



SAFALTA CLASS<sup>TM</sup>

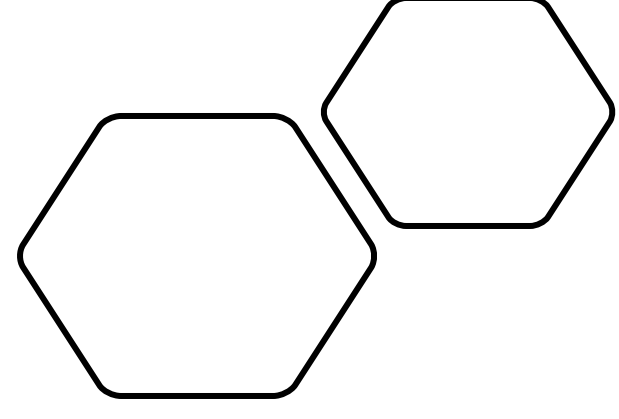
An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

# NOUN

## ENGLISH GRAMMAR

**BANK-PO/CLERK**

13<sup>th</sup> June 2020 | 06:30 PM – 07:30 PM



# NOUN

By: Santosh Sir



. Suppose your son misbehaves towards you, or your father one day in his anger is unduly severe to you, it is no great virtue to forgive them. Suppose a brother of yours does you some harm. and you say. “Never mind. you are my brother, I let you go,” there is no great virtue in that. The difficulty is when you have to forget the sins of your enemies. If your enemy who has always hated you, does you some fresh injury and you forgive that, then it is a real act of forgiveness. It is that which the Mahatma preaches. He says, “Forgive thine enemies.” which is one of the teachings of Jesus Christ. It is a mistake to think Christianity alone preaches the virtue. Other religions also teach it. Now Gandhi is pre-eminently a Hindu and he says he is living the best part of Hinduism when he himself forgives the sins of enemies, and asks people to love them as their friends.

- . 1. Whom should we forgive?
- (a) Son      (b) Father    ~~(c) enemy~~    (d) Brother

. 2. What is difficult to forget?

(a) Sins of enemies

(b) Sins of brothers

(c) Sins of friends

(d) Sins of parents



- . 3. “Forgive thine enemies” -is one of the teachings of
- (a) Mohammed
  - (b) Mahaveer
  - ☒ (c) Jesus Christ
  - (d) Gandhiji

- . 4. What virtue of Gandhiji is the author talking about?
- (a) Piety      (b) Courage      (c) Selflessness      (d) Forgiveness



- . 5. By practising forgiveness Gandhiji lives the best part of  
(a) Jainism (b) Hinduism (c) Buddhism (d) Christianity

. Write an essay in 300 words. ✓

a / am x  
s / es x

She sent me a word of her late arrival. ✓

X (message) — (UNC)

I will keep my words. word ↑

I want to have words with Ankit.

have a word ✓

① word - शब्द (Sing.)      words (शब्दों) (Plu.)

② word - promise (वादा), message - संदेश  
 (UNC) ← a Jan X  
s/es X

③ word - talk/chat/conversation बातचीत  
 have a word — बातचीत करना

. Sita is true to .....

☒ a) word

b) Her words ✗

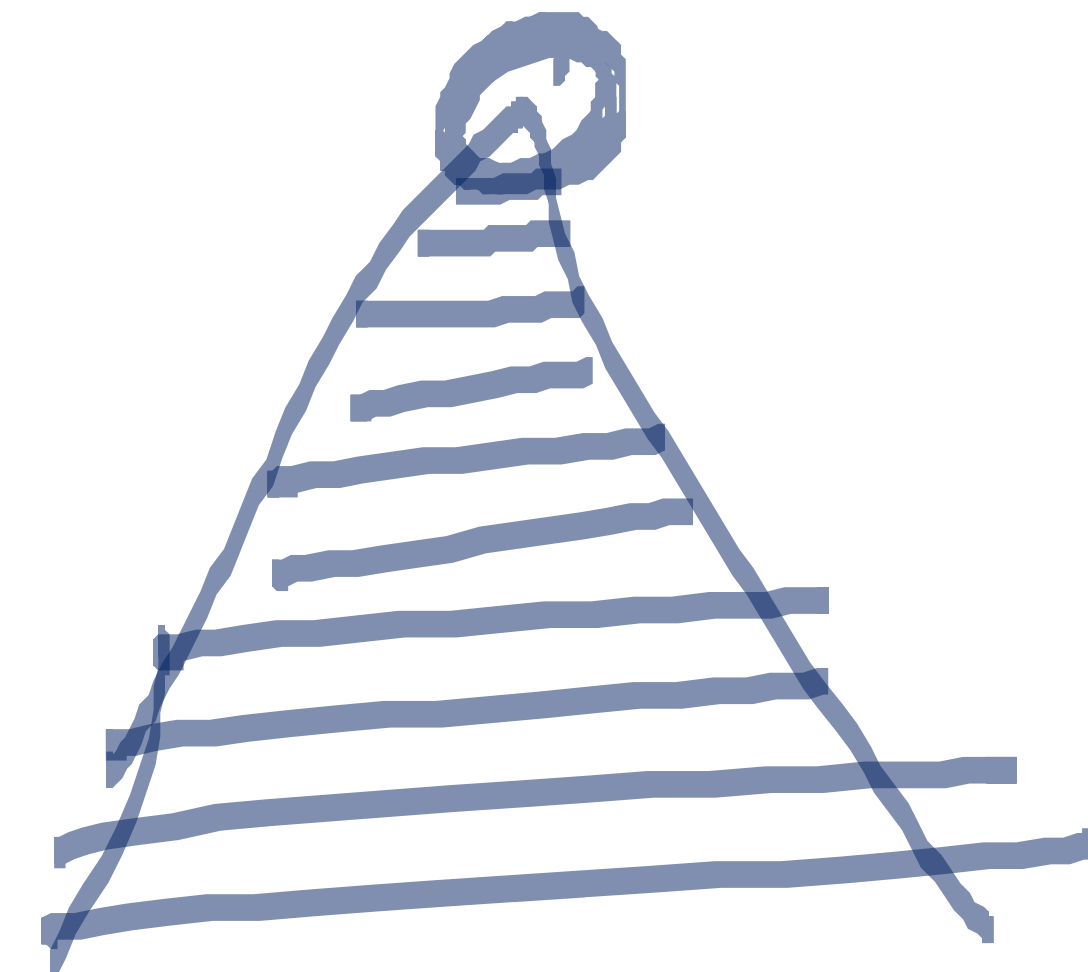
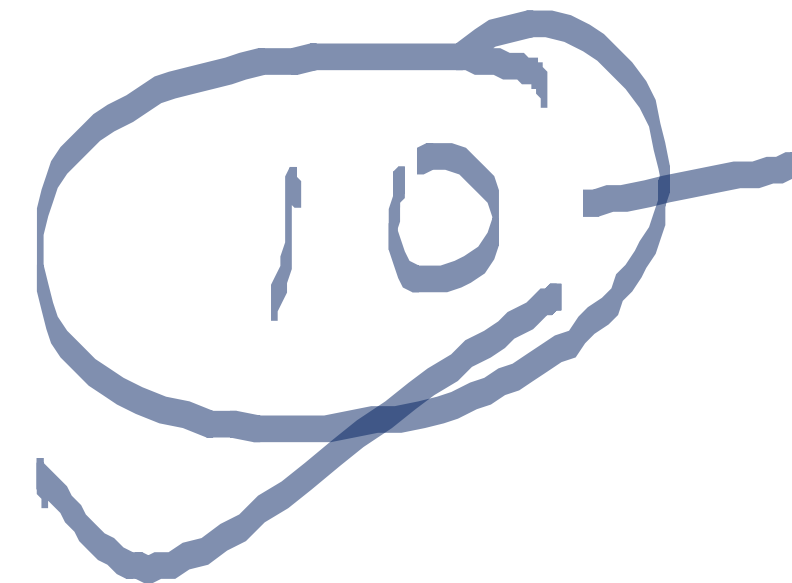
c) The words ✗

d) words ✗

word (promise)  
word true to word  
(वचन)

वाचन की पकड़

eliminate



# NOUN

## . Kinds

proper

Common

Material

Abstract

Collective

members

## Gender

masculine

Feminine

common

neuter

## Number

Countable

Uncountable

Sing.

Sing.

Plural

a boy ✓ boys ✓

boy

boys

oil, sugar

an oil x  
sugars x

a / an x

s / es x

एक / United है — sing.  
अनेक - 2 है — Plu.



- . (i) The jury is/are divided in their verdict. दकमत
- (ii) The committee is/are unanimous on this issue.
- (iii) The team is/are divided over the decision of captainship.

popular with someone  
Rajul is popular with the students  
popular for something among/ with/ between/ in



. Singular

Brother-in-law

Step-son/daughter

Maid servant

Man/woman-servant

Man-Lover/hater

Cupful/handful

Girl/boyfriend

Class-fellow

Plural

Brothers-in-law

Step-sons/daughters

Maid servants

Men/women-Servants

Man-Lovers/haters

Cupfuls/handfuls

Girl/boyfriends

Class-fellows

*Sing.*

*Plu.*

. Fish

Fish

Sheep

Sheep

Deer

Deer

Series

Series

Species

Species

Offspring ✓

Offspring

Headquarters ✓

Headquarters

Aircraft ✓

Aircraft

*sheep are*  
            
*a*

1. The Manager put forward <sup>suggest</sup> a)/ a number of criteria b)/ for the post. c)/ No Error d)
2. Alms a)/ are given b)/ to the <sup>poor</sup> poors. c)/ No error d)
3. The present datas a)/ show that the illiteracy rate b)/ in india has fallen down but not to the level of expectation. c)/ No error

$$The + adj = Plur \textcircled{N}$$

datum ← data ← shows  
VI



**Some Greek/Latin words are singular with *on/um* at the end of the word; they get plural by adding 'a' instead of *on/um*.**

***Singular***

***Plural***

Phenomenon (घटना)

Phenomena

Criterion (मापदंड)

Criteria

Datum (आँकड़ा)

Data

Agendum (कार्यसूची)

Agenda

Memorandum (ज्ञापन)

Memoranda

Stratum (परत/स्तर)

Strata

on / um → a ✓



**Some Latin words are singular with 'um' at the end of the word; they get plural by adding 's' instead of 'um'.**

***Singular***

***Plural***

Asylum (शरण स्थल)

Asylums

Museum

Museums

Premium

Premiums

Pendulum

Pendulums

Stadium

Stadia/Stadiums

Dictum (कहावत)

Dicta/Dictums

exceptions

**Some Latin words ending with 'us' get plural by adding 'i'.**

**Singular**

Radius

Syllabus

**Plural**

Radii

Syllabi



## **Wrongly used Nouns/Noun Phrases**

<b><i>Wrong</i></b>	<b><i>Right</i></b>
Freeship	Free scholarship /studentship
Boundation	Bounds
Lecturership	Lectureship
Offsprings	Offspring
Cousin brother/sister	Cousin
Strong breeze	Strong wind
Angry mob	Mob
Space/place (खाली स्थान के लिये)	Room
Boarding and lodging	Board & lodging
Fooding and lodging	Food and lodging



## **SOME NOUNS ARE ALWAYS PLURAL.**

- Scissors, tongs (चिमटा), pliers (प्लास), pincers (सड़सी), bellows (फूँकनी), trousers, pants, pajamas, shorts, gallows (फाँसी का फन्दा), fangs (डंक), spectacles, goggles, binoculars (दूरबीन), eyeglasses, intestines (आँत), alms (दान), amends (संशोधन), archives (ऐतिहासिक दस्तावेज), arrears, auspices (मदद), congratulations, regards, embers (राख-red piece of wood/coal), fireworks, lodgings (किराये का कमरा), outskirts, particulars,



proceeds (बिक्री से प्राप्त आय), riches (सम्पत्ति),  
remains (अवशेष), savings (बचत), shambles  
(अव्यवस्था की स्थिति), surroundings, tidings  
(समाचार), troops, tactics, thanks, valuables,  
belongings (सम्पत्ति), cattle (मवेशी/पशु),  
cavalry (घुड़सवार सेना), infantry (पैदल सेना),  
poultry (मुर्गी पालन), peasantry (किसानों का समूह),  
children, gentry (लोग), police, people,

1. The proceeds were deposited in the bank.
2. Wages of sin is death.
3. Our infantry have marched forward.



## **SOME NOUNS LOOK PLURAL BUT THEY ARE SINGULAR IN NATURE.**

News, Innings (पारी), Summons (कोर्ट का आदेश), Mumps (गले का रोग), Measles (खसरा), Rickets (हड्डी का रोग), Shingles (नसों में सूजन), Billiards, Athletics etc.

***Names of subject*** – Physics, Economics, Mathematics, etc.

Names of topics/books/titles etc.

- (i) No news is good news.
- (ii) Politics is my favourite subject.
- (iii) Economics is an interesting subject.

(iv) My politics is/are not very good.

(v) The mathematics of this boy is/are excellent.



### 3. SOME NOUNS ARE ALWAYS SINGULAR (UNCOUNTABLE)

Scenery, Poetry (कविताओं का संकलन), Furniture, Advice, Information, Hair, Business, Mischief (शरारत), Bread, Stationery, Crockery, Luggage (यात्रा का सामान), Baggage (घर का सामान), Postage, Knowledge, Wastage, Jewellery, Equipment, Work (Works का अर्थ है साहित्य लेख/रचनाएँ), Evidence, Word (जब word का अर्थ वादा/संदेश हो), Fuel, Cost etc.

#### **Examples –**

- (i) The scenery of Kashmir is very charming.
- (ii) I have no information about her residence.

- . (iii) He gave me three pieces of information.
- (iv) Many kinds of furniture are available in that shop.
- (v) He ate two slices of bread.



Holistic

All round / complete - whole

← वैश्व

Indifference  
Disinterest

○ Apathy - 'o' feeling - अव्यक्त

+ Sympathy → सहानुभूति - kind

+++ Empathy - feeling same like others  
--- Antipathy → Hatred - द्वेष

3

**Some Latin words ending with 'us' get plural by adding 'i'.**

**Singular**

Radius

Syllabus

**Plural**

Radii

Syllabi

**Some Latin words are singular with 'um' at the end of the word; they get plural by adding 's' instead of 'um'.**

***Singular***

***Plural***

Asylum (शरण स्थल)

Asylums

Museum

Museums

Premium

Premiums

Pendulum

Pendulums

Stadium

Stadia/Stadiums

Dictum (कहावत)

Dicta/Dictums



**Some Greek/Latin words are singular with *on/um* at the end of the word; they get plural by adding 'a' instead of *on/um*.**

***Singular***

***Plural***

Phenomenon (घटना) Phenomena

Criterion (मापदंड) Criteria

Datum (आँकड़ा) Data

Agendum (कार्यसूची) Agenda

Memorandum (ज्ञापन) Memoranda

Stratum (परत/स्तर) Strata



. Singular

Brother-in-law

Step-son/daughter

Maid servant

Man/woman-servant

Man-Lover/hater

Cupful/handful

Girl/boyfriend

Class-fellow

Plural

Brothers-in-law

Step-sons/daughters

Maid servants

Men/women-Servants

Man-Lovers/haters

Cupfuls/handfuls

Girl/boyfriends

Class-fellows

. Fish

Fish

Sheep

Sheep

Deer

Deer

Series

Series

Species

Species

Offspring

Offspring

Headquarters

Headquarters

Aircraft

Aircraft



## Wrongly used Nouns/Noun Phrases

### **Wrong**

Freeship ✗

Boundation ✗

Lecturership ✗

Offsprings ✗

Cousin brother/sister ✗

Strong breeze ✗

Angry mob ✗

Space/place (खाली स्थान के लिये)

Boarding and lodging ✗

Fooding and lodging ✗

### **Right**

Free scholarship ✓

/studentship ✓

Bounds ✓

Lectureship ✓

Offspring ✓

Cousin ✓

Strong wind ✓

Mob ✓

Room ✓

Board & lodging ✓

Food and lodging ✓

Board - (1) - रा. 1)  
Board (2) - price of food

mob - Angry crowd

sheaves ✓

4. The sheafs a)/ of the wheat- plants were too heavy b)/ for me to carry on the head. c)/ No error d)

many strata ✓

5. 'Language consists of several stratums', a)/ said a linguist b) in his lecture on language. c)/No error d)



many pieces of work

6. I shall not go to party tonight a)/ since I have many works to complete b)/ before I give presentation tomorrow. c)/ No error d)

work - काम (UNC)

a lot of / much work ✓  
many works X X

works  
creations  
रचनाएँ

many pieces of work ✓

7. He was offered a)/ lecturereship b)/ by the committee. c)/ No error d)

lectureship ✓

8. The house a)/ was divided in its b)/ opinion. c)/ No error d)

parliament

were ✓

their ✓



- 9. One must be always a)/ true to one's words b)/ if one wants to get respect from everyone. c)/ No error d)
- 10. The sceneries a)/ of Kashmir is b)/ very charming. c)/ No error d)

- 12. He paid the caretaker for his board and lodging.
- A) Room
- B) furniture
- C) boarding
- D) No improvement

.. Cattles are a)/ not allowed b)/ to enter this ground. c)/ No Error d)

cattle



① singular + s/es/ies/ves/a ✓

② some nouns are fixed

sing / plu.



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proceeds (बिक्री से प्राप्त आय), riches (सम्पत्ति),  
remains (अवशेष), savings (बचत), shambles  
(अव्यवस्था की स्थिति), surroundings, tidings  
(समाचार), troops, tactics, thanks, valuables,  
belongings (सम्पत्ति), cattle (मवेशी/पशु),  
cavalry (घुड़सवार सेना), infantry (पैदल सेना),  
poultry (मुर्गी पालन), peasantry (किसानों का समूह),  
children, gentry (लोग), police, people,

1. The proceeds were deposited in the bank.
2. Wages of sin is death.
3. Our infantry have marched forward.

hasx

Riches have wings

Police < Policeman  
intestines  
small intestine  
large intestine  
wage - मजदूरी  
wages - मजदूरी  
wages (sing)  
Result



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**Names of subject** – Physics, Economics, Mathematics, etc.

Names of topics/books/titles etc.

- ① Summon / call- बुलाना  
noun नहीं है  
verb है
- ② Summons sing. ① है  
Summonses plu. ② है

(i) No news is good news. ✓

(ii) Politics is my favourite subject. ✓

(iii) Economics is an interesting subject. ✓

(iv) My politics is/are not very good.

(v) The mathematics of this boy is/are excellent.

mathematics = calculations  
politics = political ideas  
statistics = data - आँकड़ें

① इससे Plu. माला  
माला है

② In this sense  
'The' or possessive  
my, our, his etc.  
comes before them



### 3. **SOME NOUNS ARE ALWAYS SINGULAR** **(UNCOUNTABLE)**

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#### **Examples –**

- (i) The scenery of Kashmir is very charming.
- (ii) I have no information about her residence.

UNC  
3 informations X  
3 pieces of information

. (iii) He gave me three pieces of information. ✓

(iv) Many kinds of furniture are available in that shop. ✓

(v) He ate two slices of bread. ✓

He ate two breads ✗



•  
alphabet ✓

1. He learnt (A) the alphabets (B) at the age of four. (C) No error (D) .

2. She always fed (A) her childrens (B) before she fed her dog. (C) No error (D)

children ✓

3. I saw (A) two deers (B) in the woods. (C) No error (D)

deer

→ गिर



1. When I was passing through the forest (A) I happened to see  
(B) a number of deers. (C) No error (D)

deer ✓

(by chance)

see by chance

It is a table's leg X  
leg of the table ✓

Spot the error.

1. You shall get(A) all the informations (B)if you read this book carefully. (C) No error (D)
2. The paintings of (A) natural sceneries are selling (B) like hot cakes. (C) No error (D)
3. The book, being written (A)in simple language is suitable for children (B) as it contains many good advices. (C) No error(D)

many pieces of advice ✓

# APPOSTROPHE 'S

6x10- 6x10

's

has

't - n't

'll - will / shall

Ram's book

Ram's going.

Ram's gone

① last letter s हो तो  
's का प्रयोग होता है

It is a boy's shirt ✓

It is a boys' hostel.  
boys' ✓

① living में लिखें 's  
जाना है



- INCORRECT

- 1. Someone's else ✗

- Ram's and Sita's son

- The + Surname+s

= ( whole family) ✓

- The Mishra's ✗

- CORRECT

- 1. Someone else's ✓

- 2. Ram and Sita's son ✓

1. The Mishras

# Correct these sentences.

1. This is Sohan and rahul's building. ✓

Alienation  
not belonging-  
ness

• 2. This is not my pen I think it is someone else's. ✓

• 3. The PM is on three days's world tour. ✓

days'

• 4. The Verma's have not arrived yet. ✓

Vermas

1. This is Raman's book. ✓

• 2. It's a boy's hostel. ✓

• 3. She stayed in a girls's hostel. ✓

• 4. Rahul is Rajiv's and Sonia's son. ✓

• 5. It is not my shirt it is someone's else. ✓

• This is (A) Johns book (B) on the table. (C) No error (D)

John's ✓



# Correct these sentences

1. She has lost three hundred rupees notes.
- 2. I have five two thousand rupees notes.
- 3. She gave me one five hundred rupees note.

rupee + note  
notes  
rupees X

Adjective of note  
(हजार / सय) note

# Correct these sentences

1. 4. He ran for a five miles race.
- 5. She stayed in a five stars hotel.
- 6. It is a five boys group.
- 7. It was a three members committee.

He ran for five miles.  
I gave her 3 stars

Adjective

SX

•

1. Hari lost (A) a hundred rupees note (B) yesterday. (C) No error (D)

2. I asked the shopkeeper (A) "Do you have change (B) for a five hundred rupees note? (C) No error (D)

3. A five-men (A) enquiry committee was appointed (B) to look into the matter. (C) No error (D)

man



Digit आने पर  
's' प्रती लगाना

digit  
1, 2, 3—

Dozen <sup>x</sup>s  
Hundred <sup>s</sup>x  
Thousand <sup>s</sup>x  
Million <sup>s</sup>x

+ Plural

dozen ✓

He has two dozens cars.

Digit न आने पर

's' आना है

Dozen s

Hundred s

Thousand s

Million s

+ 9 + plu (N)

dozens ✓

He has dozen of cars.

✓ vulnerable  
susceptible  
sensitive / prone - to

- ① 1. Children are prone a)/ to making mischiefs b)/if they have nothing to do. c)/ No error d)
2. The statistics is a)/ showing that b)/ girls are doing well in education. c)/ No error d)
3. A few tiles on skylab a)/ were the only equipments b)/ that failed to perform well in outer space. c)/ No error d)



- . 4. One must be always a)/ true to one's words b)/ if one wants to get respect from everyone. c)/ No error d)
5. Your scissor a)/ is blunt; b)/ my razor is sharp. c)/ No error d)  
*your pair of scissors / pieces of information*
6. He gave me a)/ two important informations b)/ I had been waiting for the previous two months. c)/ No error d)

- . 1. He gave me an information regarding the pivotal role played by the local media in the employment scam.
- A. He gave me an information
  - B. regarding the pivotal role
  - C. played by the local media
  - D. in the employment scam.
  - E. No error

. 2. Soliloquy is where I find my peace when I get into the centre of some inane mess.

- A. Soliloquy is where I find
- B. my peace when I get into
- C. the centre of
- D. some inane mess.
- E. No error



- . 3. No matter how much I try not to procrastinate, I end up with many works when I reach home.
- A. No matter how much I try not to
  - B. procrastinate, I end up with
  - C. many works
  - D. when I reach home.
  - E. No error

4. The decision of Google to terminate the service of its employee for his misogynous attitude led to a furious debate in the inner circles.
- A. The decision of Google to terminate the
  - B. service of its employee for his misogynous attitude
  - C. led to a furious debate
  - D. in the inner circles.
  - E. No error

Contrast word

Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ....(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ....(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ... (3).... and choose; imports suddenly became ....(4).... available and that too at cheaper ... (5)....

- |    |   |   |   |   |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | a) It                                       | b) He   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c) They | d) We   |
| 2. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a) With | b) By   | c) After                                    | d) From                                       |
| 3. | a) Buy                                      | b) Take                                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c) Pick | d) Want                                       |
| 4. | a) Hardly                                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> b) Easily | c) Frequently                               | d) Conveniently                               |
| 5. | a) Costs                                    | b) Returns                                    | c) Dividend                                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> d) Prices |

→ अमर उजाला

अमर उजाला



7/8/19

Close Test

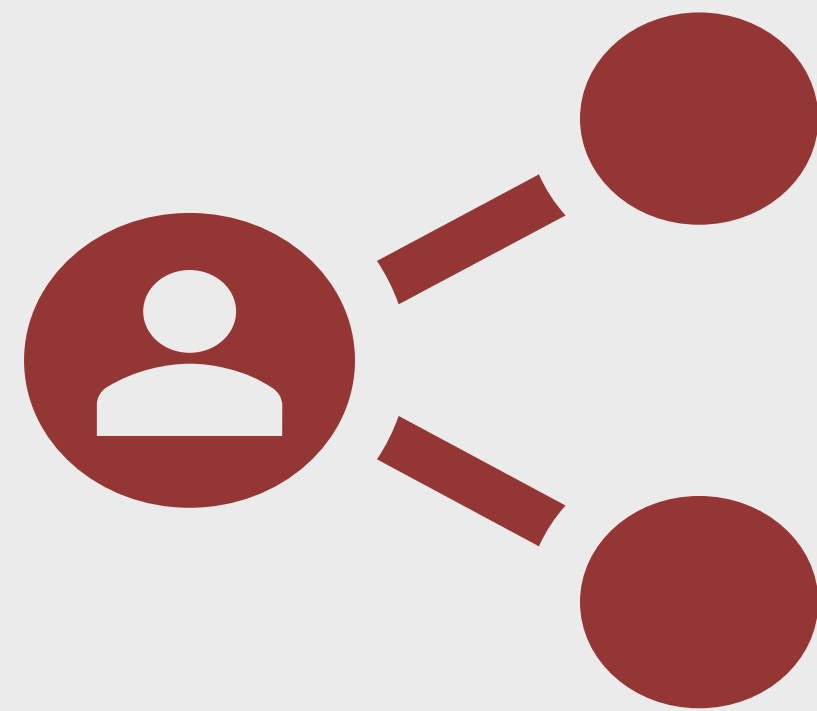
6-Aug. 7 - good d.v. good

10

9 - outstanding

10 - lucky

10



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Google Play  
Store



**SAFALTA**CLASS