

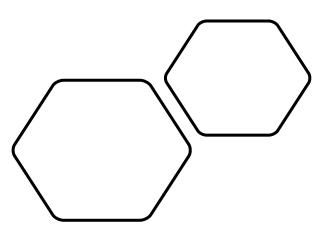


# PRONOUN

# ENGLISH GRAMMAR

BANK-PO/CLERK

16<sup>th</sup> June 2020 | 8:00 PM – 9:00 PM





# PRONOUN

By: Santosh Sir



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CASE								and the last terminal			. لا ـ
		^		PERSON	IS		III				- Asout wh
Subjective	I	We	You	He	She	It	They	One	Who	Ram	An Initiative by 3142351011  Assorted Additional Additi
		Belove	Vers								
Adj	. My	our	Your	His	her	its	their	1		Ram's	
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		- I was a superior of the same					11		4		live (1/2º)
	Th	sy 6	عدرر	4/3	6	عرا	aft				

gant me This ممعرم



Subt V + Obj

3 my students are intelligent students are intelligent students Down country is peaceful country. I am Lome myself Komal I'm mell am course

O she became happy at my coming on time (activity).

The felt jealous of her talking to me.

There my pen is sed.

There was is green.

Hers the pen is black

SAFALTA CLASS"



You, he and I

 When two or all the three persons come together as subject / object, the order is...... 2,3,1

- eg. I, you and he have done a great job.
- land he are doing it.

Authoris

NOTE--- When there is a feeling of confession and plural pronouns, the order is

1,2,3
eg. You and I have killed him.



# Correct the sentences

- 1. She and I stole that book yesterday.
- I and the
- 2. I, you and he were going through that fiction. ( novel) You, he and I
- 3. She was having a word with me and him.

Juin and me

- 4. He and you were speaking the truth.
- 5. I and my father are coming to you. My father and I.



1. There is no argument(A) between You and I (B)so we are free to go our way. (C) No error (D)

2. Such rules (A) do not apply to (B) you and I. (C) No error (D

3. Let they (A) do it in a proper (B) way. (C) No error (D)



my skrife 19

1. I and my wife(A)were declared (B) the best couple at the party. (C) No error (D)

2. Me and my wife(A) were at home (B) last night. (C) No error (D)

3. I and Tina will(A) go to the market (B) in the evening. (C) No error (D)



Til as a prep. It work at all

- Let/ like/ between/ but= except/ preposition + Obj.(me, him, them etc.) eg. 1. Let l/me go now.
- 2. This pen is for she. he.
- 3. All but she were present in the class.



1. Such rules (A) do not apply to (B) you and (.)(C) No error (D)

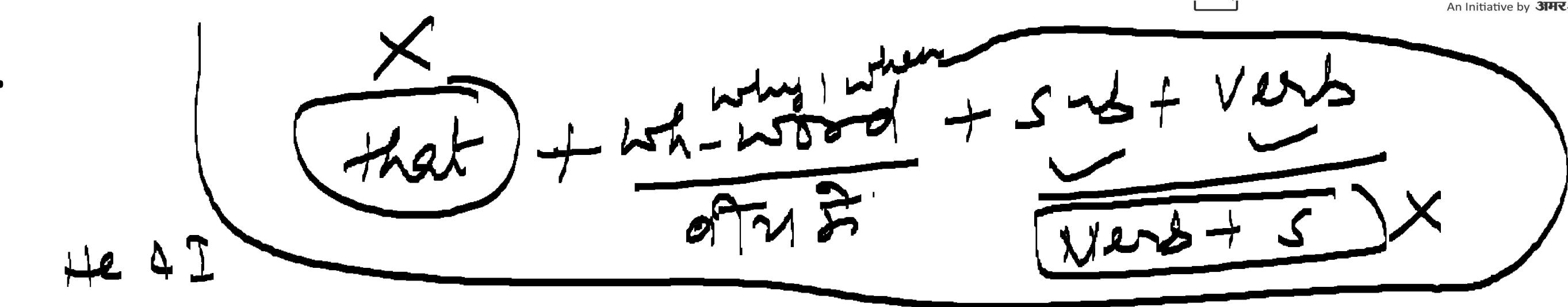
2. Let they (A) do it in a proper (B) way. (C) No error (D)

Henry L



I asked his that /(a) why he was angry /(b) but he did not answer. /(c) No





- 1. Tand him(A) are very (B) good friends. (C) No error (D)
- 3. You do not know(A) of him (B)leaving the town. (C) No error (D)



न object भी आस्त्रजाला किंदिर भी आस्त्रजाला

- (As/than) + Sub.[I, she, he]
- It + (is/ was/will be) + Sub.[I, she, he] \ \
- Eg. She is better than me/ I. (is) am are) widden
- It is me.



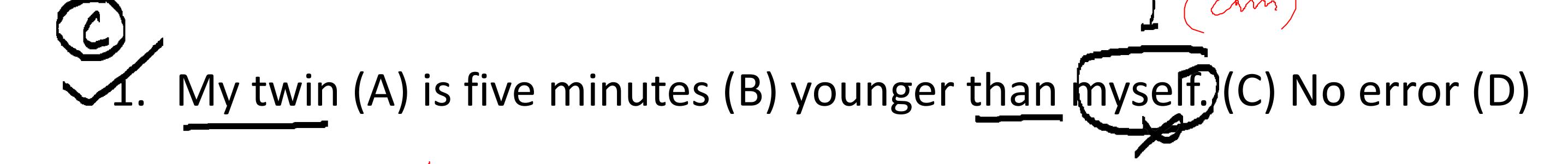
1. He is (A) fatter (B) than me. (C) No error(D)

2. It was him(A) who came running (B) into the classroom. (C) No error (D)



students take give test exam. The exam. 4 3 4 Teachers give table lest. 3524 auchon





2. Was it him, that the teacher(A) punished for not submitting (B) his project on time. (C) No error (D)





1. She beats me more than he. (beath me)

2. She beats me more than him. I will be

She bests me more than (she bests) him.



1. He loves her as much as me. The love of the love of

2. He loves her as much as I.



• 1. Either of the five pens is gel.

Roth at use entence to the test one of a reither of use ETAT ET



2. All of the two cars are Maruti.

• 3. None of the two sisters has come.

• 4. Either of the four boys was playing on the field.

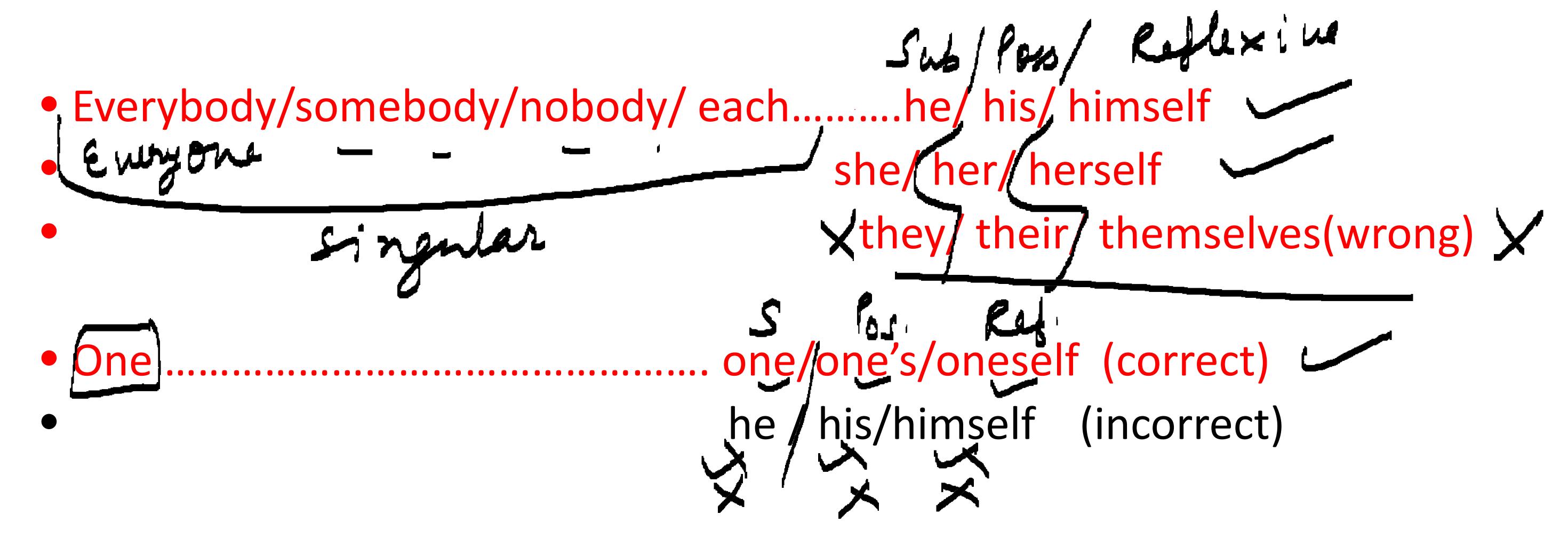
5. Both the students are not going out of station.

Neither students is going out of station



- 1. He is a university professor(A)but of his three sons (B) neither has any merit. (C) No error (D)
- 2. (Any) of the two (A)roads leads (B) to the station. (C) No error (D)
- 3. Any one of these two students(A)can be sent to participate (B)in the drawing competition. (C) No error (D)







Someone

Anyone

Everyone

No one

Each

The the Misthe

They Heir

herself Henselves Henselves

One ..... one/one's/oneself (correct)



• Everybody should do their work themselves.

hinsel/ husel

• Each of the four students have submitted their notebooks.

The state of the s

his of her

One should do (his) duty.
One has to drink water if he wants to survive.



ene 'S

- One should respect (A)the religions of others (B)as much as his own.
   (C) No error (D)
- 2. One should have(A) their teeth checked (B) every six months. (C) No error (D)

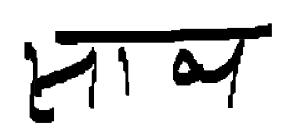
3. When one takes great risks (A) they must be prepared (B) for great losses.. (C) No error (D)



- hurt,
- introduce,
- present,
- absent,
- enjoy,
- avail,

V255

7



Hint-obj (M 180.)

751311

- pride etc.) take obj./ Reflexive Pronoun (myself, himself, ourselves, herself etc.)
- He enjoyed the party.
- He enjoyed in the party.

He enjoyed himself in the farly



She absented me from the class yesterday.

• She <u>absented</u> from the class yesterday.

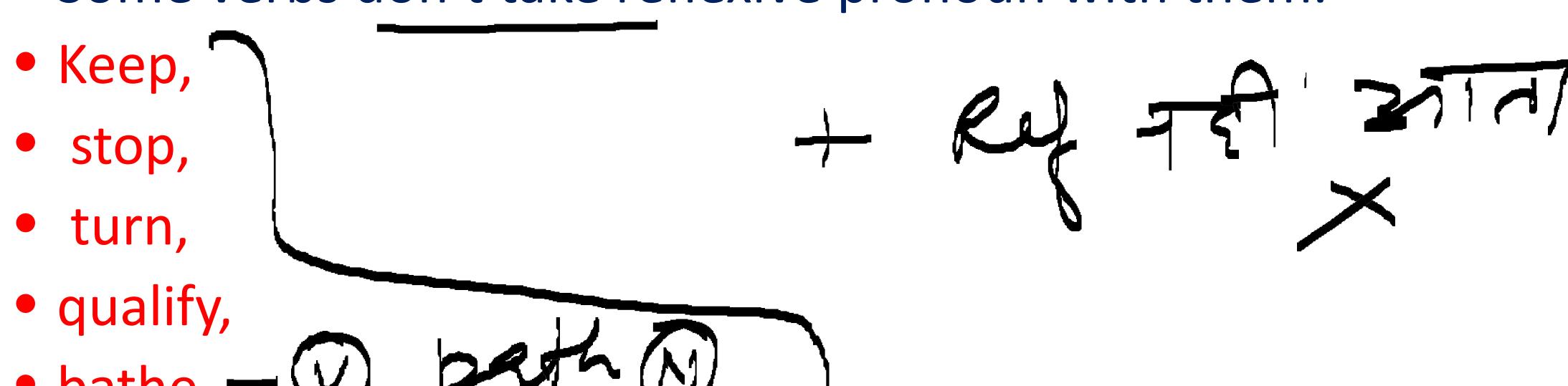
• He introduced me to the MD.

• I introduced to the MD.

I enjoyed during(A) my tenure (B) at Shimla. (C) No error (D)



Some verbs don't take reflexive pronoun with them.



- move,
- rest,hide



1. A worldly person should keep himself from the stoics. pleasure and

2. The plunderer hid himself behind the door.

3. He qualified himself for the post.

we should keep ourselves fit



who/which(incorrect)

alous person who I ...

- 1. He is not such a zealous person who I was searching for.
- 2. She is not such a girl who is required for this job.



- Each other.....(for two)
- One another..... (for more than two)

eg. The astrologer and the astronaut are fighting with one another.

- dilly - delly
- port pone
- delay

each other



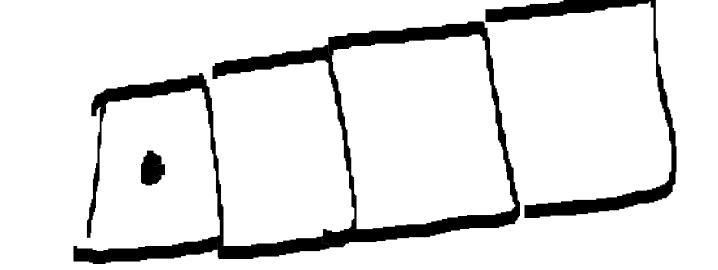
doubte the existence of the existence

A theist, an atheist, a pantheist and an agnostic are fighting with each

<u>other</u>

gne an

anathe.





• Some words (all, much, nothing, none, the little, the few, the same, the only, superlative degree) take Relative Pronoun(that)

• This is the same ornithologist who scolded me.

Thet wide Rebule



• 1. He told me the same(A) story which he told(B) you yesterday.(C) No error (D) (CHSL-16)

• 2. Sairat is one of the latest(A) in the list of contemporary Marathi movies(B) which appeared in recent times.(C) No error (D) (CHSL-16)



1. He is the bravest boy who won the acclaim. (prize a constant)

2. She is the only girl who called me names.

3. It was all which



either.

Anyone of his eyes is defective.

• Both you as well as my brother are going to attend her marriage tomorrow.

Both - and well a

Both of them are not going there.

Neither Sthem is



• He is not one of those who will help everybody whom he meets.

• He and myself alone will complete this work.

The sum of the sum

• Each of the brother could get their share of property.

• This is only one of her novels which have been published till date.





Mei Her

3. None of the two sisters has come.

And

4. Either of the four boys was playing on the field.

mond /

5. He is a university professor(A)but of his three sons (B)neither has any merit. (C) No error (D)



WHO OR WHICH?

who-living

who-living

selection is choice of the living

which which start to

which

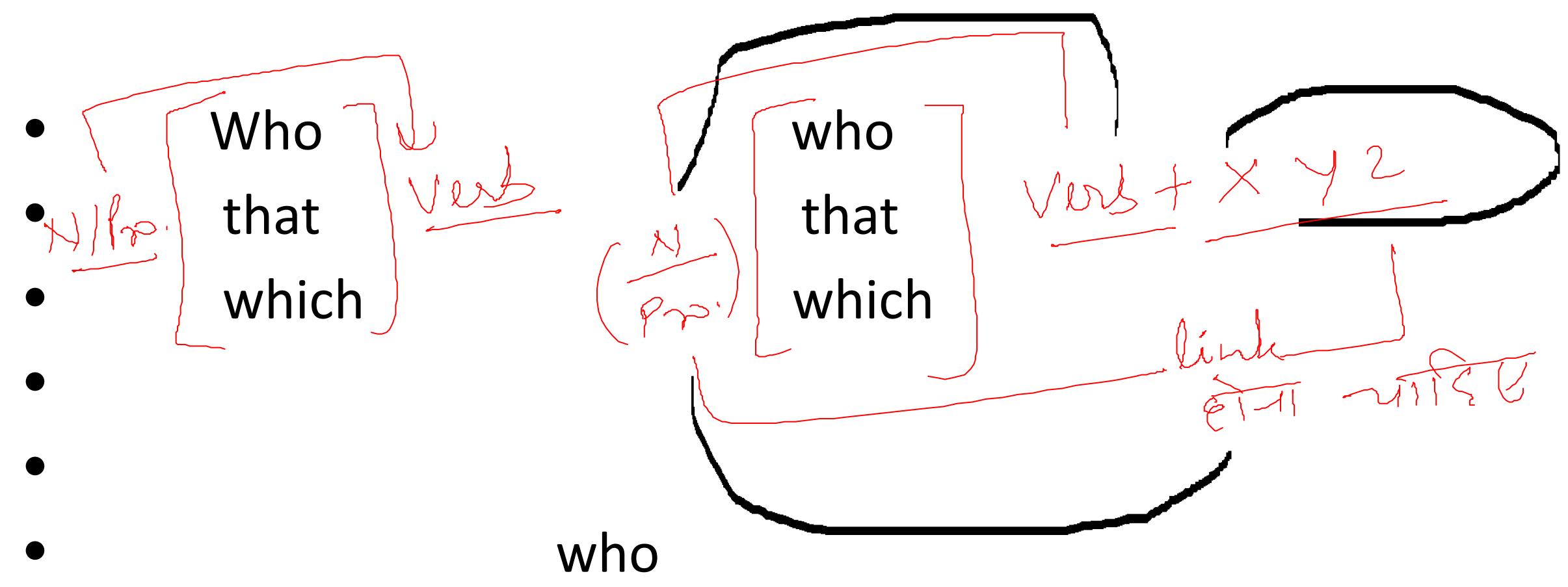
of the two sisters who is the more beautiful?

- Who is your father in the crowd?
- Who is better of the two students in our colony?





## RULE NO. 11



whom







the showl of humantum XY2

• 2. I gave him my friend's watch who is very generous.

the watch of my friend

• 3. she narrated the whole incident who is a very good story teller.

The whole incident was nareated by her



## 'Whose' or "of which"

• 1. I have a TV whose screen is 65 inches.

the boy whose father (living) Non living + the noun + of which

- 2) I met the person whose daughter is in the USA.
- 3. She gave me a pen whose ink is gel. The inte & which

• 4. He read a letter whose message was threatening.

• 5. The boy (a) which money (b) was lost felt sorry(3) No

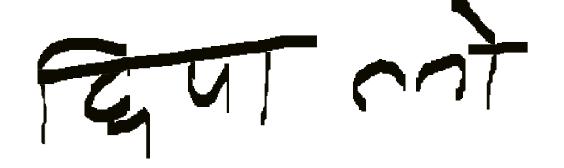
error(d)

(SSC-16)

6 Paided S-Vwho whom



## Who or whom



- 1.The players whom we have selected for our team are young and ambitious.
- 2.The students whom, we have come, are the winners of quiz competition.
- 3.He was talking of the people who hastated, he had fought with in Bhutan.



4. She is the kind of lady whom, everybody thinks, is shrewd.

• 5.She is the lady who, I know, you can always count on.

• 6. This is the sportsperson(A) whom I think has won (B) the much (CHSL-16)

coveted prize.(C) No error (D)

) in demand desired



dution Possessive Carefully (15111) with

- Favour
- Report
- Pardon
- Certificate
- Leave

1 + 8/for + 5bi(me/him etc.)



hur

• 1. She begs my leave.

- 2. He begged your leave.
- 3. I beg your leave. Leave of your

• 4. I beg my leave.

He Sigged leane of Join



- 5. The patient came and asked for my report.
- 6. I want my certificate.

• 7. I need vour favour. a favour from your



1. My shirt is better than you.

• 2. His pencil is sharper than me.

• 3. Your house is as big as she.

• 4. The weather of Mathura is as cold as Delhi.



•

• 5. The roads in Delhi are wider than Nepal.

Ahosl Arm

• 6. The students from Hathras are more industrious than Mthura.

• 7. The climate of Shimla is as cold as Manali.



•

• There is no period in ancient Indian history so glorious as the Guptas.

• My father does not like me watching movies with you.

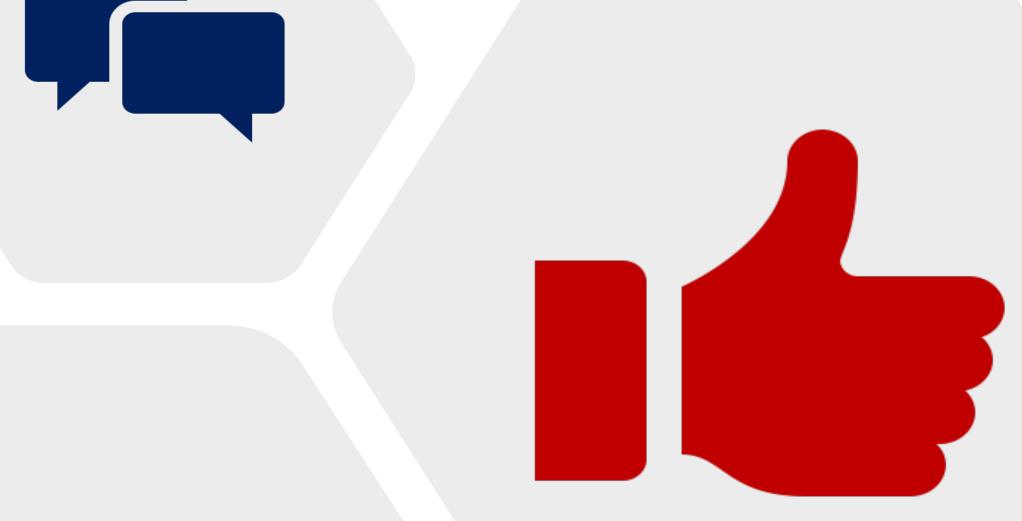
• She was not confident of him doing well in the game.

• We each has advised him to go there.

hour











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