

SAFALTA CLASSTM

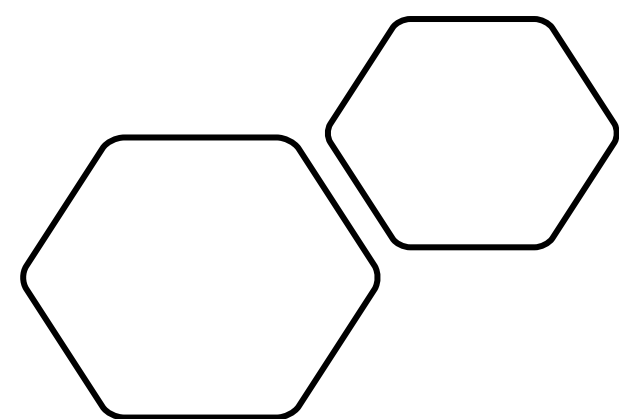
An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

TENSES

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

AIR FORCE-- X-Y

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TENSES-2

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REVISION

Tense	Formula	Examples
Present Indefinite	[Sub + V ¹ /V ¹ + s/es + obj.] (ता/ती है) Neg. [Sub + do/does + not + V ¹]	He comes here daily. (वह यहाँ रोज आता है।)
Present Continuous	[Sub + is/am/are + Ving] (रहा/रही है)	She is playing football nowadays. (वह आजकल फुटबॉल खेल रही है।)
Present Perfect	[Sub + has/have + V ³ + obj] (चुका/या है)	He has just entered the class. (वह अभी तुरंत क्लास में आया है।)
Present Perfect Continuous	[Sub + has/have + been + Ving] (time + से) है	She has been cooking since morning. (वह सुबह से खाना बना रही है।)

Past Indefinite	[Sub + V ² + obj.] (ता था/या) Neg. [Sub + did + not + V ¹]	She came here daily in her childhood. (वह बचपन में यहाँ रोज आती थी।) She completed this yesterday. (उसने इसे कल पूरा कर लिया था।)
Past Continuous	[Sub + <u>was/were</u> + Ving] (रहा था)	It was raining then. (तब बारिश हो रही थी।)
Past Perfect	[Sub + <u>had</u> + V ³ + obj] (चुका/या + था)	I had already taken tea. (मैंने पहले ही चाय पी ली थी।)
Past Perfect Continuous	[Sub + <u>had</u> + <u>been</u> + Ving] (time + से) + था	He had been playing badminton for two years when he was in Delhi. (जब वह दिल्ली में था, वह दो साल से बैडमिंटन खेल रहा था।)

•

Future Indefinite	[Sub + will + V ¹]	He will play tomorrow. (वह कल खेलेगा।)
Future Continuous	[Sub + will be + Ving]	He will be playing. (वह खेल रहा होगा।)
Future Perfect	[Sub + will + have + V ³]	He will have reached there by 4 p.m. (वह चार बजे तक पहुँच चुका होगा।)
Future Perfect Continuous	[Sub + will + have been + Ving]	He will have been playing for two hours. (वह दो घंटे से खेल रहा होगा।)

- Present Indefinite Tense

- Formula - $\boxed{\text{Sub} + \text{v}' / \text{v's/es} + \text{obj.}}$
 $\boxed{\text{Sub} + \text{do/does} + \text{not} + \text{v}'}$

- used for

① Routine, Habit, Nature

② Universal facts

③ News Headlines

④ story telling

Key words

daily

everyday

usually

generally

often

sometimes

[never = seldom
कभी नहीं]

-

1. My boss is always coming here in time.

2. They are playing football off and on.

3. She is scolding me everyday.

Present Continuous Tenses

Formula: Sub + is/am/are + V-ing + obj

Used for - Continuous Action - जारी कार्य

Key words

nowadays
thesedays
At present

आजकल

right now
at the moment
now

अभी

Some verbs are not used in Continuous

Appear, look, seem

like, love, hate prefer

see hear, smell, notice

have, possess, belong

know, understand

ST भाव में
ST भाव
continuous
Tense ST
use नहीं होगा

जानने
होगा

looks

He is looking worried. — दिखना ✗

You are looking beautiful. (दिखना) ✗

✓ They are looking at the board. (देखना) ✓

✓ She is having lunch. — खाना ✓

She is having a car. — पान में देना ✗
→ has

•

4. She studies literature at present.

5. Are you understanding me?

6. He is knowing me

V¹ — look (plu)
V² — looks (sing)

- Present Perfect Tense

(Has/have + v³)

Singular - He/she/it/sing(N) + Has

Plural - I/we/they/you + Have

Key words

by now
till now
so far
yet

अब तक

* yet का use वे या interrogative होता है।

recently
lately
of late] हाल ही में

just - अभी
already - पहले ही] इनका use दूसरे Tenses में भी हो सकता है।

-

7. Dewgan just completed the work.

8. She did not do the work yet.

9. Did you ever visit the Red Fort?

•

4. He _____ (drink) tea every morning.

5. I _____ (get up) everyday at five o'clock.

6. I _____ (know) him for a long time.

Present Perfect Continuous
[Has/have + been + v-ing]

Use

fixed Past time से लेकर अभी तक और आगे भी
काम जारी है।

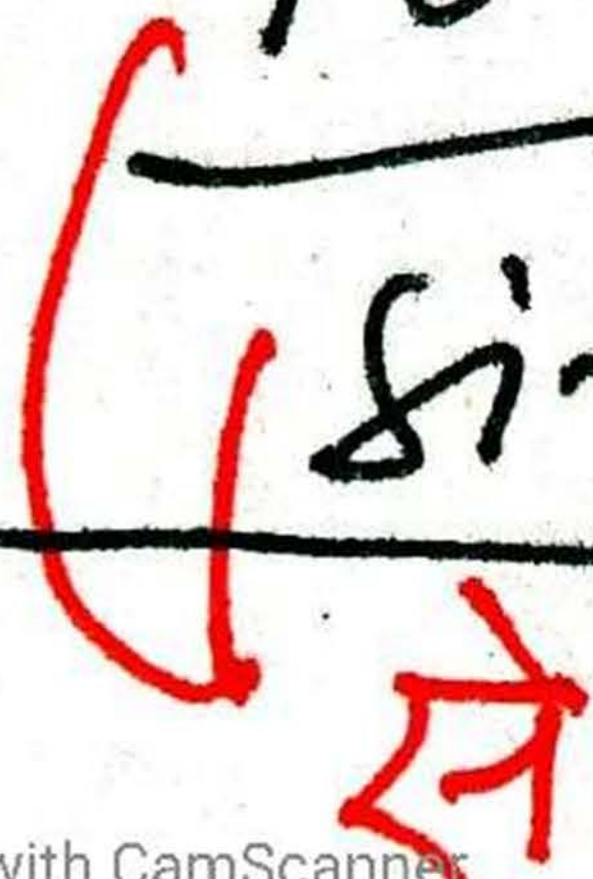
① हमलोग ॥ बजे से पढ़ रहे हैं।

मतलब ॥ के पहले से लेकर अब तक और

आगे भी १२ या १२.३० तक ---

Key words

for + time
since



For (period of time) – Second / minutes / hours / days / weeks / months / years / decades / centuries / a long time

Since (point of time) – O'clock / morning / Monday / January / 1880 / then / childhood / when / yesterday / V² – (ये fixed time को show करता है।)

eg.. ...since he came (जबसे वह आया), ...since I joined English class.

-

•10. He is living here since 10 years.

11. Ramesh is playing football from morning.

12. Tina does not eat for two days.

13. The PM knows me since I met him.

★ कितने समय से - For how long
For how long have you been waiting for me?

Note → How long के पहले 'for' गलत है।

-

-

1.For how long have you been living here?

★ कब से - since when

eg. since when have you been waiting
for me?

-

-

Since when are you doing this task?

Since when have you been doing this task?

•
4. My father is often coming here. ✓
often comes

5. John is seldom getting up late.
seldom gets

•

6. Grapes are tasting sour.

taste

7. Water is boiling at 100 degree Celsius.

boils

8. The Earth is going round the Sun.

goes

Nature /
facts

•
10. He ~~is owning~~ a car.

owns ✓

11. This house ~~is belonging~~ to me.

belongs

12. He ~~is knowing~~ English.

Knows ✓

13. She ~~stands~~ in the shade of a tree.

is standing

14. What do you read at present?

are you reading -

15. I am having a nice house.

I have ✓

have gone ✓

16. There are no taxis available because the drivers go on strike lately.

have not written

17. I did not write the letter yet.

- *has just*

18. He just entered the class. ✓
have

19. So far, I discussed two issues. ✓

20. He is working here since January.
has been working ✓
✓

Indefinite — for + since
Perfect

21. I know him for five years. have been knowing X
have known ✓

22. He is learning music from Monday.

has been learning since ✓

He has not seen (not see) me for 10 days. ✓
has not been seeing X

•

23. This T.V serial *has been* is going on for 3 years. ✓

24. The little boy has been waiting for his turn *for* since a long time. ✓

25. He *has been* is working here for the last five years.

•
5. This T.V serial a)/~~is~~ ^{has been} going on b)/ for 3 years. c)/ No error d)

b

6. The little boy a)/ had been waiting for his turn b)/since a long time. c)/
No error d)

for

•

2. It took a long time for him to realize, what was truth.

a) what is truth

b) what was the truth

☒ c) what the truth was

d) No improvement

wh- word + Sub + Verb
किसी ने

•

जो मर

5. The executioner him till he died.

- ☒ a) hanged b) hung
c) hang d) hanging

•

•

PAST INDEFINITE

• v²

→ did not + v¹

Dead (Adi) - मर

Die Died Died - मर(11)
 v² v³

Key words

past time
के साथ
प्र. Ind.

daily/everyday, ✓
usually/generally/
often, always etc.

open ended

He is going. ✓
He was going. ✓

Past time के साथ आरंभ की
(Past Ind.)

ये हम Past Indefinite

Past time

- yesterday ✓
- ago ✓
- last/past/previous + (day/year/month) - -
- in childhood ✓
- when I was in Delhi - - -
- when she came - - -
- when I saw her - - -

ये use सही होता है।

Past time से indicate करता है।

→ ये use किसी भी Past Tense में होता है।

Use

- Past habit/Routine
- Historical incident
- Past Incident
- Story telling

V²
lie lied lied - झूठो कहना
lie lay lain - रखना
lay laid laid - रखना / बैठना

1. The hen lay eggs yesterday.

laid ✓

2. She was always carrying an umbrella when she was in Kolkata.

always carried ✓

last time

•

3. She has left school last year.

4. Babar has defeated Rana Sanga at Khanava.

Historical

•

•

5. She was coming here daily in her childhood.

6 . I have completed the given task last night.

Completed ✓

दिना
दिना

•
Was/were+Ving

Past Continuous

7. It ~~is~~ raining then.
was

8. When I saw her, she ~~ran~~ to catch the bus.
Past Time was running

Past Perfect Tense
(had + v³)

use -

✓ 2 past actions में से 1st- past action

✓ के लिए past perfect Tense आता है।

•

Key words

When
Before
after
already

•

•

•

• 9. I already told you about it.

• *had already told*

वेन

u e m d i m G 2 1 1

She said that she saw me in the market yesterday.

had seen ✓

Part Perf. Continuous Tense

had been + v_{ing}

fixed past time से लेकर तब तक
और आगे में action जारी था।

•
•
•
She has been playing for three years when I met her.

had

past time

•

1. She TV when her husband came.

a) watch

~~b) was watching~~

c) is watching

d) watched

•

•

convinced

पुनः पुनः पुनः

2. On one occasion he persuaded me to accompany him on a shooting expedition he was planning.

a) has planned

✓ b) had planned

c) planned

d) No improvement

•

ends

2 *1101*

Past Perfect (had+V3)+ BEFORE+ Past Ind.(V2)
WHEN

had come

1. She came before I went out.

2. Before I went out, she came. *had come*

•

•

• had left I arrived

3. He left this city before ~~I had~~ arrived here.

4. She took lunch when he reached her.

had taken ✓ ✓

•

Past Ind.(V2) + **AFTER** + Past Perfect (Had+ V3)

1.

1. She came after I went out.

had gone

•

•

2. He had entered the class after the teacher had taught the lesson.

lack in v

a lack of

was no lack of ✓

•

DIRECTION : Supply the correct form of the given verbs:

1. The train.....before we.....the station. (leave, reach)

2. He.....for a walk after he.....his dinner. (go, eat)

3. Seema was alone in the house at that time because her father.....in the garage then. (work)

•

DIRECTION : Supply the correct form of the given verbs:

4. When I went to see my mother, she..... at that moment. (sleep)

5. After the guests.....we did the washing. (leave)

6. We..... food before we started playing. (have)

take = eat = have

9 (eat
take) lunch.
have

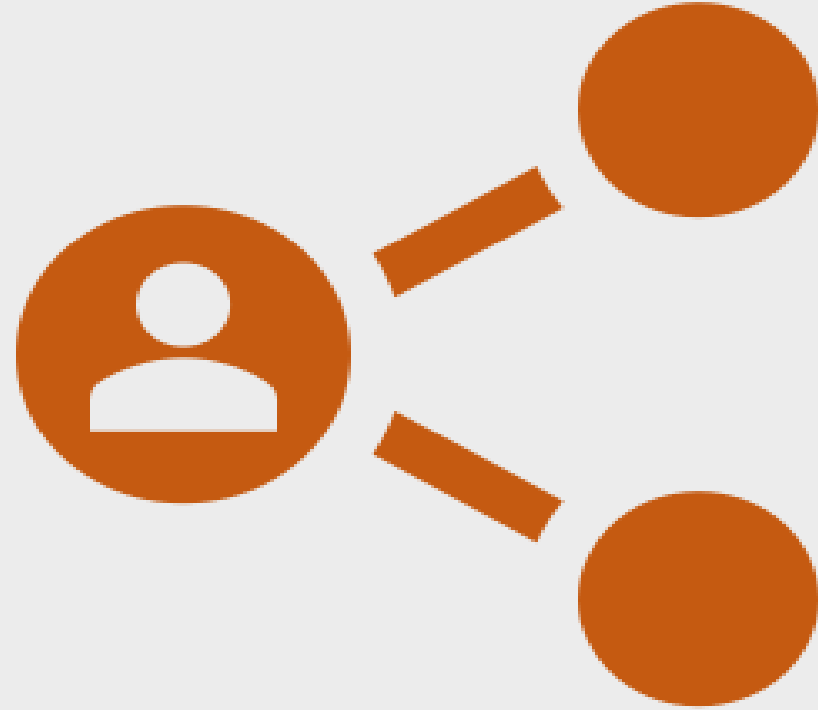
9 am (eating
taking) lunch.
having

9 have (eaten
taken) lunch.
had

9 (ate
took) lunch.
had

9 was (eating
taking) lunch.
having

9 had (eaten
taken) lunch
had



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