

SAFALTA CLASSTM

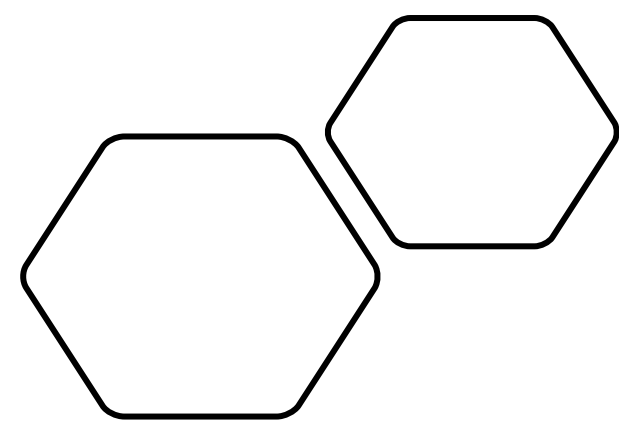
An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

MODALS AUXILIARY

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

AIR FORCE –X-Y

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MODALS

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REVISION

REVISION

- 3. Since we are living in Bangalore for five years, we are ^{unwilling} reluctant to move to another city.
- a) Since we were living
- b) Being that we have been living
- ~~c) Since we have been living~~
- d) No improvement

3

1. When the Principal entered the class, a student on the blackboard.

- a) was writing
- b) wrote
- c) writes
- d) is writing

3

2. She TV when her husband came.

a) watch

b) was watching

c) is watching

d) watched

V2

3

3. He saw me by chance and the car.

a) stop

☒ b) stopped

c) stops

d) was stopping

3

4. How many pegs of wine yesterday?

a) ~~you have drank~~ ✗

b) were you drinking

☒ c) did you drink

d) ~~do you drink~~ ✗

3

v2

cuts v1s

5. She cut her finger while shevegetables.

a) cutting

☒ b) was cutting

c) cut

d) hand cut

3

3

Sense Rule

6. She still remembers the day when she first..... to church.

~~a) went~~

~~b) was going~~

~~c) had gone~~

d) going

3

7. He suffering from fever for the last week.

a) is

b) was

☒ c) has been

d) has

for + time

3

8. I was watching TV when she in.

a) Comes

☒ b) came

c) come

d) was coming

3

9. India freedom in 1947.

a) attains

☒ b) attained

c) has attained

d) was attained

3

10. While she in the garden, it began to drizzle.

a) watered

b) has watered

☒ c) was watering

d) had watered

3

Approaches

① ①

Models + V! ✓

will/can/may/shall/should ... + V!

② ①①

All the models have different meanings.

③ ①①①

1 model shows many meanings →

may I come in?
may you live long!
It may rain.

③ ①④

1 meaning shown by many models.

It must rain today (95%).
may 50%.
might 10%.

will → would
shall → should
can → could
may → might

used in present
also.

present में भी होता है

WILL (गा, गी, गे)

I. **Simple Future** (I will go there tomorrow.) ✓

II. **Request** (Will you help me?) ✓

III. **Order** (You will do it anyway.) ✓

IV. **With 'otherwise'** (वरना/अन्यथा) ✓

e.g. 1) Work hard otherwise you will fail. ✓

Won't = Will not/[would not (*)]

or/else से लागू will लागता है।

CAN (सकना)

I.

Power/ability/capacity

eg. 1) He can lift the box. ✓

Meaning of can [be able to / be capable of / know how to]

eg. 1) I am able to speak English. ✓

2) I am capable of speaking English. ✓

3) I know how to speak English. ✓

4) I can speak English. ✓

II. **Permission [Informal (अनौपचारिक)]**

eg. 1) You can go now. ✓

III. **For habit or nature**

eg. 1) A deceitful person can cheat us. ✓

~~be capable + to + V1~~ X
of + v-ing ✓

Know
teach
learn

~~to + V1~~ X X
how to + V1 ✓
✓
✓

COULD (सका/सकता था)

Past ability (When I was young, I could outrun him)

Polite request/Permission

eg. 1) Could you please give me a pen?

L.V.

Could
would / + please

(Present tense)

= Please give me a pen.

MAY (सकना)

I. **Formal Permission** (May I use your mobile?) ✓

II. **Possibility** (It may rain today.)

III. **Wish/Pray/Bless/Curse** ✓

eg. 1) May you live long!

IV. **With 'so that'** (ताकि) ['So that' के साथ]

eg. 1) We eat that/so that/in order that we may live. नहीं

✓ may

MIGHT (सकना)

I. **Very less possibility in present.**

eg. 1) It might rain today. (10%) शायद ही आज
बारिश हो।

II. **With 'so that' (ताकि)**

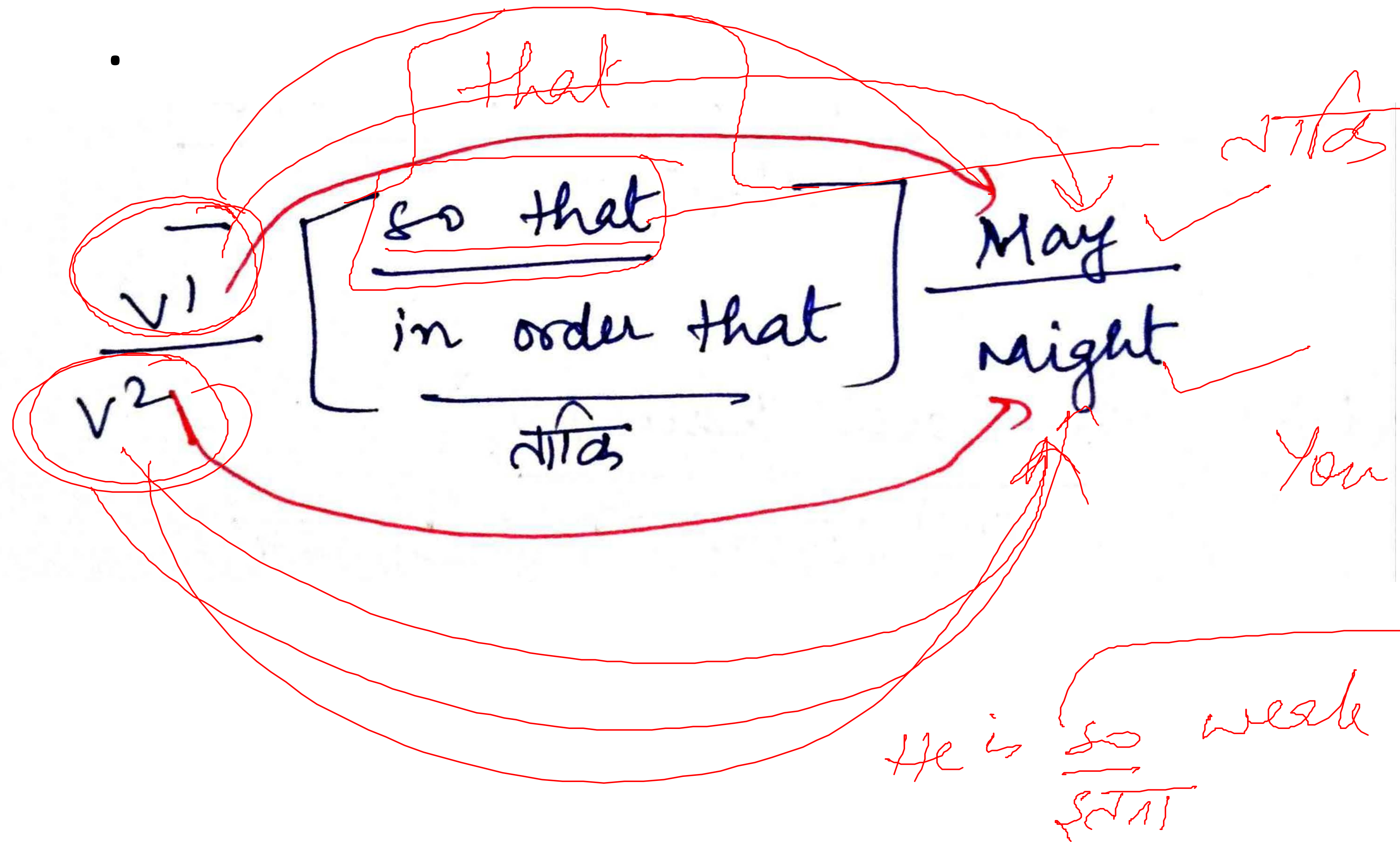
eg. 1) He came here so that he might study.

•
— or/else/otherwise + will ✓

—
•

could
would + please

— or / else / otherwise + will ✓



mv need not + V1
need
(mv!)

He is so weak that he can't swim

•

SHOULD (चाहिये)

- I. **Duty** (We should love our country.) ✓
- II. **Advice** (He should consult a doctor at once.) ✓
- III. **Possibility** (I think he should come tomorrow.) ✓
- IV. **Lest** (कहीं ऐसा न हो कि) के साथ हमेशा should का प्रयोग होता है।

eg. 1) Work hard lest you should fail. ✓
(मेहनत करो कहीं ऐसा न हो कि फेल हो जाओ।)

- V. **If** (यदि) के अर्थ में

eg. 1) Should anyone come, please tell me. ✓
(यदि कोई आए तो कृपया मुझे बता देना।)

- VI. **Should** का अर्थ (had better) (चाहिए) भी होता है।

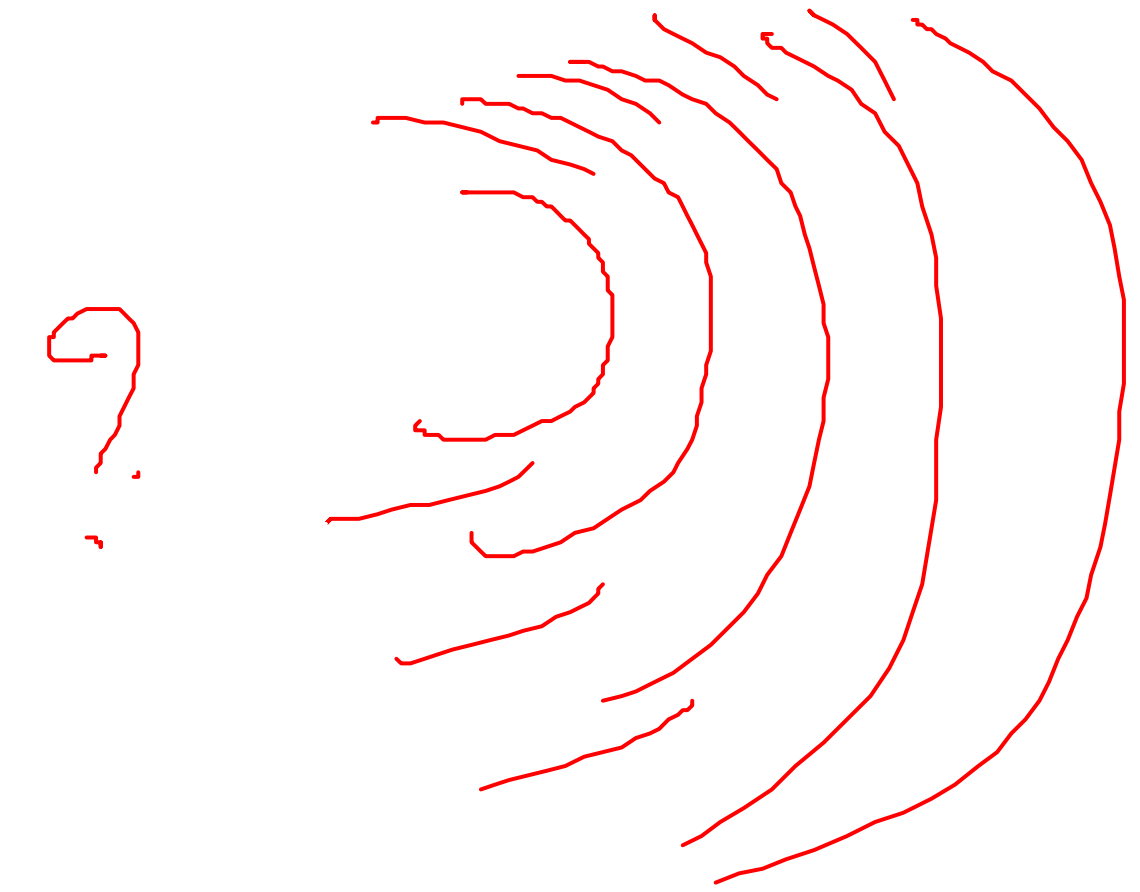
eg. 1) You had better go now. ✓

if anyone comes ✓

gone ✓

MUST (अवश्य चाहिए)

- I. **Strong duty** (We must love our country.)
- II. **Strong Advice** (You must finish the work.)
- III. **Strong Possibility** (It must rain today.)
- IV. **Compulsion / Necessity / Law and Order**
eg. 1) We must eat to survive.
2) We must follow traffic rules.



should ✓
must ✓

Best है।

निमित्त है कि

OUGHT TO (चाहिए)

serve ✓
obey ✓
respect ✓

I. **Moral obligation** (नैतिक कर्तव्य)

eg. 1) We ought to respect our elders.

should ✓
must ✓

WOULD (गा, गी, गे, /ता था...)

I.

For future time in past tense

eg. 1) I thought that he would come to me tomorrow. ✓

(मैंने सोचा था कि वह कल मेरे पास आयेगा।)

II.

Polite request

eg. 1) Would you please give me a pen?
(कृप्या मुझे एक कलम दीजिए।) ✓

III.

For present wish

eg. 1) I would like to go now.

IV.

For unfulfilled desire

eg. 1) Would that (काश) I were a king!
(काश मैं राजा होता।)

V.

For past habit

eg. 1) He would often go for a walk in the morning in his childhood.

will ✗

would like = want

would that = आशा!

would = used to

USED TO (ता थी, ती थी, ते थे)

= would

I.

For past habit

eg. 1) He used to go for a walk every morning in his childhood.

HAVE TO (ना है/पड़ता है)

<u>Had to</u>	<u>Has to / Have to</u>	<u>Will have to</u>
ना था/पड़ा	ना है / पड़ता है।	ना होगा / पड़ेगा

- I. For determination [दृढ़ इच्छा (ना था/ना है/ना होगा)]
eg. 1) I have to run 2 kms. to keep fit.
- II. For compulsion [मजबूरी (पड़ा/पड़ता है/पड़ेगा)]
eg. 1) I had to walk 2 kms. to catch the train.

•
_ test → should ✓

(Had better = should) + v!

•

Necessity | compulsion | law and order + must
should X

would like = want ✓

(would that = इच्छा) ✓

- v^2 + $\begin{matrix} \text{will} / \text{can} / \text{may} \\ \downarrow \\ \text{would} / \text{could} / \text{might} \end{matrix}$

✓ ✓ ✓

✓ ✓ ✓

• अच्छा / अच्छा!
Phrase Imaginary
if / would that / I wish + ✓✓ ✓✓ were
अच्छा!!

Would that I were a king!
 — — — she were a queen

•
(would = used to) + v1

•
 [Needn't
 Daren't] + \checkmark
 $\frac{10 + v1}{XX}$ \times

-
- DIRECTION: Fill in the blanks with suitable modals. *capacity*
- 1. He *could* reach his office *अभी* anyhow yesterday. *→ past time*
had to
- 2. She said that she *would* do it tomorrow. *✓*
✓ *Future*
- 3. Run fast otherwise you *will* miss the train. *✓*

-
- DIRECTION: Fill in the blanks with suitable modals.
- 4. He works hard so that he.....may pass. ✓
- 5. Make haste lest youshould miss the train.
- 6. He.....used to / would cross the river daily in his childhood. ✓ past time
- 7.Could / would you please do me a favour?

-
- 8. Children.....obey their parents. a) should c) ought to
(b) must d) need
models + v!
- 9. There is no cloud so it rain today. might
- 10. We.....not to make a noise in the class.
ought
must
should
to x
v!

It might have rained yesterday —

① Sub + could/might + have + v³
हो सकता था
(But नहीं हुआ)

② Sub + must have + v³ — 95%
may have
येला हुआ होगा — 50%.

⑭ Sub + should/ought to + have + V³
- चाहिए था

⑮ Sub + need not have + V³
जारी नहीं था (किन्तु कर दिया)
= नहीं चाहिए था

④

Subt

Can't help

couldn't help + ving

Action को न होक पाना

Action बिह बिना न रह पाना

vi) Sub + is/am/are/get
was/were/got + used to + v-ing

↓
ये Adj phrase है
आती होगी

used to + v1 ~

use to X

-
- 11. _____ you lend me your scooter, please?
- 12. We _____ love our neighbours.
- 13. There _____ be a house there in 80s.
- 14. He _____ swim across the river.
- 15. It _____ rain tomorrow.

-
- 16. _____ you live happily and long!
- 17. I thought he _____ be at home.
- 18. I _____ try to do better next time.
- 19. He said he _____ be twenty five next birthday.
- 20. I _____ swim across the river when I was young.

-
- 1. He _____ going there daily in his childhood.
- (a) was
- (b) used to
- (c) was used to
- (d) is used to

-
- 2. You _____ him in the race because he was ill.
- (a) should not allow
- (b) should not have allowed
- (c) should allow
- (d) should have allowed

-
- 3. It _____ yesterday but it didn't rain.
- (a) might rain
- (b) might rained
- (c) might have rained
- (d) may rain

-
- 4. They _____ to go to swim every morning.
- (a) use
- (b) used
- (c) are used
- (d) used to have

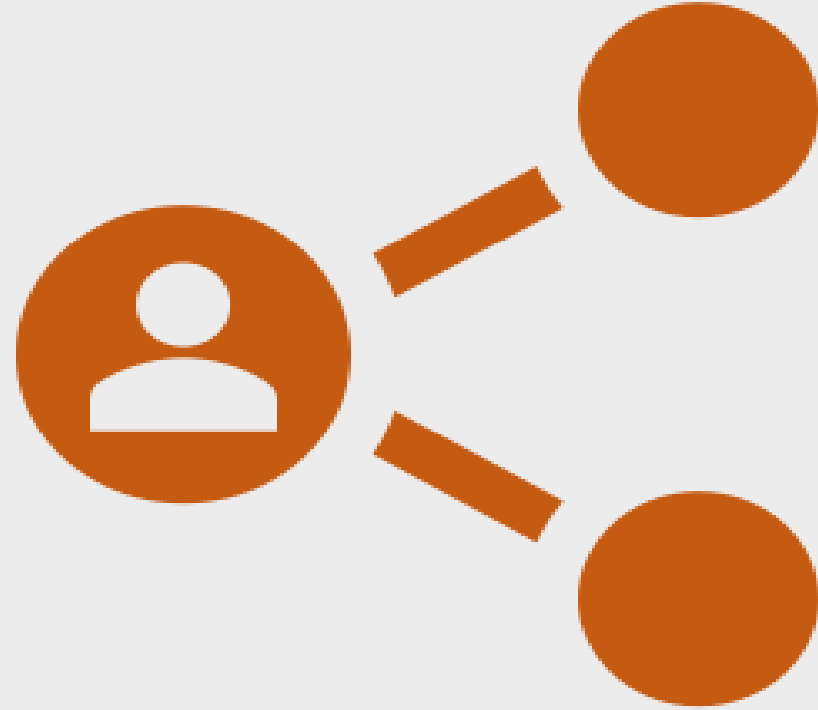
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- 5. One _____ help praising the courage of the people.
- (a) can
- (b) is to
- (c) can't
- (d) will

-
- 6. You _____ alphabet in lower standards.
- (a) must learn
- (b) can learn
- (c) must have learnt
- (d) have to be learn

-
- 7. He dares _____ his rivals.
- (a) abuse
- (b) to abuse
- (c) abusing
- (d) to abusing

-
- 8. Roads are wet, it _____ rained last night.
- (a) must had
- (b) might have
- (c) must have
- (d) must be

-
- 9. I got used _____ on the right when I was in the US for two years.
- (a) driving
- (b) to drive
- (c) to driving
- (d) by driving



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