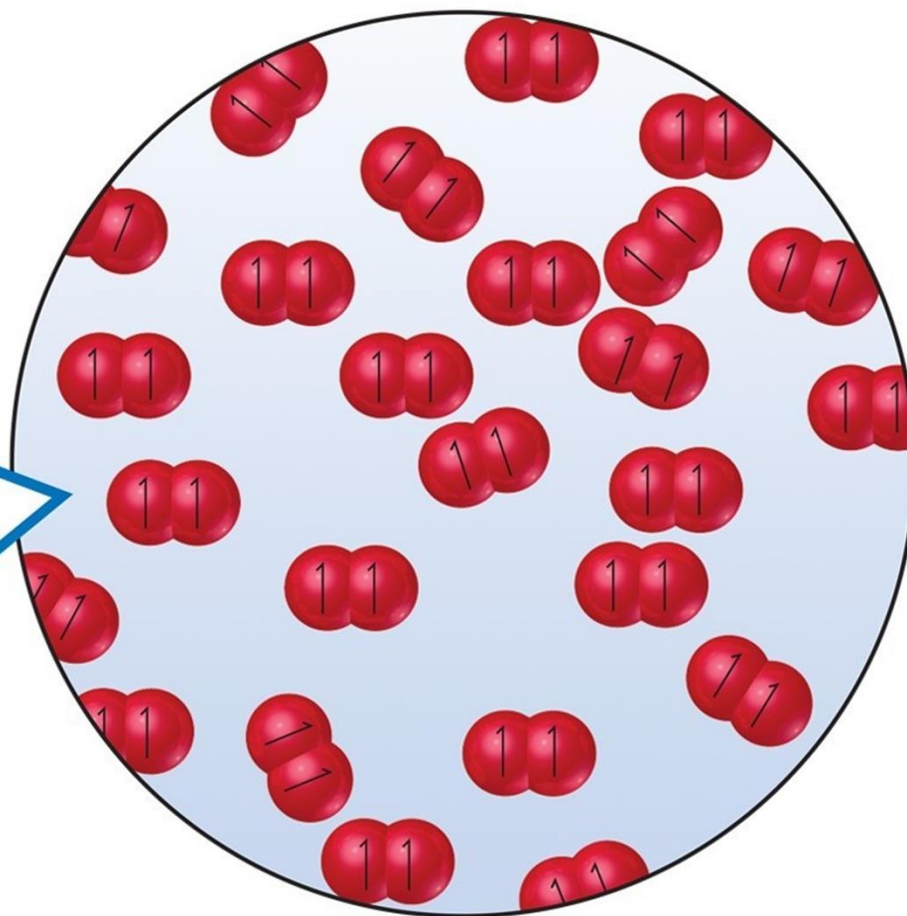
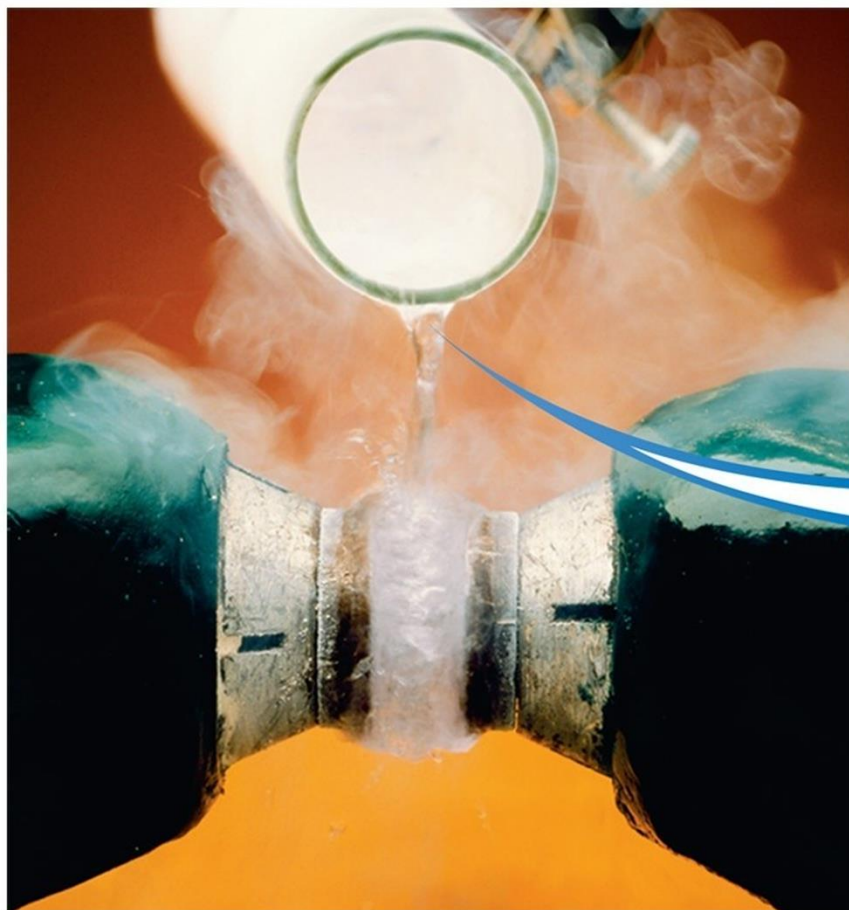










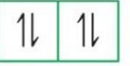
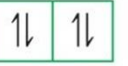





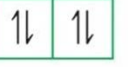

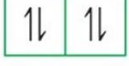


















# Oxygen $O_2$ is Paramagnetic, why?



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# Show me why.

	Large 2s-2p interaction			Small 2s-2p interaction		
	B <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	F <sub>2</sub>	Ne <sub>2</sub>
$\sigma_{2p}^*$						
$\pi_{2p}^*$						
$\sigma_{2p}$						
$\pi_{2p}$						
$\sigma_{2s}^*$						
$\sigma_{2s}$						
Bond order	1	2	3	2	1	0
Bond enthalpy (kJ/mol)	290	620	941	495	155	—
Bond length (Å)	1.59	1.31	1.10	1.21	1.43	—
Magnetic behavior	Paramagnetic	Diamagnetic	Diamagnetic	Paramagnetic	Diamagnetic	—

# For exam concentrate on these topics more

Concentrate on the homeworks and the quiz!

Terms:

1. Coordination sphere
  2. Ligand
  3. Coordination compound
  4. Metal complex
  5. Complex ion
  6. Coordination
  7. Coordination number Same ligands different properties?
- Figuring oxidation number on metal

# Polydentate ligands

## (what are they)?

Isomers.

structural isomers (formula same, bonds differ)

geometric isomers (formula AND bonds same,  
structure differs)

Stereoisomers:

Chirality, handedness,

**Isomers**  
(same formula, different properties)

**Structural isomers**  
(different bonds)

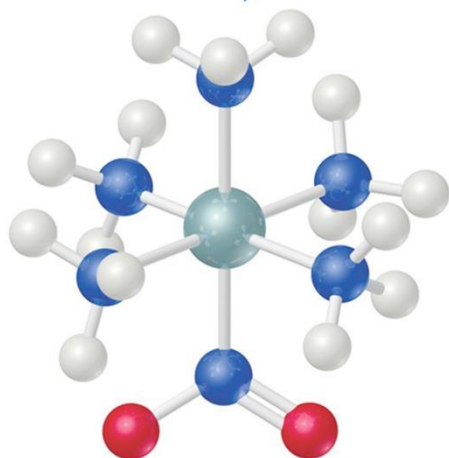
**Stereoisomers**  
(same bonds, different arrangements)

**Coordination-  
sphere isomers**

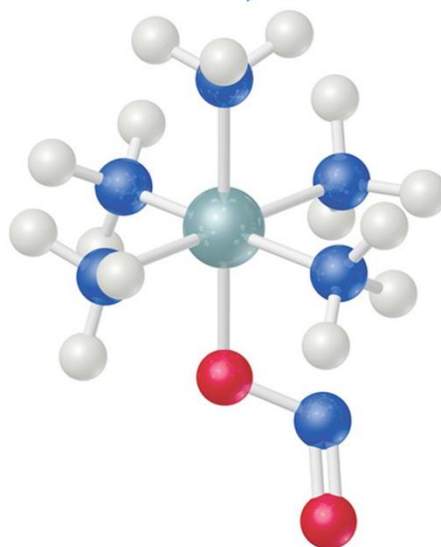
**Linkage  
isomers**

**Geometric  
isomers**

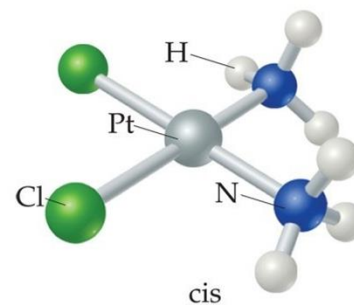
**Optical  
isomers**



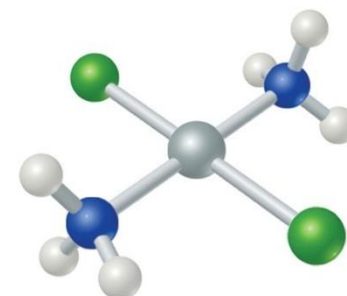
Nitro isomer



Nitrito isomer



cis

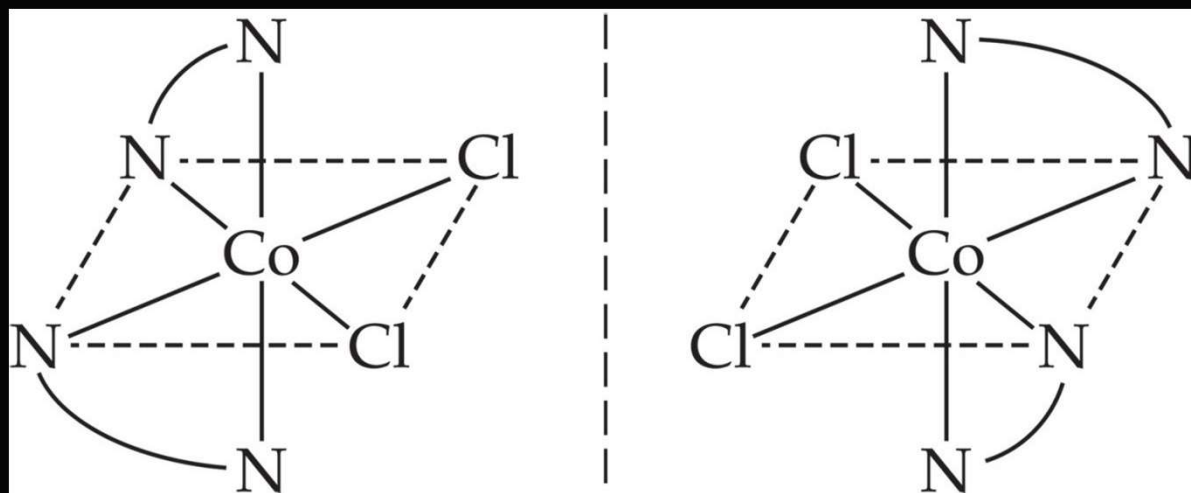
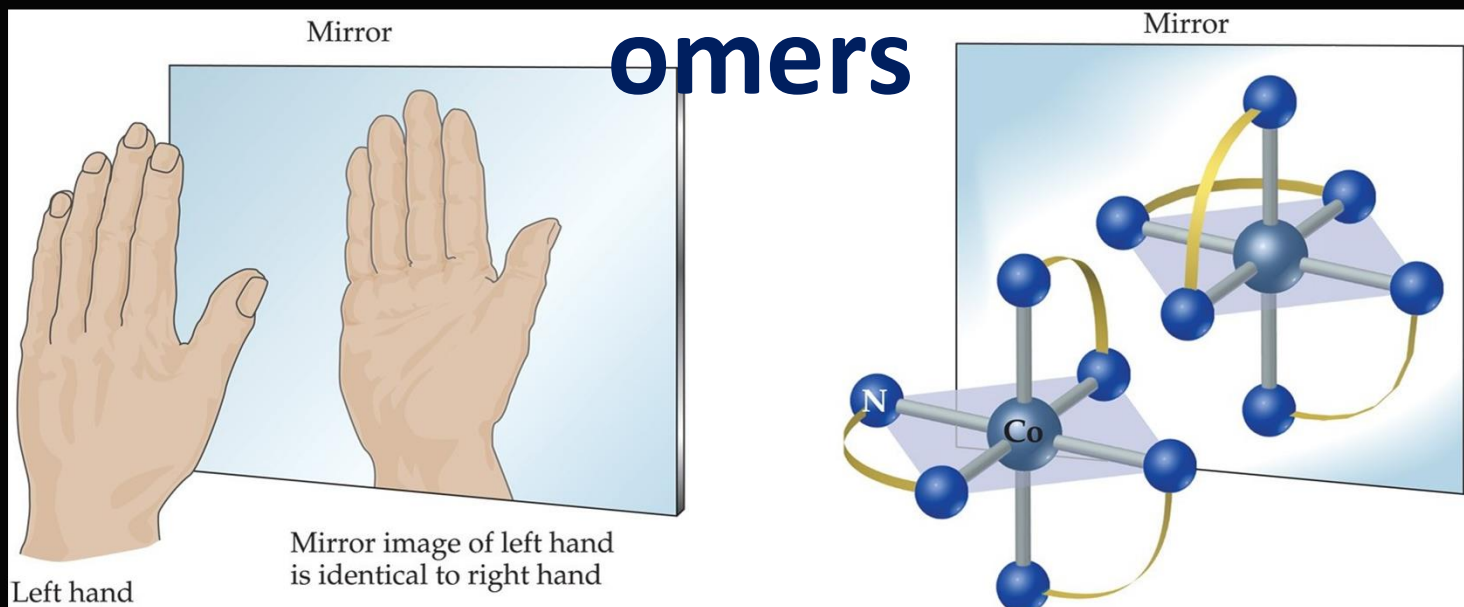


trans

Chemistry of  
Coordination  
Compounds

# Stereois

## omers



Chemistry of  
Coordination  
Compounds

# Explaining the properties of metal complexes

Magnetism and color

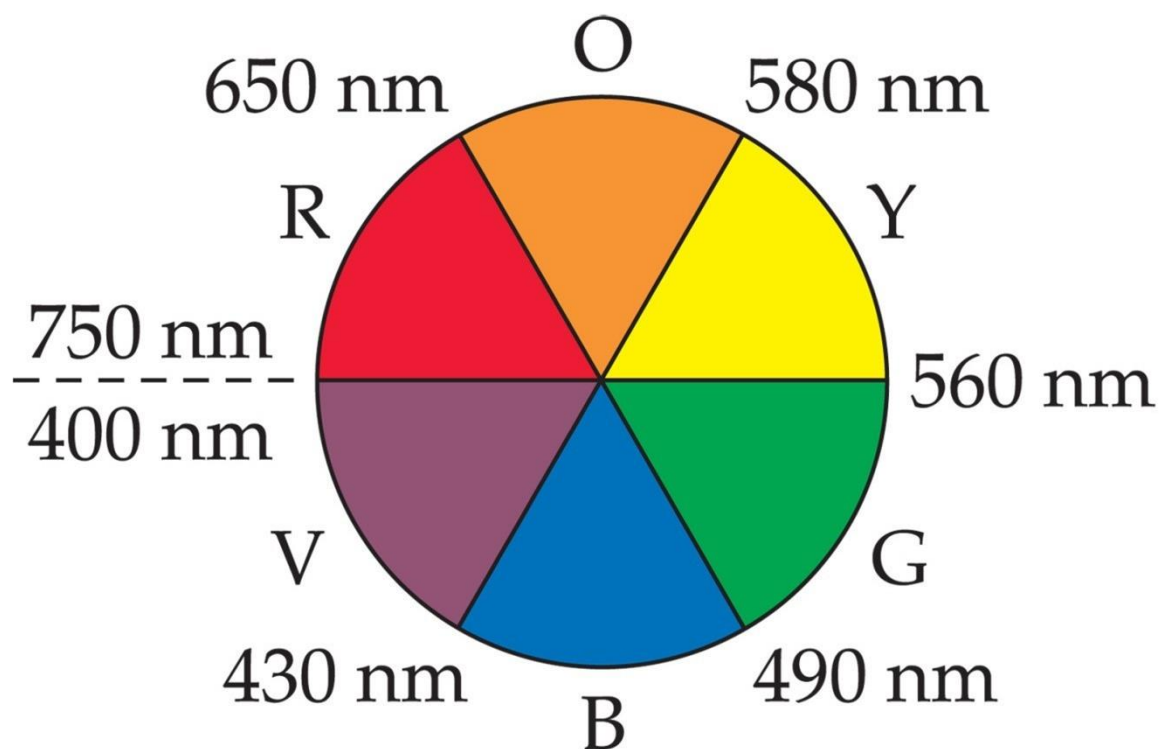
How does seeing color work?

Absorb **Orange**

See **Blue**

Absorb **Red**

See **Green**



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# Different ligands on same metal give different colors

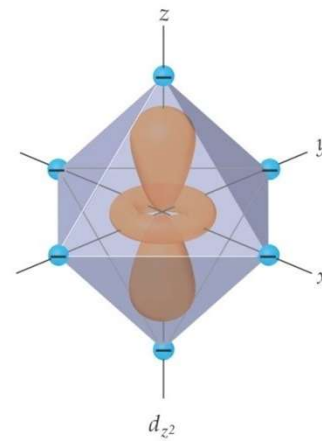
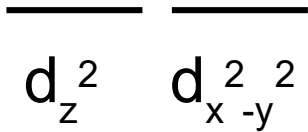


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Addition of  $\text{NH}_3$  ligand to  $\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4$  changes its color

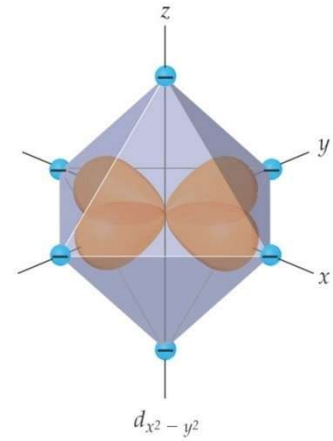


# Splitting of d orbitals in an octahedral ligand field

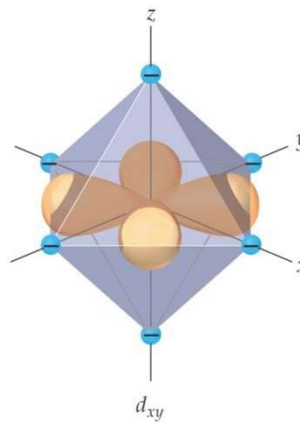
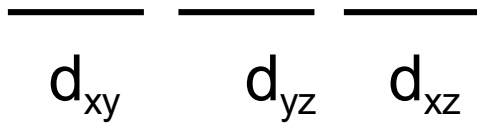


(b)

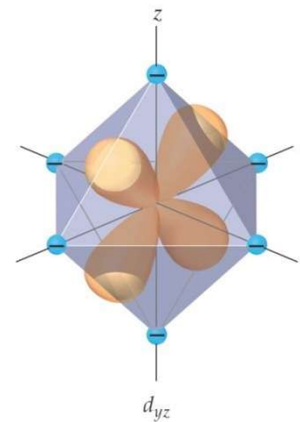
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(c)

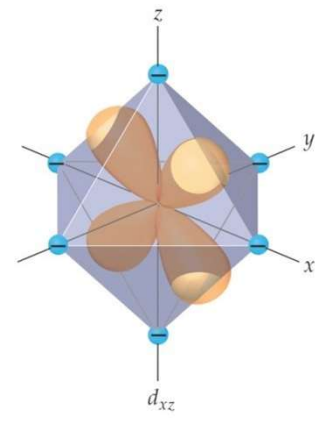


(d)

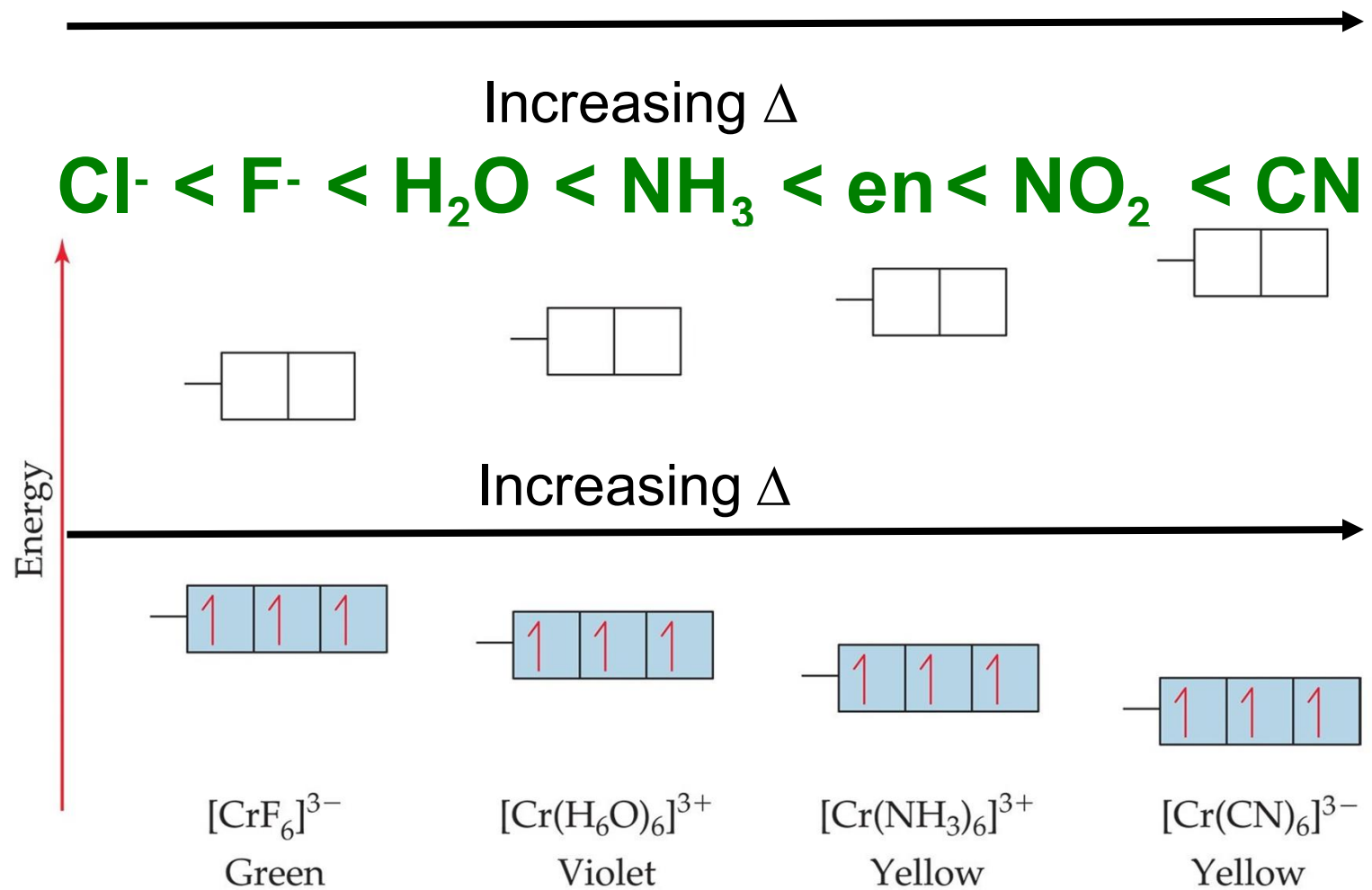


(e)

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(f)

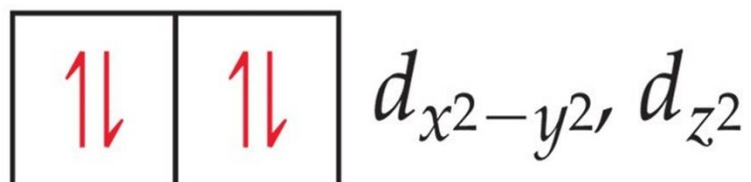
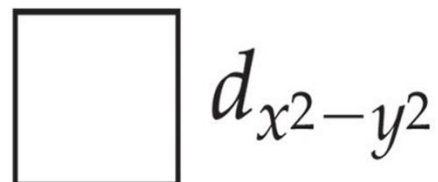


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Know low spin versus high spin

There is also splitting from tetrahedral And square planar.  
are like.

Know they are different, don't remember exactly what they



Tetrahedral

Square planar