

SAFALTA CLASSTM

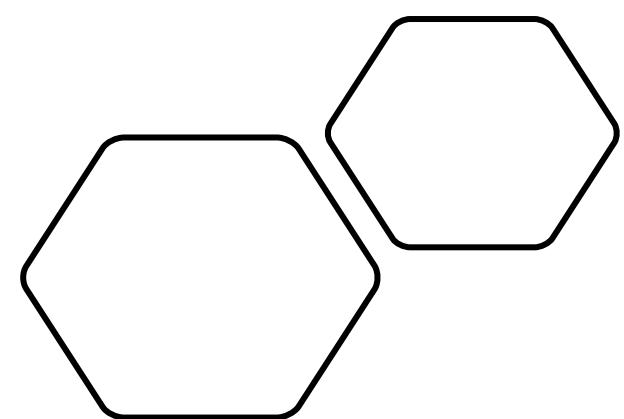
An Initiative by **अमरउजाला**

VOICE

ENGLISH

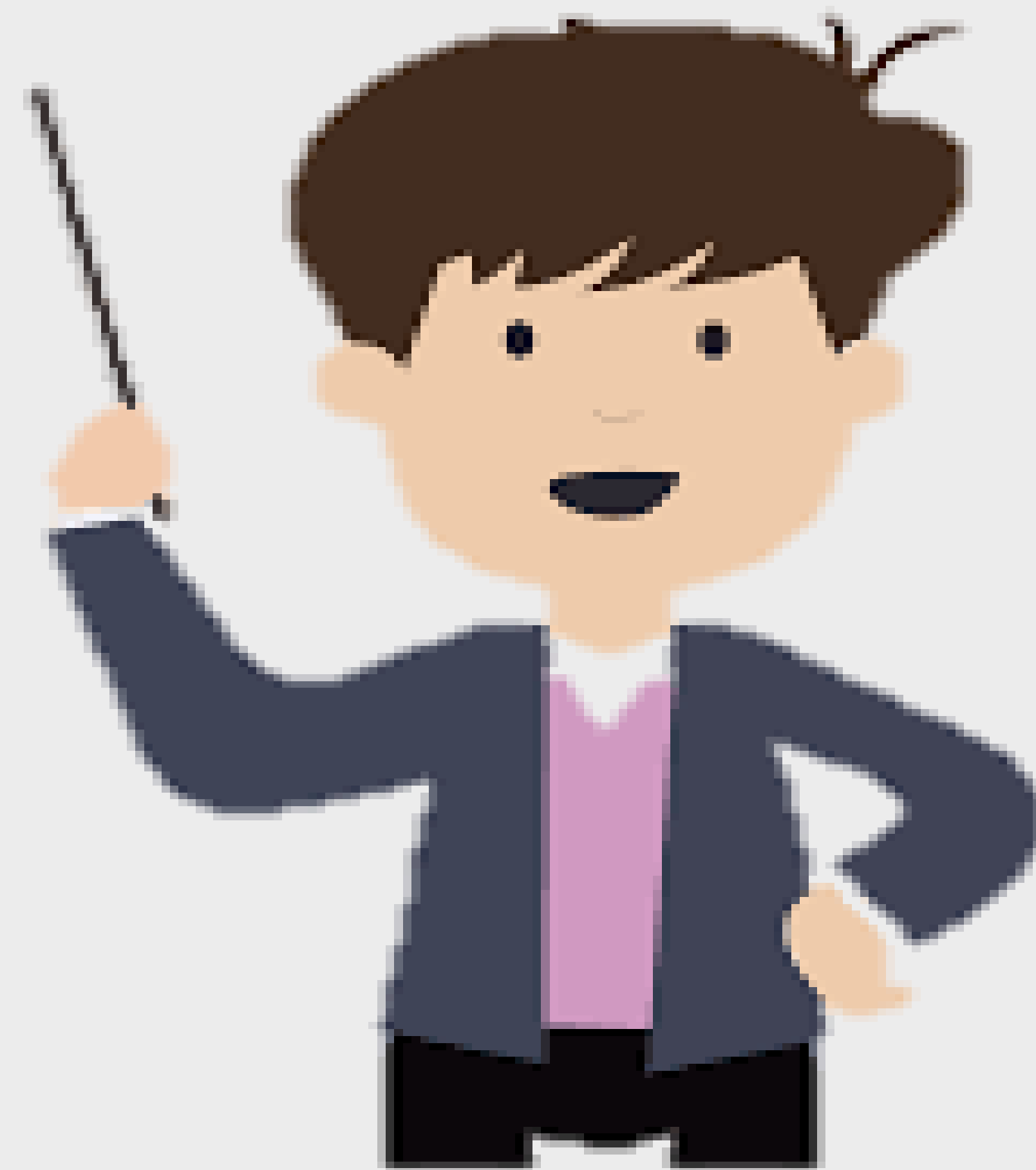
CTET
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13th May 2020 | 01:00 PM – 02:00 PM



VOICE

By: Santosh Sir





would = USED TO (ता थी, ती थी, ते थे)

I. **For past habit**

eg. 1) He used to go for a walk every morning in his childhood.

There used to be a hotel here.

would X

would ✓



HAVE TO (ना है/पड़ता है)

Had to	Has to / Have to	Will have to
<u>ना था/पड़ा</u>	<u>ना है/पड़ता है।</u>	<u>ना होगा / पड़ेगा</u>

- I. For determination [दृढ़ इच्छा (ना था/ना है/ना होगा)]
eg. 1) I have to run 2 kms. to keep fit.
- II. For compulsion [मजबूरी (पड़ा/पड़ता है/पड़ेगा)]
eg. 1) I had to walk 2 kms. to catch the train.

+

Sub + (H.V.) + (M.V.) + Obj - (Active)

Conti (2) Tenses

Passive

अपरा ^{वे}
Obj + (H.V.)

[being
been
be]

MV³ + by + Sub

Fixed ^{वे}

(3) Perf.

(Modals) ② ①

+

A.V.
⑨ brought ✓ मैं लाया
⑨ was brought. इसे लाया जाया (कई Active है)
P.V.
⑨ she killed him.
P.V.
she was killed.
→ इसे मारा जाया।

in it self

Cal = 37m

+

Ady
essential

Man does not live by food alone. Water is vital for human health and fitness. Although it is not a nutrient per se as are carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals, it, in fact, is a key nutrient in as much as no life is possible without it. Whereas we can do for weeks without food, we cannot live without water longer than

a couple of days. Water approximates 60 percent of the body weight of human adults. The total amount of water in a man weighing 70 Kg. is approximately a little over 40 litres. It is an excellent solvent - more substances are soluble in water than any other liquid known so far. This makes it an ideal constituent of the body fluids which support life supporting chemical reactions. It dissolves varied products of digestion and transports them to the rest of the body. Likewise it dissolves diverse metabolic wastes and helps drain out of the body. Besides, it performs a variety of functions - some well-known and well-understood while others not so well appreciated yet vital.

Solvent - जो बिलेता है, who can pay debts

rapid - fast
+

ground, ~~Article~~ N
✓ ✓ ✓
Prep verb go to

and, विरार ॥

The no less important role of water is to distribute dissipate the body heat efficiently thereby regulating the body's temperature. Water accomplishes this role ideally because it has high thermal conductivity ensuring rapid heat transfer from one part to the other. Above all, water has a high specific heat, implying that it takes a lot of heat to raise the temperature of water and likewise much heat has to be lost to lower its temperature. Drinking a lot of water is an inexpensive way to stay healthy. Even excess of water is harmless. Water therapy - drinking a litre or so the first thing in the morning is kidney-friendly. The water regulation in the body is affected by hypothalamus in two ways i.e. (i) by creating the sensation of thirst which makes us drink water and (ii) by controlling the excretion of water as urine. If water regulation fails medical emergency ensures.

Accomplish - complete - २ (1 2 २ ॥
Accomplished (adj) - skillful

lukewarm water
warm - ३ १३ ॥



1. The most essential thing that man requires is :
(a) food (b) minerals ☒ (c) water (d) proteins



2. "This makes it an ideal constituent of the body fluids." What does 'This refer to'?

- ☒ (a) Water being an excellent solvent
- (b) Water
- (c) Any other liquid
- (d) The role of water



3. Water is an excellent solvent supporting
- (a) physical reaction
 - ☒ (b) chemical reaction
 - (c) biological reaction
 - (d) natural reaction



4. Water helps in
- (a) mixing the food
 - (b) transporting the for
 - ✓ (c) digesting and transporting the food
 - (d) throwing out the waste



5. Water therapy is
- ✓ (a) intake of water to maintain body temperature
 - (b) raising the temperature of the body
 - (c) lowering the temperature of the body
 - (d) drawing out excess water.

TENSES	ACTIVE <u>Subject (Main) + V + Object</u>	PASSIVE <u>Object (Main) + (H.V.) + MV³ + Subject</u>
Present Indefinite	Sub + <u>V¹/V¹ + s/es</u> + obj <i>e.g.</i> She <u>writes</u> a letter.	Obj + <u>is/am/are</u> + <u>V³</u> + by + Sub A letter <u>is written</u> by her
Present Continuous	Sub + <u>is/am/are</u> + <u>ving</u> + obj <i>e.g.</i> She <u>is writing</u> a letter.	Obj + <u>is/am are</u> + <u>being</u> + <u>V³</u> + by + Sub A letter <u>is being written</u> by her.
Present Perfect	Sub + <u>has/have</u> + <u>v³</u> + obj <i>e.g.</i> She <u>has written</u> a letter.	Obj + <u>has/have</u> + <u>been</u> + <u>V³</u> + by + Sub A letter <u>has been written</u> by her.
Past Indefinite	Sub + <u>V²</u> + obj <i>e.g.</i> She <u>wrote</u> a letter.	Obj + <u>was/were</u> + <u>V³</u> + by + Sub A letter <u>was written</u> by her
Past Continuous	Sub + <u>was/were</u> + <u>ving</u> + obj <i>e.g.</i> She <u>was writing</u> a letter.	Obj + <u>was/were</u> + <u>being</u> + <u>V³</u> + by + Sub A letter <u>was being written</u> by her.
Past Perfect	Sub + <u>had</u> + <u>V³</u> + obj <i>e.g.</i> She <u>had written</u> a letter.	Obj + <u>had</u> + <u>been</u> + <u>V³</u> + by + Sub A letter <u>had been written</u> by her.
Future Indefinite	Sub + <u>will/modals</u> + <u>V¹</u> + obj <i>e.g.</i> She <u>will/can write</u> a letter.	Obj + <u>will/modals</u> + <u>be</u> + <u>V³</u> + by + Sub A letter <u>will/can be written</u> by her
Future Perfect	Sub + <u>will/modals</u> + <u>have</u> + <u>V³</u> + obj <i>e.g.</i> She <u>will/may have written</u> a letter.	Obj + <u>will/modals</u> + <u>have</u> + <u>been</u> + <u>V³</u> + by + Sub A letter <u>will/may have been written</u> by her.

+

1. The rich look down upon the poor.

The poor are looked down upon by the rich.

The + adj = Plural Noun

→ गरीब लोग

2. He can catch the running bus.

The running bus can be caught by him. The + adj = गतिमान लोग

3. He switched off the fan.

The fan was switched off by him.

+

singular person

4. Do you love your parents?

Is/Am/Are your parents ^o loved by you?

5. Have we done this?

Has/Have ^o this been done? by us

You can't separate water.
water can't be separated ✓

by them
us
you
people
someone
anyone
Everyone
all

public sense of
useless

by you

+

6. When did you do this?

When was this done by you?
~~were~~

who pleased you?
with whom were you pleased?

7. Who has broken the jug?

By whom has the jug been broken?

the jug ~~has been~~

8. Who knows you?

By whom are you known?
To

known/married - to
surprised/shocked - at
pleased/sympathised - with

by श्री. माला



9. You can not touch the sky.

10. People speak Hindi in Delhi.

11. Someone stole my pen.



12. One may accomplish many things by a little effort.
13. The police arrested the thief.
14. His behaviour had surprised me.

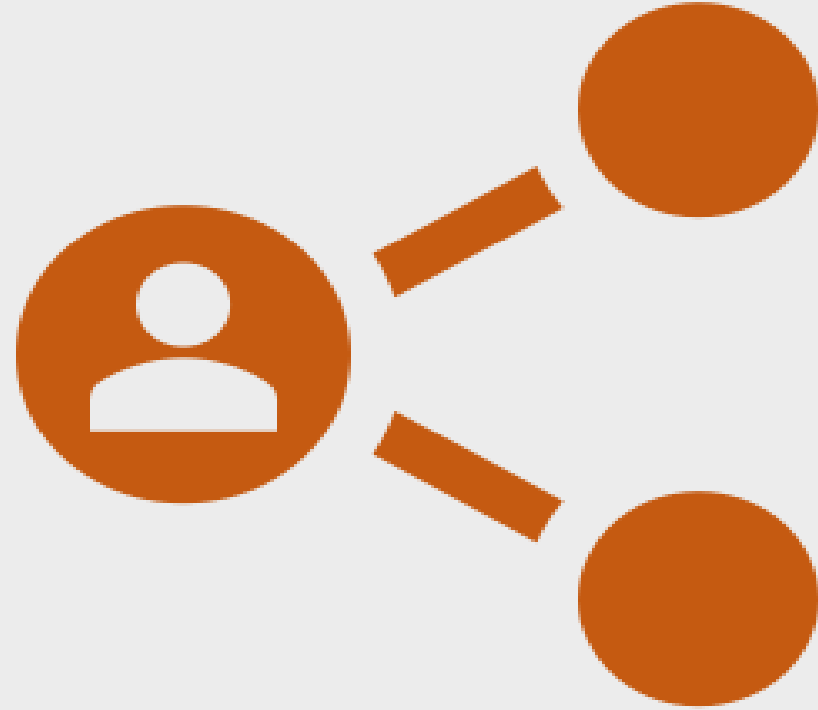


15. She knows me.

16. He promised me a great present.

17. They painted the house red.

18. He told me to leave the room.



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