (ii) इनके पहले Article (a/an) का प्रयोग नहीं होता।
- * इन Nouns का Singular या Plural इस तरह से बनाया जा सकता है-

Singular Plural

A/one piece of 2, 3... pieces of An/one item/article of 2, 3...items/articles of A/one slice/loaf of 2, 3... slices/loaves of

- (iii) He gave me three pieces of information.
- (iv) Many kinds of <u>furniture</u> are available in that shop.
- (v) He ate two slices of bread.

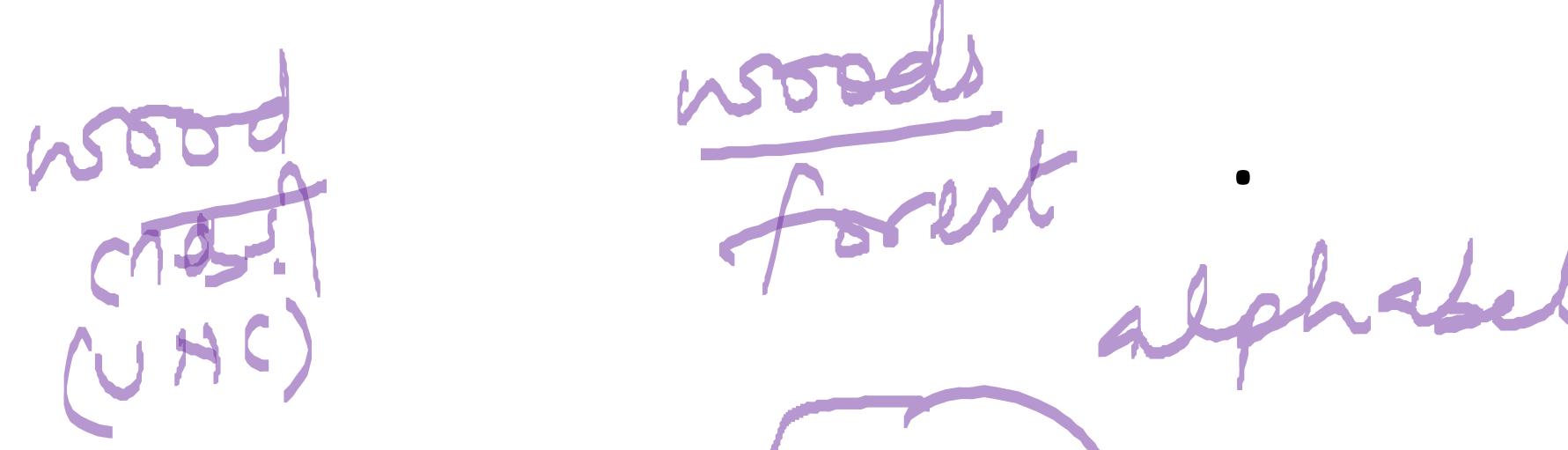


. (iii) He gave me three informations.

(iv) Many furnitures are available in that shop.

(v) He ate two breads.

prèces/hinds of





1. He learnt (A) the alphabets (B) at the age of four. (C) No error (D).

2. She always fed (A) her childrens (B) before she fed her dog. (C) No error (D)

3. I saw (A)two deers (B)in the woods. (C) No error (D)



When I was passing through the forest (A) I happened to see
 (B) a number of deers. (C) No error (D)

many dur (plu)

one der (Sing)

- 1. You shall get(A) all the informations (B)if you read this book carefully. (C) No error (D)
- 2. The paintings of (A) natural sceneries are selling (B) like hot cakes. (C) No error (D)
- 3. The book, being written (A)in simple language is suitable for children (B) as it contains many good advices. (C) No error(D)

a let fadvice/many pieces of good advice

dinad

APPOSTROPHE'S



8-living/Non-living un - mill shall n't -, not Ram's going. (is) - It is the house of Ram.

's { has Ram's gone (has) - It is the cap of a pen.

's { has Ram's gone (has) - Living Tt is Rann's house = 25 - living bast letter



Some Exceptions

Nouns denoting time/space/weight/value;

Time – A day's journey, a month's holiday, three weeks' leave, a year's absence etc.

Space – A boat's length, a hair's breadth, a razor's edge, a needle's point etc.

Weight - A pound's weight, a ton's weight etc.

Value - A rupee's value, five pounds' worth etc.

Personification – *India's* heroes; *nature's* laws; *fortune's* favourite; at duty's call; at death's door, court's orders.

In some phrases

- (a) at one's wits' end (confused-सोच न पाना)
- (b) at a stone's throw (near-नजदीक)

Live Dounds



- INCORRECT
- 1.Someone's else
- Ram's and Sita's son 🗡
- The + Surname+s
- = (whole family)
- The Mishra's

- CORRECT
- 1.Someone else's
- 2. Ram and Sita's son

1. The Mishras



Correct these sentences.

1. This is Sohan and rahul's building.

• 2. This is not my pen I think it is someone else's.

• 3. The PM is on three days's world tour.

• 4. The Verma's have not arrived yet.



- 1. This is Raman's book.
- 2. It's a boy's hostel.
- 3. She stayed in a girls's hostel.
- 4. Rahul is Rajiv's and Sonia's son.
- 5. It is not my shirt it is someone's else.

John 15

• This is (A) Johns book (B) on the table. (C) No error (D)

someone else

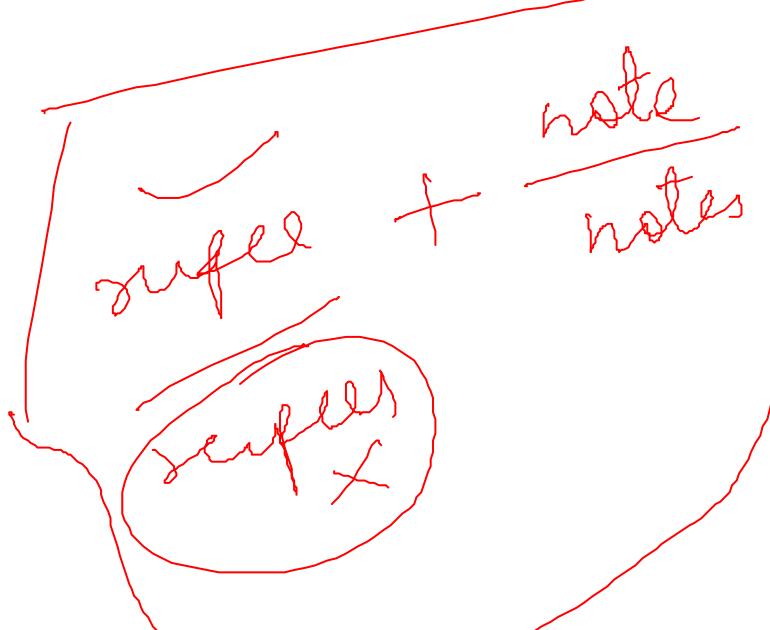


Correct these sentences

1. She has lost three hundred rupees notes.

• 2. I have five two thousand rupees notes.

• 3. She gave me one five hundred rupees note.





Correct these sentences

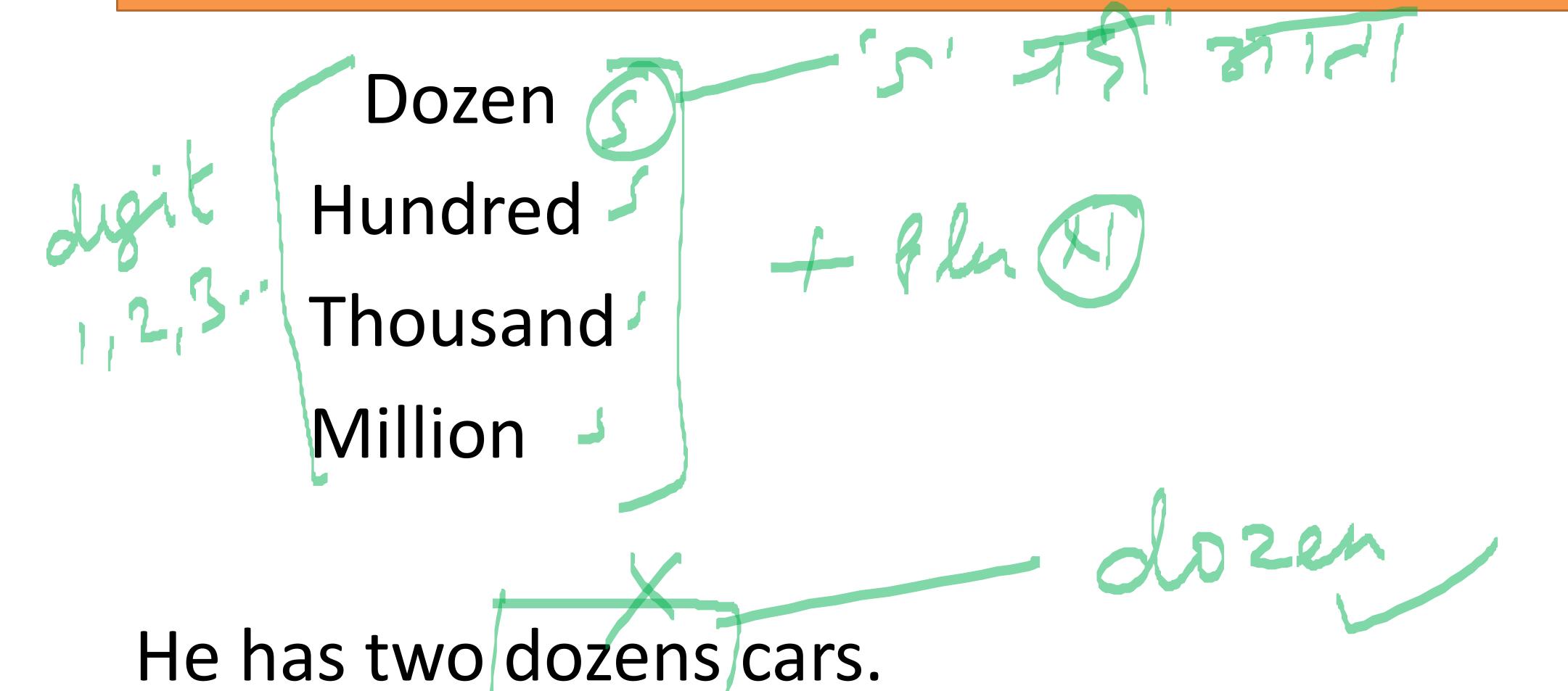
- 1. 4. He ran for a five miles race.
- 5. She stayed in a five stars hotel.
- 6. It is a five boys group.
- 7. It was a three members committee.

menher

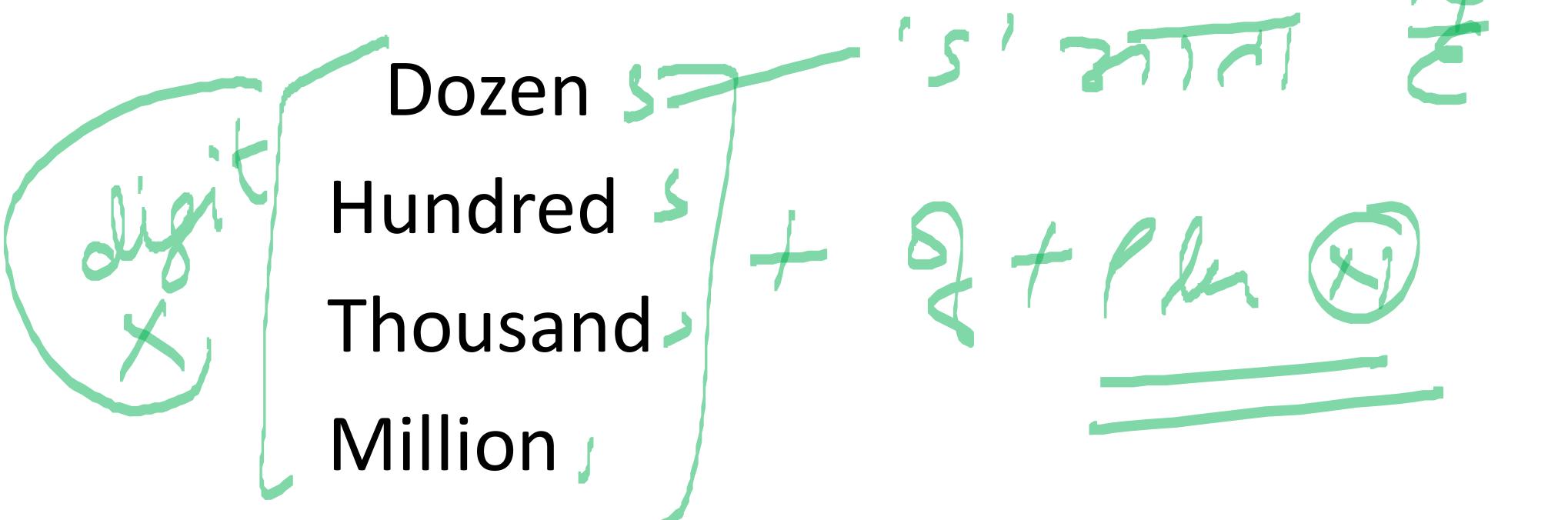


- 1. Hari lost (A) a hundred rupees note (B) yesterday. (C) No error (D)
- 2. I asked the shopkeeper (A) "Do you have change (B) for a five hundred rupees note? (C) No error (D)
- 3. A five-men (A) enquiry committee was appointed (B) to look into the matter. (C) No error (D)



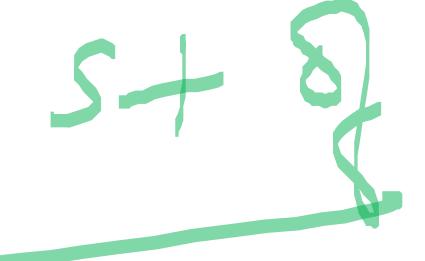






He has dozen of cars.







- . 1. Children are prone a)/ to making mischiefs b)/if they have nothing to do. c)/ No error d)
- 2. The statistics is a)/ showing that b)/ girls are doing well in education. c)/ No error d)
- 3. A few tiles on skylab a)/ were the only equipments b)/ that failed to perform well in outer space. c)/ No error d)



- . 4. One must be always a)/ true to one's words b)/ if one wants to get respect from everyone. c)/ No error d)
- 5. Your scissor a)/ is blunt; b)/ my razor is sharp. c)/ No error d)
- 6. He gave me a)/ two important informations b)/ I had been waiting for the previous two months. c)/ No error d)



- . 1. He gave me an information regarding the pivotal role played by the local media in the employment scam.
 - A. He gave me an information
 - B. regarding the pivotal role
 - C. played by the local media
 - D. in the employment scam.
 - E. No error



- . 2. Soliloquy is where I find my peace when I get into the centre of some inane mess.
 - A. Soliloquy is where I find
 - B. my peace when I get into
 - C. the centre of
 - D. some inane mess.
 - E. No error



- . 3. No matter how much I try not to procrastinate, I end up with many works when I reach home.
 - A. No matter how much I try not to
 - B. procrastinate, I end up with
 - C. many works
 - D. when I reach home.
 - E. No error



- 4. The decision of Google to terminate the service of its employee for his misogynous attitude led to a furious debate in the inner circles.
 - A. The decision of Google to terminate the
 - B. service of its employee for his misogynous attitude
 - C. led to a furious debate
 - D. in the inner circles.
 - E. No error



d)Prices

. Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3).... and choose; imports suddenly became(4).... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)....

c)Dividend

1.	a)It	b)He	c)They	d)We
2.	a)With	b)By	c)After	d)From
3.	a)Buy	b)Take	c)Pick	d)Want
4.	a)Hardly	b)Easily	c)Frequently	d)Conveniently
		_		

b)Returns

a)Costs





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