

SAFALTA CLASSTM

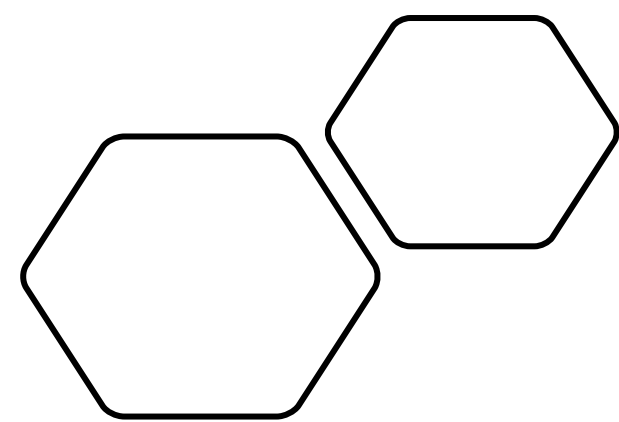
An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

TENSES

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

NDA/ NA

30th April 2020 | 05:00 PM – 06:00 PM



TENSES

By: Santosh Sir



रतना है

Sub + V + Obj

Tense	Formula	Examples
Present Indefinite	[Sub + V ¹ /V ¹ + s/es + obj.] (ता/ती है) Neg. [Sub + do/does + not + V ¹]	He comes here daily. ✓ (वह यहाँ रोज आता है।)
Present Continuous	[Sub + is/am/are + Ving] (रहा/रही है)	She is playing football nowadays. ✓ (वह आजकल फुटबॉल खेल रही है।)
Present Perfect	[Sub + has/have + V ³ + obj] (चुका/या है)	He has just entered the class. ✓ (वह अभी तुरंत क्लास में आया है।)
Present Perfect Continuous	[Sub + has/have + been + Ving] (time + से) है	She has been cooking since morning. ✓ (वह सुबह से खाना बना रही है।)

V¹/V¹ses

[is/am/are + Ving]

[has/have + V³]

[has/have + been + Ving]

Past Indefinite	[Sub + <u>V²</u> + obj.] (ता था/या) Neg. [Sub + did + not + V ¹]	She came here daily in her childhood. (वह बचपन में यहाँ रोज आती थी।) She completed this yesterday. (उसने इसे कल पूरा कर लिया था।)
Past Continuous	[Sub + was/were + <u>Ving</u>] (रहा था)	It was raining then. (तब बारिश हो रही थी।)
Past Perfect	[Sub + <u>had</u> + <u>V³</u> + obj] (चुका/या + था)	I had already taken tea. (मैंने पहले ही चाय पी ली थी।)
Past Perfect Continuous	[Sub + <u>had</u> + <u>been</u> + <u>Ving</u>] (time + <u>से</u>) + था	He had been playing badminton for two years when he was in Delhi. (जब वह दिल्ली में था, वह दो साल से बैडमिंटन खेल रहा था।)

Tense - H.V. 2 डाटा

Future Indefinite	[Sub + <u>will + V¹</u>]	He will play tomorrow. (वह कल खेलेगा।)
Future Continuous	[Sub + <u>will be + Ving</u>]	He will be playing. (वह खेल रहा होगा।)
Future Perfect	[Sub + <u>will + have + V³</u>]	He will have reached there by 4 p.m. (वह चार बजे तक पहुँच चुका होगा।)
Future Perfect Continuous	[Sub + <u>will + have been + Ving</u>]	He will have been playing for two hours. (वह दो घंटे से खेल रहा होगा।)

I 80

P.C.
P.P.
P.P.C.
P.T
F.C.
P.T
P.P.C
F.I
F.C
F.P
F.P.C

V1 ✓
V2 ✓
V3 ✓
Last 9nd.

V1 - Pr. Ind
V2 - Past Ind.

- Present Indefinite Tense

- Formula - $\boxed{\text{Sub} + \text{v}' / \text{v's/es} + \text{obj.}}$
 $\boxed{\text{Sub} + \text{do/does} + \text{not} + \text{v}'}$

- used for [उपयोग]

① Routine, Habit, Nature

② Universal facts

③ News Headlines

④ story telling

English culture

exam

general

Key words

daily -

everyday -

usually -

generally -

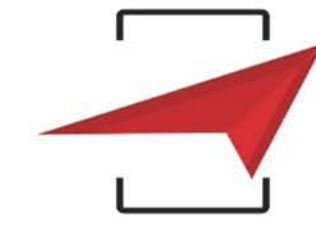
often -

sometimes -

[never = seldom]
कभी नहीं

रूठ habit / routine

or idea नोना है



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hardly

rarely

barely

कठिनाई है / न हो पाता

always comes
हमेशा आता है
Key word
Pr. Conti

- ⑥ 1. My boss is always coming here in time. X / No error
2. They are playing football off and on. → अत-अत = sometimes
3. She is scolding me everyday.
- ① He is hardly coming here.
- She is seldom smoking.
- scolds

Present Continuous Tenses ✓

Formula: Sub + is/am/are + V_{ing} + obj

Used for - Continuous Action - (जारी कार्य)

Key words

✓ nowadays
✓ these days
✓ At present

आजकल

✓ right now
✓ at the moment
✓ now

अब

6-7/8
20

2 भाग है

Some verbs are not used in Continuous

Appear, look, seem

तुम्हारे लिये
You are looking

like, love, hate prefer

see hear, smell, notice

जानना
होना
have

possess, belong

know

understand

Beautiful
Continuous Tense

H.V. + V_{ing}

V_{ing} / भाग भाग H.V.

2 भाग जो

[gerund / होता है]

[pres. participle]

•
4. She studies literature at present.

is studying

Do you understand me?

5. Are you understanding me?

✓
आप मेरी बात समझ रहे हैं।
use continuous में गरी होता है।
इतना use continuous में गरी होता है।
वे 2nd. गी perf. में use होते।

6. He is knowing me

He knows me.

Ex. P. Understanding me

Ex. P. Seeing a snake he

he felt sorry.
ran away.

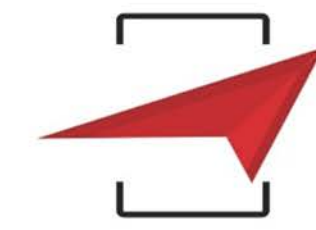
- Present Perfect Tense

(Has/have + v³)

Singular - He/she/it/sing(N) + Has

Plural - I/we/they/you + Have

कम पूरा हो जाया है



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Key words

अतः तक

by now
till now
so far
yet

अतः तक

* yet का use we या interrogative we में नहीं होता



Scanned with CamScanner

[recently
lately
of late]

हाल ही में

— just - अभी तुरंत
— already - पहले ही

इनका use दूसरे Tenses
में भी हो सकता है।

sense समझना
होता

• *has just completed ✓*

7. Dewgan just completed the work. ✓

has not done ✓

8. She did not do the work yet. ✓

9. Did you ever visit the Red Fort?

Have you ever visited ✓

9 have done it yet X
Ever X

•
4. He drinks (drink) tea every morning. (Routine)

5. I get up (get up) everyday at five o'clock.

6. I have known (know) him for a long time.

have been knowing X

know / have known
is am knowing X

Present Perfect Continuous

[Has/have + been + v-ing]

Use

Fixed Past time से लेकर अभी तक और आगे भी
काम जारी है।

① हमलोग ११ बजे से पढ़ रहे हैं।

मतलब ११ बजे से लेकर अब तक और

आगे भी १२ या १२.३० तक ---

Key words

for
since + time

→

ना.ना.ना. लाला है
• 4.5, 7, 10 → fixed time

not fixed time

For (period of time) – Second / minutes / hours / days / weeks / months / years / decades / centuries /
a long time

Since (point of time) – O'clock / morning / Monday / January / 1880 / then / childhood / when /
yesterday / V² – (ये fixed time को show करता है।)

eg.. ...since he came (जबसे वह आया), ...since I joined English class.

✓ X 9 am game ready for it.

has been living
For

has been playing

• 10. He is living here since 10 years.

since

11. Ramesh is playing football from morning.

12. Tina does not eat for two days.

has not eaten
has not been eating

13. The PM knows me since I met him.

since

has known

★ कितने समय से - For how long
For how long have you been waiting for me?

Note → How long के पहले 'for' गलत है।

-

-

1. For how long have you been living here?

★ कब से - since when

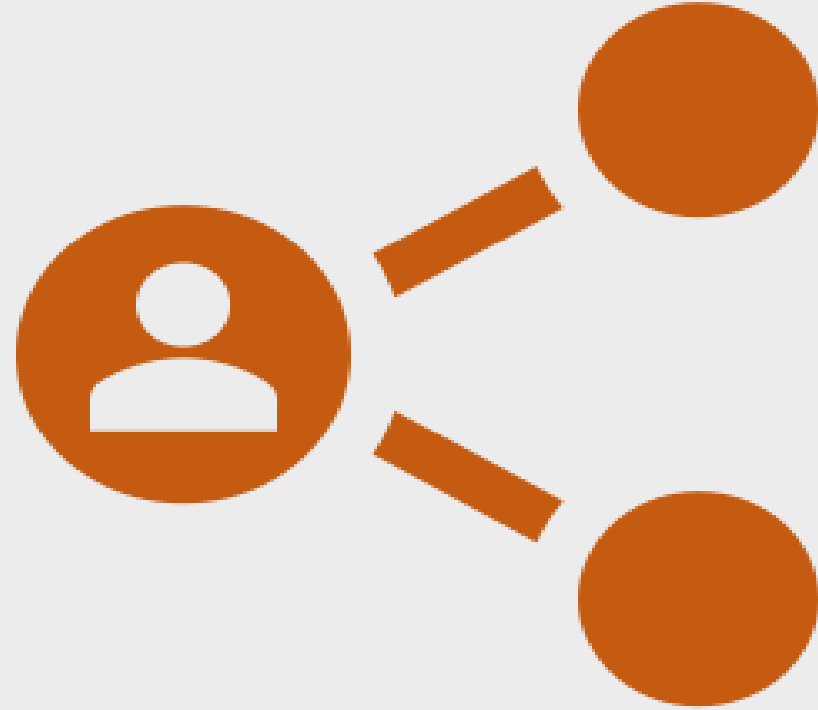
eg. since when have you been waiting
for me?

-

-

Since when are you doing this task?

Since when have you been doing this task?



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