

Time allowed-3 hrs. MM: 70
General instructions:
This paper is divided into four section A, B, C, D. All questions
are compulsory.
There is no overall choice. However an internal choice has been
provided in one question of three marks and two question of five
marks. provided in one question of three marks.

Question no 1 to 6 are very short answer questions carry 1 mark each.

Ouestion no 7 to 14 are very short answer questions carry 2 mark each.
Question no 15 to 25 are very short answer questions carry 3 mark each.
Question no 26 to 28 are very short answer questions carry 5 mark each.
Uses of calculators is not permitted. However, you may use log table if necessary.

Section (A)

- table if necessary.

  Section (A)

  Q.1 Presence of selectable marker is an essential feature of an ideal choning vehicle. Giver reason.

  Q.2 A, B and C are type I, type II and type III enzymes respectively. Which of these is mostly used in recombinant DNA technology and why?

  Q.3 Give the sequence of the 2 primers (5-nucleotides honor frequired to marify the following DNA sequence by PCR: (I) equired to marify the following DNA sequence by PCR: (I) S A T G C C T A G G A T C A T G G S Q A so oil microrogasism produces a novel metabolite in Nano molar concentration (nM). Suggest a way to increase its production in quantities that are economically viable. (I)

  Q.5 In assessing the effect of growth factor on animal cell culture, which phase of growth is more suitable and why? (I)

  Q.6 Given below is a list of the first 8 residues of the β-helix in myedjoboli from different organisms. Based on this information, identify the amino acids which are most (I)

  Q.6 Variable.

Population Organism	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Rabbit	A	L	R	L	M	G	P	E
Dog	A	I.	D	L	M	E	F	E
Sea Anemone	K	I	D	L	H	C	Н	E
Crab	A	1	D	L	H	C	Q	E
Rohu	A	R	R	L	M	C	Q	E
Whale.	A	F	E	L	T	G	G	E

- | American | American

- | Column | C

		protein(mg)		
1	Crude extract	10,000	1,00000	
2	Salt fraction	3000	96,000	
3	Ion exchange chromatography	400	80,000	
4	Size exclusive chromatography	330	60,000	
5	Affinity chromatography	3	45,000	

- chromatography
  (a) Which steps is the parification is most effective and why?
  (b) Which of the procedure is least reactive and why?
  (c) What is the molecular faming? Suggest any three advantages of expressing transgenic protein in the milk?
  (3)
  (2.5 Antibodies generated from hybridom atchemology differ in their specificity from antibodies raised in animals against antigen immunization. Explain?
  (2.6 Describe SNPs. Describe the possible use of this technique in medicine? Name any two disease which can be diagnosed by this technique?

  OR
  (5)
- medicine? Name any two disease which can be diagnosed by this teterinique? (5)

  What are the advantages of whole genome sequencing project? How is the gene prediction carried out in such projects using computational tool?

  2.27 Explain how cDNA microarray technique can be used to study a flowcharf for the same. OR control of the contr

- able to answer, proceed another question. Revise as many times you can Keep yourself stress free Solve previous year papers to get familiar with the questioning pattern



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