

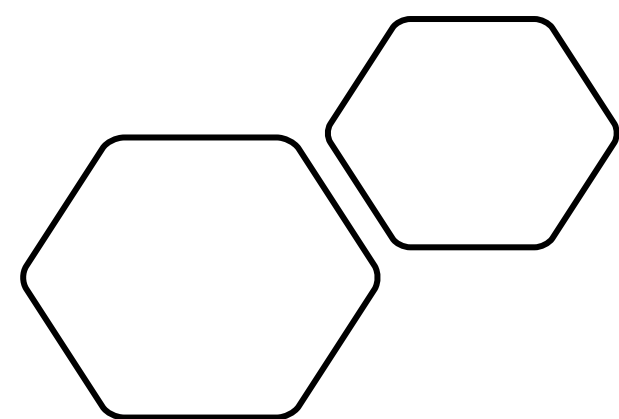
SAFALTA CLASS<sup>TM</sup>

An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

# PHONETIC TRANSCRIPTION ENGLISH

**CTET  
/UPTET/UTET/HTET/RTET**

**23<sup>rd</sup> May 2020 | 06:30 PM – 07:30 PM**



# PHONETIC TRANSCRIPTION

By: Santosh Sir





# REVISION

thus — so  
so — that

- She said to him, “ You killed me yesterday so I will kill you tomorrow.”

→ She told him that he had killed her the previous day  
so she would kill him the following day.  
next

# Interrogative sentence

- She said to me, "Can you do this today?"

she asked me if I could do that, that day.

- He said, "Do you come here daily?"

He asked if I/he went there daily.

# Interrogative sentence

- She said to me , “How can you do this ?”

*she asked me how I could do that.*

wh + S + V

- He said to me , “ Who is teaching you English?”

*He asked me who was teaching me Eng.*

# IMPERATIVE SENTENCE

- Starts with **V1/ Please / Kindly / Don't**

- He said, 'Do it at once.'

He ordered to do it / that at once.



# EXCLAMATORY SENTENCE

- Starts with 1. What a/an + (Adj.) NOUN
  - 2. How + Adj./ adv.
  - 3. Interjection (Hurrah!, Alas!...)
- 
- Eg. 1. What an intelligent boy he is!  
*He is a very intelligent boy.*
  - 2. How stupid she is!  
*She is very stupid.*
  - 3. Hurrah! We have won the match.

- exclaimed that (5 + 1 + 0)
- He said, "What an intelligent boy he is!"  
*He exclaimed that he was a very intelligent boy.*
- He said, "How stupid she is!"  
*He exclaimed that she was very stupid.*
- He said, "Hurrah! We have won the match."  
*He exclaimed with joy that they had won the match.*



### **Imperative Sentence**

Starts with –

- V<sup>1</sup>
- Please/Kindly/Don't + V<sup>1</sup>

- ordered
- advised
- requested (please)
- forbade (don't)
- asked (कहना)
- urged (प्यार से कहना)
- implored (जो देकर कहना)
- warned (चेतावनी देना)

**to + V<sup>1</sup>**

**e.g.**

1. She said, "Complete it at once or I will beat you."  
She ordered/warned her/him to complete it at once or she would beat her/him.





(to + vi)

11. A modern wife said to her husband, "Allow me to wear jeans otherwise I will go with my boyfriend."

A m.w. warned her husband to allow her to wear jeans otherwise she would go with her boyfriend. ✓

12. "Please grant me leave for a day," the peon said to the Principal.  
The peon requested the principal to grant him leave for a day. ✓

13. "Don't let anybody in", said the master to the servant.

The master forbade the servant ✓ to let anybody in.  
ordered not to not to let anybody in. ✓





<b>Exclamatory Sentence</b> Starts with – <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• What <u>a/an + (adj.)</u> Noun</li><li>• How + <u>adj.</u></li></ul>	<u>said</u>  <u>exclaimed</u>	<u>that + Sub. + Verb ...</u> <b>e.g.</b> 1. He said, "What an intelligent boy he is!" He exclaimed that <u>he was a very intelligent boy.</u> 2. He said, "How stupid she is!" He exclaimed that <u>she was very stupid.</u>
Starts with – <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Interjection (<u>Hurrah!</u>, <u>Oh!</u>, <u>Alas!</u> etc.)</li><li>• Well done!</li><li>• Bravo!</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <u>exclaimed with joy/sorrow/surprise/(contempt/hatred/despise/disgust)/anger</u></li><li>• <u>applauded (obj.) saying</u></li></ul> <p><u>praise</u></p>	1. He said, "Hurrah! We have won the match." He exclaimed with joy that they had won the match. 2. He said, "Bravo! You have played well." He <u>applauded me saying</u> that I had played well.



14. "What a terrible storm it is!" he said.

*He exclaimed that it was a very terrible storm.*

15. They said, "Hurrah! We have won the cup."

*They exclaimed with joy that they had won the cup.*

16. She said, "Alas! How foolish I have been."

*she exclaimed with sorrow that she had been very foolish.*

*a fool*  
*NI*

*foolish*  
*(adj)*





### Optative Sentence

- It shows prayer/blessings/wish/curse
- Starts with 'May'

- said*
- blessed, cursed, wished,  
prayed

that + (Sub. + may / might + V<sup>I</sup>)

**e.g.**

1. She said, "May you clear the exam this time!"

She wished that I/he might clear the exam that time.

# OPTATIVE SENTENCE

- He said, “ May you live long !”

He blessed that I/he might live long.





Some special structures		
Good Morning Good Afternoon Good Evening	<u>said</u> ↓ wished/greeted	1. She said, "Good morning! Can you do me a favour?" She wished him good morning and asked if he could do her a favour.
<u>Congratulations</u>	<u>congratulated</u>	1. He said, "Congratulations for your selection". He congratulated <u>him/me/her</u> on his/my/her selection
<u>Thanks</u>	<u>thanked</u>	1. She said, "Thank you very much!" She thanked him very much.
Good Day / Good Night / Good Bye / Farewell	<u>bade</u>	1. She said, "Good Bye!" She bade him good bye.

- said
- Good morning
- Good afternoon
- Good evening
- Good day
- Good night
- Good bye
- Farewell
- Thanks
- Congratulation







1. I said to my sister, "I brought you a doll yesterday".

a) I told my sister that I ~~brought~~ you a doll the previous day.

~~b) I told my sister that I had brought her a doll the previous day.~~

c) I told my sister that I had brought her a doll yesterday.

d) I told my sister that I ~~brought~~ her a doll yesterday.



3. They said, 'We've lived here for a long time.'

- a) They said they have lived there for a long time.
- b) They said they lived here for a long time.
- c) They said they had lived there for a long time.
- d) They said they have lived for a long time.



4. "Would you open the door please?" *requested*

a) She asked me to please open the door.

☒ b) She requested me to open the door.

c) She requested me to please ~~open~~ the door.

d) She asked me open the door



5. The teacher said, "Gandhiji was born in India."

a) The teacher said that Gandhiji ~~had~~ been born in India.

b) The teacher ~~says~~ that Gandhiji was born in India.

☒ c) The teacher said that Gandhiji was born in India.

d) The teacher ~~will~~ say that Gandhiji was born in India.



6. The teacher said to the student "Why do you disturb the class?"

a) The teacher said to the student why he disturbed the class.

b) The teacher told the student why he had disturbed the class.

c) The teacher asked the student why he disturbed the class.

d) The teacher asked the student why he had disturbed the class.





## Symbol of Vowel Sounds

### Short Vowels

#### IPA Symbol

e - ए

æ - ऐ २

ʌ - अ

ʊ - उ

ɒ - ओ

ə - अ

i - इ

#### Word examples

Went, intend, send letter.

Cat, hand, nap, flat, have.

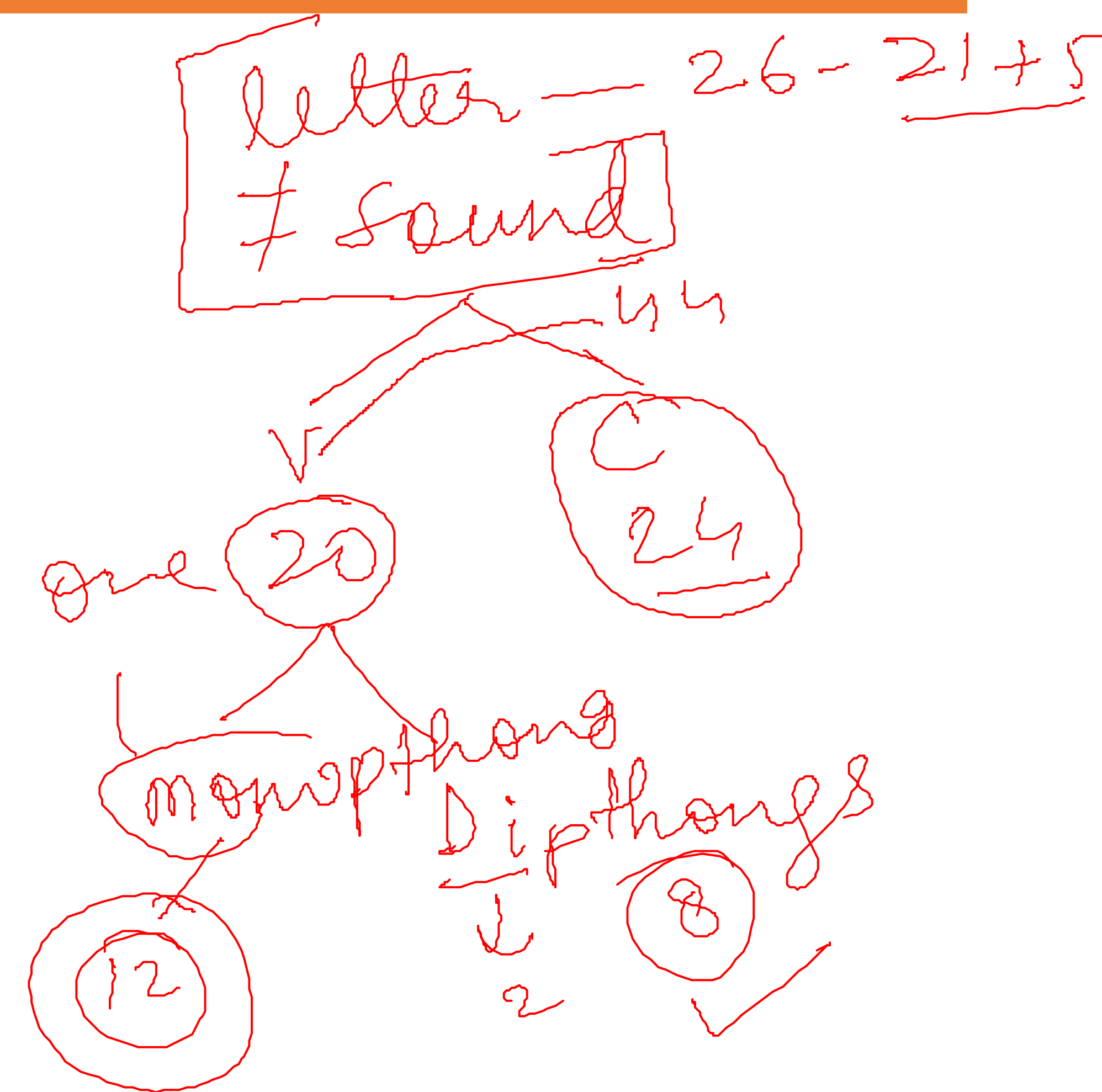
Fun, love, money, one, come.

Put, look, should, cook, book.

Rob, top, watch.

Alive, again, about, letter.

Sit, bit, pit, kin, chip.







## Long Vowels

IPA Symbol	Word examples
<u>i:</u> - ई	<u>Ne</u> ed, <u>be</u> at, <u>tea</u> m, <u>chea</u> p.
<u>ɜ:</u> - अऽ	<u>Nur</u> se, <u>hea</u> rd, <u>thi</u> rd, <u>tu</u> rn.
<u>ɔ:</u> - ओ	<u>Ta</u> lk, <u>la</u> w, <u>bo</u> red, <u>ya</u> wn, <u>ja</u> w.
<u>u:</u> - ऊ	<u>Boo</u> t, <u>loo</u> se, <u>gloo</u> my, <u>fru</u> it.
<u>a:</u> - आ	<u>Fa</u> st, <u>ca</u> r, <u>ha</u> rd, <u>ba</u> th.

Nib /nɪb/  
Need /nɪd/ ~~nɪd~~





## Diphthong Vowels

IPA Symbol	Word examples
<u>I</u> ə - इअ	N <u>e</u> ar, <u>e</u> ar, cl <u>e</u> ar, t <u>e</u> ar, b <u>e</u> er, f <u>e</u> ar.
<u>e</u> ə - एअ	H <u>a</u> ir, th <u>e</u> re, c <u>a</u> re, st <u>a</u> irs
<u>ʊ</u> ə - उअ	P <u>u</u> re, c <u>u</u> re, s <u>u</u> re.
<u>e</u> I - एइ	F <u>a</u> ce, sp <u>a</u> ce, r <u>a</u> in, c <u>a</u> se, <u>e</u> ight
<u>ɔ</u> I - ओइ	J <u>o</u> y, emp <u>l</u> oy, t <u>o</u> y, c <u>o</u> il
<u>a</u> I - आइ	M <u>y</u> , s <u>i</u> ght, pr <u>i</u> de, k <u>i</u> nd, fl <u>i</u> ght
ə <u>ʊ</u> - अउ	N <u>o</u> , d <u>o</u> n't, st <u>o</u> nes, h <u>o</u> le, g <u>o</u> , s <u>o</u>
a <u>ʊ</u> - आउ	M <u>o</u> uth, h <u>o</u> use, br <u>o</u> wn, c <u>o</u> w, <u>o</u> t





## Symbole of Consonant Sounds

### Consonants Sounds : Fricatives

IPA Symbol	Word examples
f – फ ✓	<u>F</u> ull, <u>F</u> riday, <u>f</u> ish, kni <u>f</u> e
v – व ✓	<u>V</u> est, <u>v</u> illage, <u>v</u> iew, ca <u>v</u> e.
θ – थ	<u>Th</u> ought, <u>th</u> ink, ba <u>th</u> .
ð – द	<u>Th</u> ere, <u>th</u> ose, bro <u>th</u> ers, o <u>th</u> ers.
s – स ✓	<u>S</u> ee, <u>s</u> weet, <u>c</u> ent, <u>c</u> entury
z – ज ✓	<u>Z</u> oo, cra <u>z</u> y, la <u>z</u> y, <u>z</u> ig <u>z</u> ag, no <u>s</u> e.
ʃ – श ✓	<u>Sh</u> irt, ru <u>sh</u> , <u>ch</u> auffeur, <u>ch</u> auvinist.
ʒ – ज़	Tele <u>vis</u> ion, delu <u>s</u> ion, <u>vis</u> ion.
h – ह ✓	<u>H</u> igh, <u>h</u> elp, <u>h</u> ello

Thus





## Consonants Sounds : Plosives

### IPA Symbol Word examples

p - प Pin, cap, purpose, pause.

b - ब Bag, bubble, build, robe (विशेष परिधान)

t - ट Time, train, tow, late.

d - ड Door, day, drive, down, feed.

k - क Cash, quick, cricket, chemistry

g - ग Girl, green, grass, flag.

8-12 20 44



## Consonants Sounds : Affricates

**IPA Symbol    Word examples**

tʃ - च

Choose, chease, church, watch.

dʒ - ज

Joy, juggle, juice, stage.

tʃ - च

dʒ - ज





## **Consonants Sounds : Nasals**

### **IPA Symbol    Word examples**

m – म            Roomm, mother, mad, more.

n – न            Now, nobody, knew, turnn.

ŋ – ङ            King, thing, song, swimming.



## Consonants Sounds : Approximats

### IPA Symbol Word examples

r – र ✓

Road, roses, river, ring, ride

j – य

Yellow, usual, tune, yeasterday, yard.

w – व ✓

Wall, walk, wine, world.

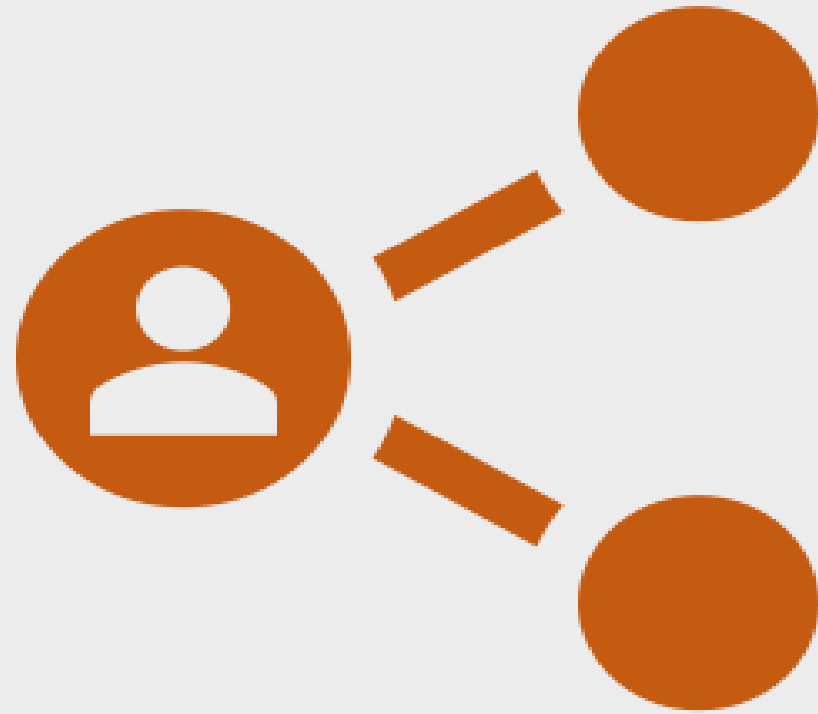
l – ल ✓

Law, lots, leap, long, pill, cold,  
chill, melt.









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